# REPORT ON THE DANISH OCEANOGRAPHICAL EXPEDITIONS 1908-1910

TO THE MEDITERRANEAN AND ADJACENT SEAS. VOL. I

JOHS. SCHMIDT:

INTRODUCTION

I.

# INTRODUCTION

BY

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## CONTENTS

		Pa	g
1.	Foreword	. :	3
11.	Vessel of the Expeditions, apparatus and methods of working	. (	6
111.	Regions investigated and narrative of the Expeditions	. 1-	4
IV.	Material collected by the Expeditions and supplementary information acquired later	. 25	2
V.	List of the Stations	. 25	5

#### I. Foreword.

The present volume contains the first report on the results of the Danish oceanographical Expeditions to the Mediterranean in the years 1908—1910. These Expeditions were not independent and isolated undertakings, they grew out of and were in every respect a direct continuation of the oceanographical investigations, which my colleagues and I had been carrying out in the North Atlantic Ocean since the year 1903 and the results of which are mainly to be found in the publications of "Kommissionen for Havundersogelser" of Copenhagen. During this work we paid equal attention to the biological and hydrographical conditions in the sea and year by year it became impressed on me, how the former were dependent on and determined by the latter. For one single group of animals we had endeavoured to ascertain the precise relation of dependence and our investigations over a wide area, which even then reached from the Polar Circle north of Iceland to Spain, had shown to how great an extent the hydrographical factors of temperature and salinity have a determinative influence on the distribution and spawning regions of the different species.

Our work on these problems in the North Atlantic during the years 1903—1907 led naturally to the desire, to find an occasion for widening and testing our results in waters which were essentially different from those we had previously investigated. For this purpose no sea near at hand seemed more suited or more inviting than the Mediterranean. Up to that time also the Mediterranean had scarcely been subjected to any thorough investigation of the kind projected and there was, further, the special desire on my part to make an investigation there in the winter time, in order to extend the investigation on the biology of the freshwater cel which I had made in the summers of 1905—1906 in the Atlantic Ocean west of Europe<sup>2</sup>. For such a winter investigation the Mediterranean seemed to me peculiarly well suited, partly because we could rely upon having better weather conditions there than in the open Atlantic and more especially, because we find there in the Straits of Messina the places, made classic by the Italian investigations of Professor Grassi, for the occurrence of the larvae of the eel and its supposed spawning grounds<sup>3</sup>.

With these aims in view I applied to the Directors of the Carlsberg Fund in the winter of 1907 and obtained the promise of pecuniary support for such a winter expedition in the Mediterranean. I first of all communicated with various companies in the Mediterranean towns with the object of hiring a steamer, but very soon gave up this plan, as I found a much better way than to use a hired vessel which was not built or arranged for such work. A vessel suited in every respect to the purpose lay already to

id: Remarks on the Metamorphosis and Distribution of the Larvac of the Eel (Anguilla vulgaris Turt.). (Meddelelser fra Kommissionen for Havundersogelser, Serie Fiskeri. Bind III, No. 3, Copenhagen 1909).

Johs. Schmidt: The Distribution of the Pelagic Fry and the Spawning Regions of the Gadoids in the North Atlantic from Iceland to Spain. (Rapports et Proces-Verhaux du Conseil International pour l'Exploration de la mer, Vol. X. No. 4, Copenhague 1909).

F John. Schmidt: Contribution to the Life-History of the Eel (Anguilla vulgaris Turt.). Rapports et Proces-Verbaux du Consell International, Vol. V. No. 4, Copenhague 1906 and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Grassi e Calaudruccio: Riproduzione e metamorfosi delle Anguille. (Giornale Italiano di Pesca ed Acquicoltora, No. 7—8, Rome 1897).

hand in the research-steamer "Thor". The "Thor" is specially equipped for oceanographical investigations. It belongs to the Danish Government and is under the control of "Kommisionen for Havundersogelser", who employ it for carrying out the investigations that fall to Denmark as participator in the International Investigations of the Northern Seas. With this vessel we had carried out the oceanographical investigations in the North Atlantic referred to above.

In the summer of 1908 I made a cruise with the "Thor" to leeland and the Færoes, but the "Kommissionen for Havundersogelser" had then no use for the ship until the next spring and there was thus time for an expedition to the Mediterranean in the winter. The Department of Agriculture gave its sanction to the use of the "Thor", free of expense, for such an expedition and also permitted both myself and the regular officers of the crew to take part in the cruise under service conditions. I then applied once more on this basis to the Carlsberg Fund. The latter voted ca. 20,000 Kroner to meet the expenses connected with the fitting out, insurance and management of the "Thor". The Expedition was thus assured and could be carried out for a much less expenditure than probably any other deep-sea expedition of the same duration.

On November 13th 1908 the "Thor" left the harbour of Copenhagen, on December 5th it passed Gibraltar, investigations being made on the way, and in the middle of the same month we began work in the Ionian Sea, which I had selected as the principal field of operations with Messina as base.

This plan was disturbed very early, however, by the great Sicilian-Calabrian earthquake of December 28th 1908, which 'destroyed Messina, and we were obliged to choose a new base. By this time also we had seen that, with the means at our disposal, we could not at this season hope for any greater results in our investigation on the biology of the freshwater eel than we had already attained to in 1906 in the North-East Atlantic. I resolved, therefore, to restrict our work no longer to the Ionian Sea and the Straits of Messina, but to lay all the more weight on our second, main task, and investigate as much of the Mediterranean as was possible with regard to the pelagic animal-life and its dependence on the hydrographical conditions. The results of the hydrographical investigations, which I had made already, contributed also to this change of plan. They seemed to me so exceedingly interesting in themselves, that they acted as a stimulus to continued work in this direction. The rest of our stay in the Mediterranean, in January and February 1909, though often broken by bad weather, was then devoted to investigations over a long series of stations in the western basin. We spent a good deal of time on the work in the Straits of Gibraltar and on both sides of this, as knowledge of the conditions at this entrance to the Mediterranean is of primary importance for the comprehension of the biological and hydrographical conditions in the Mediterranean as a whole. Biological and hydrographical investigations were made at all the more important stations, the latter by myself. As often as possible I corresponded regarding these with Mn. J. N. NIELSEN, who had taken part as hydrographer in the Atlantic cruises of the "Thor", but was unfortunately prevented from accompanying me to the Mediterranean. I took a great interest in this hydrographical work, on which more time was spent than was originally intended.

When the "Thor" returned to Copenhagen in the latter half of March 1909, the work of sorting out the biological collections was begun, and the water-samples were first investigated with regard to their chlorine and oxygen contents at the Hydrographical Laboratory and the material then handed over to Mil. NIELSEN for further elaboration.

On going through the material for the first time, it proved that our cruise had brought to light

A second and no less important advantage in using the "Thor" was, that we were in a position right from the first day to work with a proved vessel and apparatus and with a fully trained crew. It would be of great advantage, if other example and use them for scientific expeditions when not required for fishery purposes. In 1910 the Norwegian research. Sir John Murray.

many things of interest, both in biological and hydrographical regards, and that it would essentially alter the prevailing views on several points. At the same time it became more and more clear, that if we desired to obtain a picture of the occanography of the Mediterranean in any way complete - and our endeavours were directed naturally to this end - we must undertake another cruise there at a different season of the year. Every one who has attained to more than a mere superficial knowledge of the ordinary oceanographical problems, will also know how uncertain and confused the results often are when obtained from one period of the year only; to use a comparison, it is just as if we had a single, momentary glance at the surface of the sea and from that were obliged to conclude as to its appearance at other times and under other conditions. In addition to this, our winter cruise had been interrupted a good deal by had weather and the time at our disposal had not permitted us to investigate even the most important parts of this extensive and, in reality, little known sea. For these reasons I came to look upon the winter expedition as a reconnoitring cruise, which could only receive its full and due importance through another expedition in the summer, and my endeavours were now directed to the realisation of this end. No small difficulties arose but were overcome in the end and I was able to carry through my plan with the help of the same institutions as before. The Directors of the Carlsberg Fund voted 14,000 Kroner and a private person gave 10,000 Kroner towards the expenses of the Expedition, and the Department of Agriculture granted the use of the "Thor" under the same conditions as on the First Expedition.

Our Second Expedition in the Mediterranean was carried out during the period from the middle of June to the middle of September in the summer of 1910. This time Mn. Nielsen the hydrographer was able to take part in the Expedition. He had worked up the material of the winter cruise in the meantime and was thus peculiarly well prepared to grapple with the problems, we might hope to solve by this Second Expedition. As on the latter half of the First Expedition our intention was to make biological and hydrographical investigations together at each and every station, but the lines we followed were this time mainly dictated by the hydrographical requirements, which led to our investigations extending over the greater part of the Mediterranean. The Chart of the Stations Pl.1 will show, that we were successful in our plans and were able to investigate the principal parts of this great Sea, its western basin and the adjacent parts of the Atlantic even twice over, both on going and returning.

That we have been able to realize our undertaking, is due to the extremely great interest shown in it from all sides from the very beginning. On behalf of the Expedition I would first and foremost tender my most sincere thanks to the Ministry of Agriculture and the Directors of the Carlsberg Fund for the liberality with which vessel and funds were placed at our disposal, and my thanks are no less due to my colleagues of "Kommissionen for Havundersogelser", without whose assistance the Expeditions could scarcely have been carried out.

I must also gratefully acknowledge the good-will and kindness of the Ministry of Marine and the Directors of our two largest steamship companies, The United Steamship Company, Copenhagen, and The East-Asiatic Company, Copenhagen, who arranged for supplementary investigations and collections being made for us in the Mediterranean and Atlantic.

We have received a great deal of assistance from the Danish consuls in the countries round the Mediterranean, and especially from Dr. H. C. Nissen, the Danish Consul-General in Algiers, who has spared no pains to help us in various ways.

Lastly, I must acknowledge with sincere thanks the sympathy and the direct support, which our work received from the famous Oceanographical Institute in Monaco.

# II. Vessel of the Expeditions, apparatus and methods of working.

On an earlier occasion' I have given a description of the research-steamer "Thor" and of the methods used on its Atlantic cruises. This description was in Danish and for that reason I may repeat it here with some supplementary information, referring those who are acquainted with Danish to the earlier publication.

\*\*Research-steamer\*\* "Thor".

This vessel has a gross tonnage of 205 tons (75.6 net) and is of the English steam-trawler type. It was built by EDWARDS Brothers of North Shields in England and belonged earlier to a fishing company, until it was taken over by the Danish Government and adapted for marine investigations. Since 1903 it has been used in the service of the International Investigations of the Sea under the direction of "Kommissionen for Havundersogelser".

The length of the "Thor" is 35 m. (115 feet), its greatest breadth (6.5) m. (21 feet) and when the bunkers are full it draws 4.25 m. (14 feet) at the stern and 2.25 m. (8 feet) forward. It is provided with triple expansion engines, which develop 325 indicated (52 nominal) horse-power and give the vessel a speed of 8 miles per hour with a coal consumption of ca. 5 tons in the 24 hours. The engines were built in South Shields by G. T. Greev.

Below deck forward is the forecastle with berths for 10 men of the crew, then comes the store-room for the fishing-apparatus and collections etc. The mess and cabins of the scientific staff lie amidships, behind these are the coal-bunkers, which hold 70 tons of coal, the engines and lastly, right aft, the mess and cabins of the officers.

The deck-house is about 20 m. long; the front part forms the laboratory, the middle part is the engine-room and the aft part contains the galley and first-mate's cabin, with access to the engine-room and the companion down to the mess. The steering-house with chart-room is above the front part of the deck-house over the laboratory.

A life-boat is swung on each side on davits behind the funnel. The one is a motor-boat 6 m. long by 1.9 m. broad, provided with an "Alpha" petroleum motor of 2½ horse-power. This is much used in fishing with small apparatus in shallow water.

The front part of the deck-house, which as mentioned is fitted up as the laboratory, is 5.4 m. long, 2.9 m. broad and 2.10 m. high. The laboratory is arranged like an ordinary scientific laboratory with the changes rendered necessary by the conditions on board. It is lighted on each side by 5 large windows, which can be closed by iron deadlights in heavy weather, and the whole is fitted with electric light. The starboard side of the laboratory is used for the biological, the port side for the hydrographical work.

The installation of the different apparatus used can be seen from the plan, fig. LA is the trawl-winch for heaving up the larger apparatus, either over the davit on the starboard side (B) or over the davit aft on the port side (C). D is a small steam-winch, which is used for heaving up the lead or the water-bottles over the davit forward on the port side (E¹), or for heaving in the plankton-net after vertical hauls over the davit further aft (E²). The davit amidships (F) on the port side is used for hauling up the lead, water-bottle or plankton-net from shallow depths with the hand. At (G) forward on the port side is fixed a Lucas sounding-machine. This is only used as a rule over great depths to obtain exact soundings.

The trawi-winch (A), which hauls in the larger fishing-apparatus, is placed before the foremast. It is a strong winch of ca. 9 horse-power of the kind used on steam-trawlers, and was built by Good and dently of one another. Each drum can carry ca. 2000 m. wire of 3.75 cm. (141s inches) in circumference.

<sup>1</sup> Fiskerfundersogelser ved Island og Færøerne i Sommeren 1903 (Sterifter udgivne af Kommissionen for Havundersogelser, Nr. 1, København, 1904).

#### Arrangement of the apparatus for horizontal hauls.

The larger fishing apparatus, which are worked horizontally, are carried out over one of the fishing davits. The heaviest of these (fig. 1, B) is fixed on the starboard side and is used for apparatus which keep open in fishing by means of otter-boards (otter trawl and young-fish trawl). The arrangement is seen from fig. 2. The wire (B) leads from the starboard drum of the winch (A) to the horizontal block C1 in front of the laboratory and from there to the vertical block D which hangs from a strong, spiral spring of steel round the davit, the accumulator (E), and is thus movable up and down with the closing and opening of the spring. Further, the block D with the spring can be swung horizontally round the dayit. From D the warp passes upwards and round a second vertical block (F), which can only be partly seen in the figure and which is also free to swing in a horizontal direction, and from this the warp runs overboard. F is a so-called meter-wheel, that is to say, it is provided with a registering apparatus (H) so constructed, that the number of times the wheel has gone round is marked by the position of the different hands and the length of wire out can thus be read off directly. The shortness of the davit (2 m.) and the accumulator on it make the movements of the vessel in a seaway less felt by the apparatus during trawling or on heaving in. Further, when the trawl is working on the bottom in shallow water, the presence of the accumulator enables us to see, whether the apparatus is travelling evenly over the ground or not, as the least obstruction on the bottom naturally makes the spring close up.

The otter-trawl used on the "Thor" differs only in its smaller size (50-foot head-rope) from the ordinary otter-trawls used by steam-trawlers. The trawl is a wide-meshed, very pointed net with short wings and longer top-part (square) than under-part (belly); it is figured in fig. 3. Round the hindmost part, the so-called cod-end, is fastened a net with finer meshes than the rest of the trawl (see fig. 3, f); its mesh is 2.5 cm. when extended. In this way a number of the smaller animals, which would otherwise escape through the meshes of the ordinary trawl, are retained and caught. At each side of the trawl the wings are fastened to an otter-board (one of these is shown at B in fig. 4, p. 9). The boards are made of thick planks of pine (length 1.9 m., height 0.8 m.) with two long iron bolts through them; below they have heavy iron keels. The towing warps are attached by means of a shackle a little in front of the middle of the board. When the apparatus is towed through the water, the boards stand upright and tend to spread outwards and forwards owing to the trawl-warps being attached in front of their centre, and the net is in this way stretched out and held open. Where the professional trawlers use two warps, one for each board, and each board is hauled up to its own davit, one forward and one aft, the

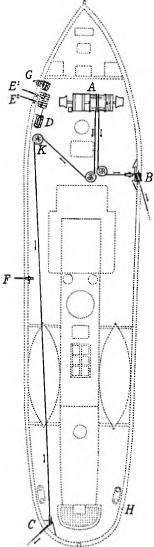


Fig. 1. Plan of the "Thor", showing the Installation of the different apparatus. A Trawl winch; the wire follows the direction of the arrows to the davits B and C, which are used for herizontal hauls. D is a small steam which used for hauling in apparatus employed for vertical hauls ease the davit. F is a davit used for vertical hauls with hand-power.

trawl-warp of the "Thor" is single in the manner used by C. G. Jon. Petersex (Report of the Danish Biological Station, VIII and XI, 1898 and 1902). Each board has its separate bridle 65 m. long and the two bridles form a crow-foot where they are shackled on to the warp. When the trawl is in the water, the warp is brought up all into a snatch-block at the side of the ship (at H in fig. 1) so as to prevent it

B

Fig. 2. Starboard davit for horizontal hauls with large apparatus (otter-trawl and young-fish-trawl).

hoards are hauled up to the davit with the accumulator (fig. 2). This arrangement greatly lightens the work of managuvring, not least in deep water or in bad weather.

The young-fish trawl constructed by C. G. J. Petersen (fig. 4) is worked in a similar manner and over the same davit. The model of youngfish trawl we have most frequently used, is a 7 m. long net with the opening 2 m. in diameter (a second model is 8.5 m. long and 3.3 m. in diameter). It is made of the so-called "stramin", a coarse canvas made of hemp, which has ca. 20 threads to 3 cm.,

and is so compact and dense that it retains even the smallest fry of lishes. The mouth of the net is attached to two poles 11 m. long and 8 cm, thick, which stand vertically during trawling and thus make the opening rectangular. By way of support strings are fastened along the four edges of the net, from the mouth to some way behind the middle. The net is open at the end and simply closed by a piece of cord. To

the ends of each pole are attached two ropes 6-7 m. long which pass to the board, one on each side, and just as with the otter-trawl the boards, which are here smaller and lighter (length 1.2 m., height 0.7 m.), keep the net stretched out in the water when fishing, though the upper and under parts are not quite taut. The young-fish trawl can be used both on the bottom and pelagically; it is best suited to the latter however and has been greatly used in this manner on our Mediterranean cruises. A great advantage is

same davit as the otter-trawl and the young-fish trawl, especially a large model with rectangular framework (1.17 by 0.27 m. opening) and that used by S. A. S. Prince Albert of Monaco and called by us <sup>1</sup> The "stramin" is obtained from Utzon's net manufactory, Copenhagen, and costs 2.25 Kr. per meter.

that it is easy to manœuvre with and can Fig. 3. Otter-frawl of the "Thor", stretched out, with boards and a part of the bridles be used even in a high sea.

Various dredges are used over the the boards, a boards, c head-rope, d ground-rope, f flue-meshed net round the cod-end, which relains the smaller animals.



the "Monaco trawl" (Bulletin de l' Institut Océanographique de Monaco, No. 162, p. 28, 1910). Our model had a length of 6 m. and its opening was 1.70 by 0.56 m. The meshes are 3 cm, when extended.

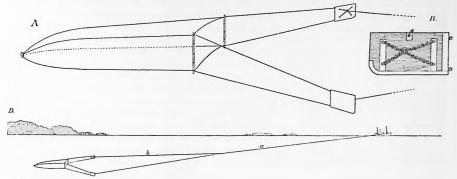


Fig. 1. Petersen's Young-fish trawl. A the bag of the net with poles, to which are uttached the ropes passing to the boards. In front to the right in the figure: Is seen a part of the bridles of the crow-foot, which are of steed-wire. If the right board, seen from the inner side. D Schematte picture of the young-fish trawl at work.

All the apparatus mentioned were towed by means of a steel-warp 3.75 cm. (1 $^{4}$ e in.) in circumference with a breaking-strain of  $7^{4}$ e tons. Of this we had about 2000 m, rolled round the starboard drum of the winch.

The apparatus hitherto mentioned are worked from the starboard side. On the port side is a different set of apparatus, used for fishing in very great depths with dredges and with large pelagic nets, e. g. ring-trawl, which will be described below. The towing-warp, which is of steel-wire 0.7 cm.(0.28 in.) in diameter with a breaking strain of 2.6 tons, has a length of 5000 m. and is rolled round the port drum of the winch. Like all the other trawl-wire used on the "Thor" it was obtained from R. J. Hewtert, Hull, England and has proved

to be excellent in all regards. As will be seen from the plan fig. 1, the wire passes from the port drum of the winch to the horizontal block in front of the middle of the laboratory (C<sup>2</sup> in fig. 2), from there almost at right angles to the horizontal block on the port side (K in fig. 1) and then aft to the davit near the stern on the port side (fig. 5 and C in fig. 1). The latter davit is 1.75 m. high and bent; as the figure shows, it has 3 blocks and an accumulator which can be turned round its vertical axis. The wire first passes round the lowermost block, which is fastened to the accumulator and with this can be swung horizontally round the davit independently of the latter. From the first the wire passes to the second block, which is fastened by a short axle to the davit and moves with this, and from there lastly to the uppermost block, on which there is a registering apparatus, and from there overboard.

The installation described is used especially for the ring-trawl, an apparatus for pelagic fishing in very great depths, when it is towed horizontally after the ship and is closed before hauling in. The ring-trawl is shown open and closed in fig. 6. The actual fishing part is a net of stramin, of the same dimensions as in the young-lish trawl, so that the same net can be used in both apparatus. The net is fastened here to an iron ring, 2 m. in diameter with a weight of ca. 35 kilos.

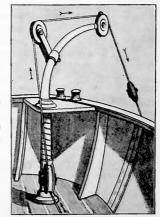


Fig. 3. Davit aft on the port side for horizon tal hauls in great depths.

The ring is not all one piece but is composed of two semicircular parts connected by joints and can thus

be folded up. The apparatus is towed in a double crowfoot with bridles 2 m. long, of the same kind of wire as the warp. The arms of the one crowfoot (a) are attached at the middle of the two semicircular halves of the ring and the upper end is fastened to the underside of a heavy, metal slip-apparatus of Nansen's model, which is shackled on to the warp. The arms of the second crowfoot (b) are made fast at the two joints of the ring and the upper end hangs loose in the movable hook of the slip-apparatus. The sinker used in releasing the slipfapparatus is of iron and 10 kilos, in weight, made hollow to reduce friction on its descent down the sloping warp.

When the sinker strikes on the slip-apparatus, the hook supporting the one crowfoot falls down and sets free the bridles, with the result that the ring folds together and the net is closed. The ring-trawl can also be used in a smaller size, the diameter of the ring being 1.3 m. The apparatus has the same fishing qualities as a young-fish trawl of the same size.

My reason for introducing this apparatus on the Mediterranean cruises of the "Thor", was that it offered certain advantages over the earlier. When the apparatus is closed, it cannot fish in the upper layers on being hauled in and there is less strain on the winch, warp and apparatus. For the same reason we can use a thinner warp and thus have room for a greater length of wire on the drum. We could thus fish in greater depths, which is of special importance in the deep Atlantic and Mediterranean. In the beginning I had the iron rings made in one piece; the sensible construction, with two semicircular halves folding together,

In addition to the ring-trawl, the port side was also used often for various bottom-dredges, both the above- mentioned rectangular model and a second, smaller dredge with triangular opening, in which the sides were 0.45 m. in length. The material of the dredges was of stramin and several bottom-samples were brought up in them.

which has come well out of its trials, is due to Capt. G. HANSEN of the "Thor".

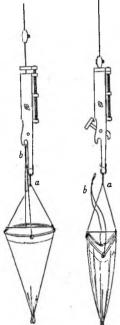
In fishing for surface-plankton and the eggs of fishes pelagic nets 1m.in diameter and of silk-gauze No. 3 were put out over the stern of the ship, when the larger, pelagic apparatus were being used. Sometimes they were towed in great depths attached to the trawl-wire. Other smaller and finer silk-nets were also used for the collection of plankton. Their dimensions and construction etc. can be seen from the list, p. 25, of the apparatus used in the investigations.

## Arrangement of the apparatus for vertical hauls.

The preceding account referred to the various apparatus used in Fig. 6. Ring-trawl of the "Thor" for horl. making horizontal hauls. In addition, there is a special arrangement for-Fig. 6. Ring-trawl of the "Thor for normal name of the port side (see the plan, fig. 1 and fig. 7), which is used for pattern, a the fixed crow-foot, b the loose paying out and heaving in the apparatus fishing vertically through the erow tool which hangs in the movable hook of the slip-upparatus when towing water. As can be seen from the figure, 7, this consists of a small winch (A) of one-half horse-power, driving 2 drums of ca. 0.7 m. in diameter (B) is sent down and the net states of the property of the appearance of the appearance of the property is drawn banding verilibration of the bulwarks is a davit 2.9 m. high, from which there hangs a round which is wound a steel wire of 3 m. in diameter 1. Opposite each

steel-spring accumulator of a similar kind to those already described. On the accumulator is suspended a block (1) and the davit bears three other blocks, suspended vertically; the lowermost and largest (2) is provided with the registering apparatus, the middle one (3) is fixed to the davit at the angle and the uppermost (4) is hung on the highest point of the davit. The figure shows how the wire from the drum passes to block 1 and then round the other blocks in turn and overboard.

In general the arrangement described is only used whilst working in fairly deep water. For use Obtained from Felten & Guilleaume, Muelhelm, Germany; breaking-strain  $1-1^{I_{\rm F}}$  tons.



which slips from the hook when the sinker is sent down and the net is then closed



in quite shallow depths, there is a smaller davit (quite 2 m, high; fig. 8) midships on the port side, on which there is a flat drum to be worked with the hand. The wire goes from the drum to the block with the registering apparatus on the highest point of the davit and then overboard.

The installations just mentioned for vertical hauls are used for making soundings, paying out and hauling in the hydrographical apparatus (water-hottles and reversible thermometers) and planktonnets, with which larger or smaller, vertical columns of water are fished through.

In shallow water soundings were made as a rule either with a hand-lead or over the davit in fig. 8, the lead being pulled in by means

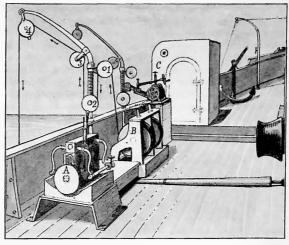


Fig. 7. The two dwifts forward on the port side for vertical hauls with steam-power. A Small steam-which which drives the drum B, on which the wire is rolled. C the position of the Lucas' Sounding-Machine.

of the band-drum. In the case of greater depths, down to ca. 2000 m., the davit in fig. 7 was used, and the lead bauled up by the small steam-winch. In this way, if a heavy lead of 20 kilos, is used, good soundings can generally be made in calm weather down to depths of ca. 2000 m., as there is a distinct jerk on the wire when the lead strikes the bottom. At greater depths the result is uncertain, as the great

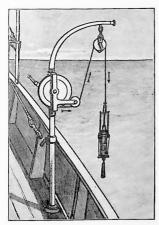


Fig. 8. Davit amidships on the port side—for vertical bauls and hanling in by hand, A waterbottle is suspended on the wire.

length of wire payed out weighs so much in proportion to the lead, and when the ship heels over in a high sea especially, reliable soundings cannot be made in this way in more than ca. 1500 m. Under such conditions we use a Lucas' sounding-machine, large model, supplied by the "Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company" London, the installation of which can be seen from the fig. 7. As the leadline here is quite thin piano-wire (ca. 1 mm. in diameter), its weight is not out of proportion to the weight of the lead; further, when the lead strikes the bottom, it is set free and remains there. This eauses such an appreciable break in the speed with which the wire is running out, that there can be no doubt when the bottom is reached. In making soundings with Lucas' machine we use as leads old cannon-balls of ca. 10 kilos, in weight, which are set free by means of a simple mechanism devised by Capt. G. HANSEN of the "Thor" and represented in fig. 9. The balls are hung in a piece of thin string with a double eye at the end (a). This is not made fast directly to the sounding-wire (c), but a second piece of thin string (b) is inserted between them, ending in a small hook, just large enough to go into the eye in the string suspending the ball. As long as the latter is travelling down through the water and keeping the wire and pieces of string taut, the hook cannot fall out, but this happens at the moment when the ball touches the bottom and the strain is taken off the line.

For the water-samples from deep water we always used the Pettersson-Nansen water-bottle, of which we had two models, the one with a propeller for closing, the other closing by means of a sinker. Further, reversible thermometers were used in connection with the water-bottle, fasiened on the wire suspending the latter. Regarding the hydrographical instruments and the mode of their use, reference may be made to Mr. J. N. Nielsen's paper in the present Volume p. 105 et seq.

On the summer cruise some investigations were made with the purpose of determining the relative transparency of the water. For this a circular, white disc of 15 cm. in diameter was used, attached to a lead-line and sunk down in the water until it could just be detected and the depth then noted. The

method of procedure has been described earlier by Dn. Ostenfeld (Report of the Danish Biological Station, XVI, 1908), who was himself on board the "Thor" and carried out these investigations.

For the vertical plankton hauls we also used, in addition to the open silk-nets which were let down to the desired depth and drawn up open, the closing nets of the NANSEN1 and APSTEIN2 pattern, chiefly the former. As the construction of these has been described in the literature and is well-known, they need not be discussed in detail here, but with regard to the dimensions as also to the other plankton apparatus used on the Expeditions, reference may be made to the list of apparatus p. 25.

Of the smallest kind of plankton, the so-called nanoplankton, which goes through the meshes of the ordinary silk-nets, we obtained some samples by filtering 10 bucketfuls of water through a net of taffeta, a specially dense kind of silk. Similarly, a Lohmann's centrifuge worked by hand was used for centrifuging and concentrating the plankton.

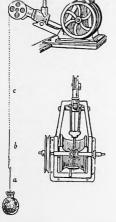


Fig. 9. Lucas' Sounding-Machine with lead and slip-apparatus.

In addition to the apparatus mentioned we also used long-lines, which were set out over the stern of the ship and brought up by means of a hauling machine on the port side, of the same kind as is used on steam-liners. The hooks used were halibut and cod hooks. When at anchor the motorboat of the "Thor" was often used for fishing in shallow water, for example, with the same dredges as used from the ship and with small hand-dredges intended for the collection of marine algae. Further, at

several anchoring places we used a Danish cel hand-seine, which was dragged over the bottom in shallow water by hand. This seine has a length of 47 m, with a seize of mesh in the bight of quite 1 cm., in the wings of quite 21/2 cm., extended, and is excellently well-suited to the capture of small fish. Lastly, our list of the apparatus used on the Expeditions comes to an end with the mention of a shrimp-net of stramin, which was sometimes employed in wading from the beach for the capture of various small

### Methods of working.

With regard to the work done at the different "stations", reference may be made to the complete record of the investigations contained in this Volume. As will be seen from this, the work at the different stations was of different kinds. The method of procedure at the deep-water sta-Due d'Orléaus: Croisière Océanographique dans la Mer du Grönland en 1905, Bruxelles, 1907, p. 121. <sup>2</sup> Apstein: Das Süsswasserplankton, Kiel & Leipzig, 1896, p. 34—37.



tions was as a rule the following. The sailing of the ship was as far as possible arranged so that the hydrographical work could be done in the day-time, the pelagic hauls at night; the latter arrangement was based on our earlier experience in the Atlantic, when we had seen on manifold occasions that far more was taken in the pelagic apparatus at night-time than in the day. When we had arrived at a station, the depth and nature of the bottom were first determined by means of the lead. Then a dredge was put out, either over the starboard or port davit, and this dredge was allowed to stay out during the whole time the hydrographical or vertical plankton investigations were in progress. The use of the dredge in this way was suggested by Mn. E. W. L. Hour of Dublin, who has practised it on the cruises of the Irish research-steamer "Helga", and I can recommend the method as very practical and useful. The vessel drifts less during the hydrographical work, as the dredge acts as an anchor and the time used for the hydrographical work is also usefully spent in another way. The hydrographical work consisted in taking a series of water-samples from different depths, recording the temperature of each, determination of the hydrogen-ion concentration and preservation of water from each sample for the determination of the amount of chlorine and oxygen later. The water-samples from very great depths were always taken up over the davit in fig. 7, but at the same time samples were often taken by hand from less depths over the davit in fig. 8. When vertical plankton hauls were to be made, this was done as a rule immediately after the hydrographical work, sometimes partly along with this, for example from the davit in fig. 8, whilst the hydrographical work was in progress from the davit F (see plan fig. 1).

After this the dredge was hauled up and the young-fish trawl or ring-trawl set out and towed after the ship for a shorter or longer time, usually 1/3 to 1 hour, the ship sailing about 2 knots in the hour. The general arrangement in this case was to take the hauls in the surface layers as far as possible in the night-time, when better results are obtained than in the day. When great depths had to be fished in, this was done as the time suited, whether in the night-time or in the day. The depths at which hauls were made, varied with the stations and according to the distribution of temperature found, but in general 25, 65, 300, 600 and 1000 m. of wire were let out, also according to circumstances 2000-4500 m. of wire. Whilst the young-fish trawl was used as a rule with no more than 200 m, wire, the ring-trawl was used at still greater depths. It is very difficult, not to say impossible to indicate exactly the depth at which the apparatus has been fishing with a given length of wire out, as the depth depends on several factors, which cannot all be determined with certainty. When not too much wire was out I have made a series of experiments by attaching to the pole of the young-fish trawl a Clausen's bathymeter', which registers the maximum depth fished in by the apparatus and can be used in depths down to 500 m. These experiments were carried out in the Skager Rak in the summer of 1907 in calm weather and it proved, that the depth in which the young-fish trawl worked with a given length of wire, was extremely dependent on the number of turns of the screw, that is, on the speed of the ship, but in general, when the speed was 2 knots per hour, we could reckon upon the apparatus fishing at a depth which was somewhat greater than half the length of wire out.

It may be remarked, that an apparatus such as the young-fish trawl, which is open when let down and hauled in, will also fish on the way up, so that the main material from deep water, in which the apparatus has fished, will be mixed to some extent with forms belonging to the upper layers passed through by the trawl on hauling in. This fact, which does not apply or only to a less degree to the ring-trawl, which is closed on hauling it in, might seem to vitiate to a great extent the estimate of the depth at which the organisms contained in the haul were really captured. From many years' experience however, I think I may safely say, that the danger of an erroneous estimate is not very great; when we compare the contents of a haul at great depths with those of the hauls in the higher layers at the same

Clausen's bathymeter is sold by the firm Cornellus Knudsen of Copenhagen. It goes under the name of Capt. C. Clausen's Control-Sea-Sounder and costs 75 Kroner without lead.

station, we obtain a good impression of the animals which might be mixed in the deep hauls as the result of the apparatus passing through the upper layers. Further, the amount of the mixed material from the upper layers will be very small in proportion to the main material from the deep water, especially when the hauls in the latter have been of considerable duration, and this was practically always the case with our deep hauls.

At the same time as the young-fish trawl or ring-trawl was being used, hauls were made with silk-nets of various fineness for the collection of plankton. These nets were set out at the stern of the ship and were generally kept in the water for 5 to 10 minutes. Further, other plankton nets were often used in the deeper layers, attached to the crowfoot of the young-fish trawl or to the warp. When the apparatus was hauled in, the pelagic contents were subjected to a preliminary examination, the fish-eggs put aside to hatch out and the quantity noted down as well as the principal forms of the haul. The contents of the young-fish trawl were as a rule emptied into a large zinc bath with water, to which was added a little strong formaline. The contents were then allowed to stand for some time before filtering and preserving in the different bottles and jars. In this way the more delicate organisms were better preserved than if the contents of the haul were at once emptied into the bottles. As preserving liquid we used mostly formaline diluted with seawater. For the bottom-samples and the microplankton, however, alcohol was always used, and this was also the case for preserving various larger plankton organisms, which were at once sorted out from the rest of the material, e. g. Pteropods and Crustacea which do not preserve well in formaline.

The pelagic investigations were everywhere considered our main work and were undertaken at all stations, just a few anchoring stations excepted. Sometimes the work at a station was concluded by making one or two hauls with the bottom-dredges or Monaco-trawl. The otter-trawl was not used in the Mediterranean though at times in the Atlantic. I should like to have had more opportunity for using the otter-trawl, but there was absolutely no time for this, as our aim was to carry through a pelagic investigation over the greater part of the Mediterranean.

## III. Regions investigated and general account of the Expeditions.

### Boundaries of the regions investigated.

The regions investigated by the Expeditions were first and foremost the Mediterranean, then also the adjacent parts of the Atlantic, the Sea of Marmora and the Black Sea (compare the Chart, p. 15).

The Mediterranean is taken here as the whole of the sea lying within the Straits of Gibrallar and outside the Dardanelles. As the different parts of this Sca often go by different names on charts and in descriptions, it is advisable and convenient to state here the names which are used in this Report and noted on the Chart fig. 10. No claim is made that the names used are better or more correct than those found in other descriptions of the Mediterranean; they are simply put forward and made definite, in order that there may be uniformity in the different parts of the Report.

The Mediterranean is divided by nature into two main portions, the western and the eastern hasin, separated by Italy—Sicily and the submarine ridge between Sicily and Tunis, where there is only a narrow channel with depths as great as 300—400 meters.

The western basin consists of the Tyrrhenian Sea and the Balcaric Sea with its border-regions, of which we may mention the Alboran Sea between the south coast of Spain and Morocco, the Catalonian Sea east of Spain, Gulf of Lyons and to the north-east the Ligurian Sea. The greater part of the western basin has a depth of between 2000 and 3000 m. Depths of over 3000 m. but not reaching to 4000 m. are



found in the whole of the centre of the Tyrrhenian Sea, whilst in the Balcarie Sea we only find areas between the Balcarie Isles and Sardinia which have over 3000 m. The principal line of connection between the Tyrrhenian and Balcarie Seas is the channel between Sardinia and Sicily, where there are depths between 1000 and 2000 m. A second connection is the narrow channel between Corsica and Capraja, where we find depths of about 400 m. On the other hand, the depth in the Straits of Bonifacio between Corsica and Sardinia is everywhere less than 200 m.

The central part of the eastern basin is the Ionian Sea, over the most of which we find depths greater than 2000 m. Towards the S. W. and S. the Ionian Sea merges into the shallow Sidra Sea, towards the N. into the Adriatic, which is also shallow. As the eastern boundary of the Ionian Sea we take a line

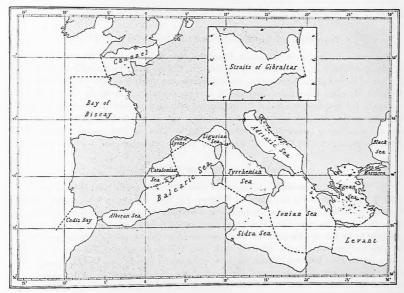


Fig. 10. Boundaries of the regions investigated.

between Barka and the S. W. point of Crete, to the east of which we call the remaining part of the Mediterranean the Levant, with the limitation that the portion of the sea, which is bounded in the S. by Morea, Crete, Scarpanto, Rhodes and Asia Minor and in the N. by the Dardanelles towards the Sea of Marmora, is called the Aegean Sea. The greatest depths of the Mediterranean are found in the eastern basin, especially in the Ionian Sea, where depths of over 4000 m. occur and where the whole of the central region has depths over 3000 m., whilst such depths only occur sporadically in the Levant over smaller areas, e.g. N. of the westernmost part of Egypt and S. E. of Rhodes. The Aegean archipelago in general has depths less than 1000 m., only in a small area not investigated by us to the N. of Crete the depths amount to a little over 2000 m.

It is a characteristic feature of the Mediterranean, that such a large part of its area is very deep. Close to the coast even we meet already the  $2000\,\mathrm{m}$ , curve, and large areas with depths of less than  $200\,\mathrm{m}$ .

such as we find for example in the North Sea, only occur at two places, in the western part of the Sidra Sea and in the Adriatic. Neither of these shallow areas have been investigated by the "Thor", as coastal investigations lay outside the province we had mapped out for ourselves in the Mediterranean.

In the Sea of Marmora the greatest depths lie between 1000 and 2000 m. and in the Black Sea at ca. 2200 m. At the Straits of Gibraltar the Mediterranean joins on to the Atlantic. Towards the latter we mark off the Straits of Gibraltar by a line drawn between Cape Trafalgar and Cape Spartel, towards the Mediterranean by a line from Gibraltar (Europa Point) to Centa.

Of the places in the Atlantic investigated by us in 1908—1910 we may note Cadiz Bay, between Gibraltar and Cape St. Vincent, and the Bay of Biscay, by which we understand the water between the north coast of Spain and the latitude of Ushant. The English Channel is bounded in the east by a line from Dover to Cap Grisnez and in the west by a line from Lands End to Ushant.

## Narrative of the Expeditions in 1908-09 and 1910.

The personnel on the Mediterranean Expeditions was for a great part the same as on the earlier cruises with the "Thor" in the Atlantic. In addition to the leader of the Expeditions the scientific staff of the "Thor" consisted of the following; on the winter cruise the planktologist Dn. Ove Paulsen, assistant at the Botanical Museum, Copenhagen, and Dn. M. Lerche, reserve-surgeon in the Danish Navy; on the summer cruise the hydrographer Mn. J. N. Nielsen, Meteorological Institute, Copenhagen, the planktologist Dn. H. C. Ostenfeld, inspector at the Botanical Museum, Copenhagen, and the chemist Mn. S. Palitzsch, assistant at the Carisberg Laboratory, Copenhagen. The navigator on both cruises was Capt. G. Hansen, who has been connected with the "Thor" since 1904, and the remaining crew consisted of 13 men.

#### Winter Expedition of 1908-1909.

The "Thor" left Copenhagen on November 13th 1908. We passed Gibraltar on the way out on December 5th 1908 and on the way home on February 21st 1909, so that our sojourn in the Mediterranean Insted about two and a half months. Investigations were carried out along the route from Copenhagen to Gibraltar; from there we proceeded to Algiers, where coal was taken in, and then on to Messina, which was intended to be the starting-point for the investigations in the Ionian Sea. These were begun on December 15th and continued in the following week there and in the Adriatic, but they were brought to a conclusion sooner than intended. Christmas week was spent in Piraeus after passing through the Corinth Canal, and from Piraeus small excursions were made to the neighbouring waters. From Greece we returned to our base at Messina, which in the meanwhile had been destroyed by the great earthquake of December 28th 1908. We arrived at Messina on January 5th 1909 and after staying 3 days left the Straits of Messina on our way northwards, to make investigations in the Tyrrhenian Sea.

The greater part of January was devoted to this Sea, though bad weather often interfered with the work. From the 8th to the 15th of January the "Thor" lay in the harbour of Naples for cleaning of the boilers and general overhaul. We then proceeded with our work in the northern part of the Tyrrhenian Sea and in the Ligurian Sea with Mentone as base. It was my intention thereafter to go southwards to the African coast west of Corsica and Sardinia, but unfortunately we only succeeded in taking two stations west of Corsica, when one of the severe storms from the W. by N., so common in this part of the Mediterranean at this time of year, set in on the 31st of January. Instead of wasting time in the open sea, waiting for an improvement in the weather, we went through the Straits of Bonifacio back to the Tyrrhenian Sea and sought for shelter along the lea of Sardinia, where at one time we lay at anchor in Piras Bay on the south-east corner of the island. As the weather improved we set off southwards, intending to make a hydrographical section of the waters between Sardinia and Tunis. Two stations were taken



and then the weather broke down again and on February 3rd we were obliged to shelter under the small island Galita off the coast of Tunis, where the time was passed in working with various fishing apparatus in shallow water on the south and east coasts of the island. On February 6th, the weather becoming better, we left our anchoring-place at Galita and completed the section. Our route then lay westward, investigations being carried out on the way off the coasts of Tunis and Algeria. From Algiers, where the "Thor" arrived on February 8th, small excursions were made in the neighbourhood, and we departed from this town on February 16th with our course still westwards. Of the work in the westernmost part of the Mediterranean I may specially mention a section from the coast of Africa near Oran to Cape Gata in Spain and a thorough investigation in the Straits of Gibraltar. From the 22nd to the 27th of February we were

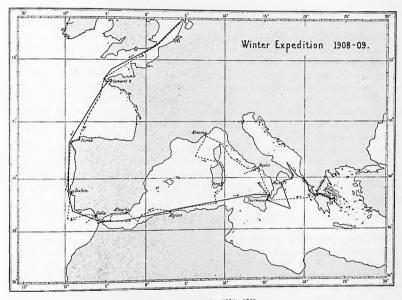


Fig. 11. Winter Cruise 1908 -1909.

Route of the "Thor" and calling ports or anchoring places. (The route outwards is indicated by a continuous line, the return voyage by a hocken line).

stationed at Cadiz and from there made excursions to various places in the Bay. Thereafter we worked our way along the west coast of the Iberian Peninsula, into the Bay of Biseay and then into the English Channel, carrying out investigations at various places on the way. On March 13th we touched at Dover and on the 18th of the same month arrived at Copenhagen, after some delay in the Belts owing to ice. The distance sailed during this cruise amounted to 8337 miles.

On the winter cruise 78 stations in all were investigated, and at many of these both biological and On the winter cruise 78 stations in all were investigated, and at many of these both biological and hydrographical work was done. By far the most of the stations lie in the western basin of the Mediter-hydrographical work was done. By far the most of the stations lie in the western basin of the Mediter-hydrographical work was done. By far the most of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the waters in the neighbourhood of Gibraltar, whilst relatively few were taken in the eastern ranean and the water few waters and the eastern ranean and the water few waters are few waters and the water few w

ratus of silk, as also the number of water-samples analyzed for the amount of chlorine, their temperature being noted at the same time, all divided into groups according to the region. Samples from the surfacewater taken between the stations are not included.

		A	
No. of	Atlantic	Western Mediterrancan	Eastern Mediterranean
Stations. Horizontal hauls with apparatus of stramin. Horizontal hauls with apparatus of silk	24 67 7	40 90 55	13 29 16 41
Water-samples analyzed	139	408	11

In addition to the investigations enumerated above, some hauls were made with the dredge both from the "Thor" and from our motor-boat, mostly however in shallow water at the anchoring-places, where also collections of the algal vegetation on the coasts were made with the hand-dredges and in other ways. At a few anchoring-places the eel hand-seine was used from the motor-boat for the capture of littoral fishes. When the opportunity presented itself, Dn. Paulsen made collections of the land-vegetation.

On returning home the water-samples were investigated at the Hydrographical Laboratory in Copenhagen. The chlorine contents were determined in all cases and also, for a smaller number of samples from depths of 600 m. and more, the amount of oxygen according to Winkler's method. The samples last-mentioned were collected at the request of Mr. J. P. Jacobsen, who in his paper in the present Volume discusses the results obtained from their examination and from the examination of the samples analyzed on the summer cruise by Mr. S. Palitzsch.

During the greater part of the cruise we were greatly troubled by bad weather, which often hindered or even interrupted our work and forced us to seek shelter wherever we could find it. In this respect we were much disappointed in the winter-season of the Mediterranean, but we must except the last portion, when the conditions were quite favourable at most of our stations off the coast of Africa and round about Gibraltar.

#### Summer Expedition of 1910.

The summer Expedition of 1910 was made in direct continuation of a cruise with the "Thor" to the Faroes, where we were carrying out fishery investigations in the month of May. The Mediterranean cruise began from Falmouth, to which the "Thor" had come on June 10th from the Faroes. The hydrographer Mn. J. N. Nielsen and the planktologist Dn. Ostenfeld joined us at this port. The "Thor" left Falmouth on the 12th of June, passed Gibraltar on June 23rd on the way out and again on September 7th on leaving the Mediterranean. Our stay in the Mediterranean itself thus lasted two and a half months or exactly the same period as during the winter cruise.

On the voyage from Falmouth to Cadiz, where a couple of days were spent, investigations were made at several stations, and just as on the winter cruise the waters on each side of Gibraltar were subjected to a very careful investigation. In the Alboran Sea, for example, we worked over the same section from Cape Gata across to Oran as in February 1909, and we then followed the coast of Africa to Algiers, where we took in coal on June 27th and proceeded further the same day. With an almost continuous spell of excellent weather we were able in the following days to make a line of investigations across the whole of the Balearic Sea from the coast of Africa to the Ligurian Sea, which we had not succeeded in doing on the winter cruise owing to the storms. On the 3rd of July we arrived at Genoa and lay in the harbour there for the cleaning of the boilers until the 9th, when we sailed southwards and worked in the Tyrrhenian Sea under quite ideal conditions as regards weather. Thereafter we investigated along three important sections, Sardinia — Sicily, Sardinia — Tunis and Tunis — Sicily, for the purpose of ascertaining

and understanding the circulation of the water between the western and castern basins and between the Balcarie and Tyrrhenian Seas.

After two days' rest in the town of Tunis and taking in coal at Malta, the "Thor" left the latter on the 21st of July and devoted the next month to the investigation of the eastern basin of the Mediterranean. As will be seen from the Chart fig. 12, we went from Malta first in the direction S. E. out into the deep Ionian basin and from there southwards right into the head of Syrtis major, where we had our southernmost station for the whole of the cruise close under the Tripolitan coast at 30° 23° N. L. On leaving Sidra we sailed further eastward along the coast of Cyrenaica and Barka with a short stay in the roads of Derna, taking stations all the way. Off the Gulf of Solum we left the African coast to make a

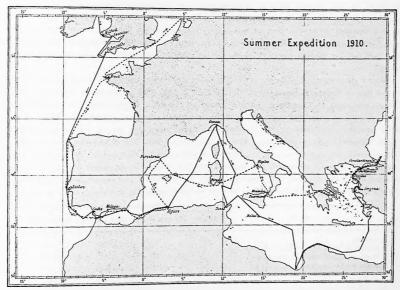


Fig. 12. Summer Cruise 1910.

Roule of the "Thor" and calling ports or anchoring places. (The route outwards is indicated by a continuous line, the return voyage by a broken line).

transverse section of the Levant, ending in the deep area S. E. of Rhodes. We then worked in the Aegean Sea and arrived at Smyrna on the 3rd of August after 13 days' uninterrupted work. On the 4th of August, after obtaining permission by telegraph to pass through the Dardanelles, we continued northwards from Smyrna, made a short stay at the island of Tenedos and went into the Sea of Marmora.

In the following week we worked here and in the Bosphorus and Black Sea with a break at Constantinople. On the 12th we passed out through the Dardanelles and again spent some days in the investigation of the Aegean Sea on the way across to Piraeus. On the 16th of August we left the Aegean Sea via the Corinth Caual; a short time was spent in the Gulf of Corinth and then we made a section across the Ionian Sea to Taormina. Here we had a coastal station as on the winter cruise and then worked in the Straits of Messina; on the 21st we passed into the Tyrrhenian Sea. We first made some investigations in the south-eastern part on the way to Naples, where we lay for a couple of days to have the

boilers cleaned, and then took a section right across the Tyrrhenian Sea to the south-eastern part of Sardinia. Here we lay for some hours on the 26th of August at the same anchoring-place in Piras Bay as we had visited on the winter cruise and did some dredging etc. in shallow water from the motor-boat, as we had visited on the winter cruise and did some dredging etc. in shallow water from the motor-boat. Thereafter we proceeded to make a line of investigations across the Balearie Sea from southern Sardinia to Barcelona, where we arrived on August 30th. On this line we crossed our earlier section over the Balearie Sea from Algiers to Genoa and our station 206 lay very near to the station 116 of June; this was of importance for the discussion of the changes which had occurred in the interval. On the way to Barcelona we passed between Minorca and Majorca and made dredgings here at a station in shallow water. After leaving Barcelona we had a series of stations in the Catalonian Sea, where we also made use of the Monaco trawl on the shallow bank in Valencia Bay. On the 2nd of September we arrived at Algiers, leaving again on the following day westward bound. We now investigated several stations off the coast of Algiers and repeated the section from Oran to Cape Gata across the Alboran Sea, so that this same section was investigated at three different times of the year. On the 7th of September we took in coal at Gibraltar and left the Mediterranean the same day to make investigations in Cadiz Bay and on the coast of Portugal.

After a short stay in Lishon the investigations were continued northwards along the coast of Portugal and in the Bay of Biscay, ending at Brest. On the 22nd of September we passed by Dover and on the 25th the "Thor" was again in Copenhagen after a voyage of 5 months, during which time 11,165 miles in all had been sailed over (from Falmouth, where the Mediterranean cruise was considered to begin, 9,019 miles). The total number of stations on the Mediterranean cruise amounted to 172, and at a large number of these both biological and hydrographical investigations were made. The distribution of the stations, hauls with stramin and silk apparatus, and the number of water-samples analyzed can be seen from the accompanying Table. It may be remarked, that the relatively few stations in the Sea of Marmora and Black Sea are included under the Eastern Mediterranean. Only the horizontal and pelagic hauls are noted and the surface-samples taken between the stations are not included under the water-samples.

No. of	Atlantic	Western Mediterranean	Eastern Mediterranean
Stations	40	79	53
Horizontal hauls with stramin apparatus	58	130	74
Horizontal hauls with silk apparatus	60	118	79
Water-samples analyzed.	179	627	325

In addition to the above we also made a considerable number of hauls with the dredge at all depths and a few hauls with the Monaco trawl, and lines with hooks were set out a few times. Further, the dredges and hand-dredges were used from the motor-boat at the anchoring-places and samples of the coastal fauna and algal flora thus collected. Lastly, when the opportunity presented itself, Dr. OSTENFELD made botanical excursions and collections of the land-vegetation.

On the summer cruise the water-samples were investigated onboard during the voyage, the chlorine titrations were made by Mr. Nielsen, the oxygen titrations by Mr. S. Palitzsch, and only a very few samples from great depths were kept till the return home, as Mr. Nielsen desired to have their chlorine contents determined with the greatest possible amount of accuracy. The result of the analysis of these samples will be found in the report by Mr. H. Bjørn-Andersen in this Volume.

In great contrast to the winter cruise our second cruise in the Mediterranean was favoured by the best possible weather. On none of our earlier cruises had we experienced such favourable conditions as on this, when a perfectly smooth surface or light breeze was the rule, wind-force of 6-7 a rarity, and we were not once bindered in our work by the weather, as was continually the

case on the winter cruise. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that we succeeded in carrying out our plans in all essentials and even found time to penetrate into the Sea of Marmora and Black Sea. This was of the greatest interest to us, as we were able to see in the most striking manner the importance of the low salinity for the composition and character of the fauna and flora.

Finally, I may give here for both of the cruises a list of the ports called at and the anchoring-place, with the dates.

Wi	nter	Cruise	e 1908-1909.		Sum	mer C	ruise 1910.
November	13th	left	Copenhagen,	April	28th	left	Copenhagen.
75	15th	arrived	Kiel.	**	29th		Frederikshavn.
**	28th	22	Camaret Bay (Brittany).	May	5th		Aberdeen.
December	51h	passed	Gibraltar.	,,	12th		Færoe Islands.
n	7th	arrived	Algiers.	June	1st	left	, ,
,,	12th	**	Messina.	27	3rd	arrived	Stornoway.
	13th	**	Taormina Roads.	,	6th		Milford Roads.
**	17th	,,	Alice Point (Calabria).		6th	27	Swansea.
	23rd	12	Navpaktos Bay (Greece).	27	10th	77	Falmouth Roads.
72	25th	27	Piraeus.	**	12th		, ,
77	31st	.,	Perane Bay (Greece).	71			Cadiz Roads.
,,	31st	77	Piraeus.	27	23rd	passed	Gibraltar.
January	5th	,,	Messina Straits.	23		arrived	Algiers.
.,	8th	,	Naples.	July	3rd	"	Genoa.
,,	23rd	,,	Mentone.	**	16th	"	Tunis.
February	2nd	,,	Piras Bay (Sardinia).	27	21st	**	Malta.
. ,,	3rd	27	Galita Island (Tunis).	August	3rd	**	Smyrna.
,,	8th	77	Algiers.	n	5th	n	Tenedos.
	19th	91	Almeria Roads.				Dardanelles.
27	21st	passed	Gibraltar.	**			Constantinople.
	22nd	arrived	Cadiz Roads.	"			Dardanelles.
March	2nd	-	Lishon.	"			Piraeus. Taormina Roads.
77	6th	17	Ferrol Roads.	Ħ	19th	,,,	
,,	13th	passed	Dover.	**	22nd	*	Naples. Piras Bay (Sardinia).
**		arrived		n	26th		Barcelona.
27	18th	12	Copenhagen.		30th		Algiers.
				September	2nd 6th	**	Malaga Roads.
				27	7th		Gibraltar.
				71	11th		Lishon.
				*	18th	- 44	Brest.
				77		passed	
							Copenhagen.
				- 17	20th	arrived	dolerning-in

# IV. Material collected by the Expeditions and supplementary information acquired later.

Importance of the material.

Regarding the importance of the hydrographical material it is superfluous to say anything at this place; I need only refer to the reports in this Volume by J. N. Nielsen, J. P. Jacobsen and S. Palitzschi. On the other hand, it may be opportune to mention the uses and importance of the biological material.

The biological collections have been made with the steadfast purpose in mind of obtaining information regarding the commonest and most important organisms; in discovering "rare" or "new" species we have taken no special interest. So far as possible, hydrographical investigations were always made in conjunction with the biological collections. We are thus in a position to determine precisely, under what conditions the organisms found have lived, a matter to which I ascribe the very greatest importance and which has been one of the leading ideas of the Expeditions. For this reason, also, we first publish here the results of the hydrographical investigations, so that their details may be accessible to the biologists who are engaged in the study of our biological material.

The first and chief importance must be ascribed to the pelagic collections, which have been obtained through systematic work over wide regions, with apparatus which we know to fish excellently well. If we exclude the larger animals which are rapid swimmers, such as the large fishes, cuttle-fish and the like, we may consider that the apparatus used fishes so well, that the hauls give a fairly correct picture of what really lives at the place and depth investigated. We are thus able to draw conclusions not only from positive hauls, that is, indicating the occurrence of this or that organism, but also from negative hauls which indicate their absence or scarcity.

Among the pelagic organisms, it is especially those occurring over and at great depths which are best represented in our collections. Our work in the coastal waters has not been sufficiently regular or extensive to permit us to think, that we have taken everything that is essential. Furthermore, there are several biological stations on the coasts of the Mediterranean, which are engaged in the study of the organisms living at the coasts, and the desire not to trespass on the work so excellently carried out from them has also contributed to my resolution to restrict our work essentially to the more open sea.

Our first endeavour is to characterize the pelagic fauna of the Mediterranean by the side of that of the Atlantic, from a comparison of the species and an investigation of how far the species common to both regions penetrate into the Mediterranean. The great difference between the Atlantic and Mediterranean in hydrographical regards is the best reason and opportunity for seeking to elucidate, what are the hydrographical factors which determine the distribution of the species.

But it is not only the horizontal distribution of the species we take into consideration, the vertical has just as much interest, and our hauls in different depths at the same station often yield good information on this point. We are indeed entitled, in seeking to form a picture of the bathymetric occurrence of a species, to proceed in the following manner, using naturally all possible caution. All the stations are picked out where the species is taken. The total number of specimens found at the same depth is then ascertained and also the total number of hours the apparatus has fished at the depth in question. The number of specimens divided by the number of hours gives then a value, which corresponds to the quantitative occurrence of the species at that depth. The same is done for all the depths in which lishing has been carried on and we thus find, in what layer of water the species mainly or only occurs. We must, naturally, take into account here the irregularities due to the fact, that an open apparatus, e.g. the young-lish trawl, also fishes when being hauled in, and such comparisons should therefore only be made with

species, which occur in fairly large numbers at the different stations. Similarly we must also remember that certain species undertake vertical wanderings in the course of the 24 hours.

In our biological investigations we endeavour to advance a step further in the direction of geographical zoology and botany, which regards the species or races as units. For the biologist the species must be split up into their different developmental stages, and we must endeavour to elucidate the occurrence of the latter and the biological conditions under which they live, just as if we were dealing with different species. We must investigate, therefore, under what hydrographical conditions the various developmental stages of a species occur and we must study both the horizontal and vertical distribution of these. With few exceptions it has hitherto been only the fishes whose life-history has been studied in this way, and it has been found, that a species during its development from egg to adult, spawning animal often displays great differences both in horizontal and vertical distribution and that the different developmental stages are often bound to definite times of the year. To make this clear, I need only recall, that many of the fishes living on the bottom, even deep-water fishes, have larval stages which live in the upper layers, that most fishes have a definite spawning-period and that the spawning-region of a fish is often quite different from and much more restricted than its region of occurrence as a whole '. It will seem quite natural that this mode of study should first and foremost be directed towards the fishes, but a similar investigation may be carried out for all the species of lower animals which live pelagically. In this direction there is much to learn and here our material can be of great use. What do we know, for example, regarding the spawing times of the lower animals, regarding the depths and places where they spawn and regarding their mode and rate of growth and age? To deal with the material in this manner, it will be necessary in many cases to carry out some preliminary work, for the purpose of distinguishing between and describing the different developmental stages of the various species, just as we have been obliged to do in the case of the fishes, especially the northern, the life-history of which has been to some extent elucidated.

### Supplementary information acquired later.

During the examination of the material, both hydrographical and biological, there sometimes arose the desire to have supplementary information on one point or other. Even though the two cruises had visited the greater part of the Mediterranean and covered both the winter and summer periods, yet there were both places and periods from which material was wanting. Through the friendly assistance of many different institutions and persons we have succeeded in obtaining additional material in several cases.

With regard to the hydrographical investigations, it was especially the question of the winter cooling of the surface-water in the central and northern part of the Balearic Sea and elsewhere, and of the concentration of the surface-water in summer etc., concerning which we desired further information. It should be mentioned, first of all, that Dr. J. Richard, Director of the Oceanographical Institute in Monaco, obtained for us 8 series of hydrographical observations at different depths in the neighbourhood of Monaco, The observations were carried out in September and October 1909 and in the spring and summer of 1910, The observations were sent us for the analysis of the chlorine and oxygen contens. Further, from a no small and samples were sent us for the analysis of the chlorine and oxygen contens. Further, from a no small number of Danish and foreign merchant-ships temperature observations and water-samples from the number of Danish and foreign merchant-ships temperature observations and water-samples from the surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been taken in the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have been the most different parts of the Mediterranean at all times of the year. The surface have al

<sup>1</sup> illustrations of this will be found in my papers cited on p. 4.

Générale Transatlantique, Paris, Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen and Oesterreichischer Lloyd, Triest. Lastly, Capt. G. Hansen of the "Thor" during a stay at Messina in the spring of 1911, made a number of vertical series of temperature observations in the Straits of Messina. A list of all these hydrographical observations will be found on p. 71 et seq.

Supplementary biological collections have also been made for us in the Mediterranean and adjacent parts of the Atlantic. They consist of horizontal hauls with nets of stramin, varying in size from 1 to 2 m. A list of these hauls is given on p. 47 in continuation of the list of the stations of the "Thor". The hauls have been made from vessels of the Royal Danish Navy, East-Asiatic Company and United Steamship Company of Copenhagen. As the same apparatus have been used as on the "Thor", the hauls are in general comparable with ours. The collections of these vessels were mainly made at the times of the year, when the "Thor" was not at work, which naturally increases their importance. The same applies to a series of collections made by Capt. G. Hansen of the "Thor" in the Straits of Messina in the spring of 1911 with a stramin net, 1 m. in diameter.

As a very important supplement to the material obtained in the Atlantic in 1908—1910 may finally be mentioned the material, which was collected on our cruises with the "Thor" in the waters west and south of the British Isles in the years 1905 and 1906. This material, which was collected in quite the same way as that of our Mediterranean cruises, is still only partially worked up and published, and may be used with great advantage in connection with the present material. The stations from these earlier years are indicated in the lists by the numbers 05 and 06.

## V. List of the Stations.

- 1. Stations taken during the "Thor" Expeditions to the Mediterranean.
  - a. Winter Expedition 1908-1909.
  - b. Summer Expedition 1910.
- 2. Stations of the "Thor" in the Atlantic S. of Ireland 1905 and 1906.
- 3. Supplementary stations of various other vessels.
  - a, in the Mediterranean.
  - b. in the Atlantic.

#### Abbreviations

Abbieviations.
O Otter-trawl, head-rope 15.25 m. (50 feet).
Y 200 Young-fish trawl, 200 cm. in diam. at opening.
Y 330 330
C 200 Ring-trawl, 200 cm. in diam at opening.
C 130 130 - 4 0 0 - 0
S 100 Stramin-net, open, conical, 100 cm. in diam. at opening.
S 150 150
S 200 200
P 100 Silk-net, open, conical, 100 cm. in diam. at opening, gauze No. 3.
P 30 20.
N 50 Nansen's closing net, 50 cm. in diam. at opening, gauze No. 20.
N30 30
A 16 Apstein's medium-sized closing net, 16 cm in diam, at opening, gauze No. 20.
T 25 Taffeta-net, oven, conical, 25 cm. in diam.
G 68 Hensen-net, 68 cm. in diam. at opening, gauze No. 3.
D1 Dredge, rectangular opening, 27 × 117 cm.
D 2 triangular opening, 45 × 45 cm.
II Hand-Dredge, 18×14 cm
As i Eel hand-seine.
Aa 2 — drift-seine-
Aa T trawl.
R Shrimp-net.
R. Ttrawl.
M Monaco-trawl, 56 × 170 cm. at opening.
t T of the water.
W White disc, 15 cm. in diam, used for determining a observations from a depth of 1000 m. up to the surface
W White disc, 15 cm. in diam., used for determining the relative transparency of the water.  W White disc, 15 cm. in diam., used for determining the relative transparency of the water.  Hydrographical observations, e. g "Hy 1000-0" = observations from a depth of 1000 m. up to the surface.
rd red. blk black sand
200750
el clay. shells.
crl coral stones
f fine. att stiff.
g gravel weed
m mud. y yellow.
oz ooze.

r..... rock.

The Danish Oceanographical Expedition.

## I. Stations taken during the "Thor" Expeditions to the Mediterranean.

## a. Winter Expedition.

Sta-	-		1			Jo.		Wir	nd	Ser	1	Temp	erature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura- tion o
lion Nr.	Date	Hour	Posi Lat. N.	tion Long.	Depth Meters	F To	Weather	Direction 0 -12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl ºl·o	S *loe	Genr	out Meters	hauli min- utes
Bangari	-		-		220000		CI	nannel a	and A	tlantic.								
1 2	u	230 a. m. 1050 a. m.	48° 14'	4°13′ 4°55′ 5°28′	94 112	# !!	Cloudy	SSW SSE	5   7   6	SW W	6-5	10°5 12°0 12°0	12°4 13°5 13°4	:	:	Y 200 Y 200 Y 200	25 65 65	30 30 30
3	<sup>23</sup> / <sub>11</sub> 08	115 p. m. 1145 n. m. 105 p. m.	45°20′	7042	> 1000	n	1	SE	2	M.	4	17°5	15°6	:	:	C 130 Y 200	1500 65	30
:		200 D. 70.	. "		n				1.5	- 11		1500	1700			Hy Y 200	1000—0 65	30
5	80 stl	915 a. m.	43010	9°30'		•	Cloudy	SSW	2	W	5	15°2 16°0	15°6 16°4			Y 200	65	30
6	3/1: 08 41: 08	960 p. m. 1045 a. m.	38°44' 37°00'	9°38'	188 85	"	Clear	ESE	3	W	5	18°0	18°0			Y 200	65	15
6		85° p. m.		7°36	>600		*	E	3	W	4	17°5	17°8			Y 200	6.5	30
							Medite	ггапеап	(East	tern Bas	in).							
9	14/12 08	10% a. m.	7amm	in faj 15°18'	21	sl.	Cloudy	ssw	2	SE	3	15°9	1509			D1	30	30
٠		1050 a.m.			7											D1	15	30
p		11% a.m. 11% a.m.			13 6-30		:					**	"			DI	22 11—47	30
,		11º a. m.			0-1/2	r.			1 :							H		110
		880 p. in.			23	st.		NW	2							DI	188	ő
10	10/29 08		37021	16°45′	> 2100		Cloudy	SSW	2	ENE	2					P 30 Y 200	Surf.	GO
	"	610 a. m.		"		"	·						1 .	"		Y 200	65	60
		800 a.m. 930 a.m.				"	*	sw	3	:		1.1°6	1002			C 130	300	30
		345 p. m.						SW	1	1	*		16°5	. "	"	Y 200 Y 200	1200	60
11	18/17 08			18°16	> 3700	*	01: 1		4	SW	3					P 30	Surf.	5
"	114.00	575 a. m.		18,16	>3100	29	Cloudy	SW	5	SW	5					Y 200 Y 200	25 65	G0 60
	*	700 a. m.						S	5	S	5				"	Y 200	300	120
		950 a. m.				"		Sby E	5	SbyE	5					Y 200	1000	180
		200 p. m.						SW	4	sw	4	16°5	16°6	21.07	38.06	Hy P 30	1500-0 Surf.	5
12	ml* 08		39°34	17°17	1060	cl.	Squally	Baffling		SE	4				"	Y 200	300	60
10		100 p. m.						SE	3							Y 200 P 30	65	30
~		216 p. 1n. 229 p. m.	1					"				- 40	**			Y 200	Surf. 1000	45
13	191 08	585 p. m.	200.424	10000	- 1000		Rain	SSE	4			13°0	14°2	**		P 100	Surf.	i õ
,,	112.00	585 p. m. 765 p. m.		11*30	> 1200		Cloudy	SSE	3	SE	4	17		"		Y 200 P 30	300 Surf.	60
-		1 820 n. m.		:		:	Rain	E S	3	000					"	Y 200	1000	CC
		1015 p. m.					rain **		4	SSE	4	1302	1404			Y 200	65	60
14	#1/1± 08	500 a.m.	11024	17045	1125	cl.	Cloudy	NE	6	NE	5				*	Y 200 Y 200	15 65	60
•		520 a. m.													-	P 30	Surf.	1 8
	*	620 a. m. 520 a. m.	1			"		ENE	6	ENE	5	1309	1307			P 100 Y 200	Surf.	i
15	22/12 08	150 a m	40004	19006	:	"	Cloudy	SE	7	O.D.	7		"	"		Y 200	1000	90
*		240 a. m. 520 a. m.	44		*		· ·	J .		SE	4				"	Y 200	65	GC
u	1	800 a. m.	1 :		1000	cl.									"	Y 200 Y 200	25 1400	60
*		11∞ a. m.	1 .											is	tr.	Ŷ 200	1400	60
16	22/12 08	835 p. m.	39934	90901	70		Cl	n n				15°6	15°2	**		Hy	950-0	
		860 p. m.		-> 01	1		Cloudy	ESE	4	ESE	2	13°8	15°0		,,	P 30 Y 200	Surf. 65	30
17	30/19 08			92997	EE.									"		P 100	Surf.	5
	1	230 p. m.		40-21	55	s. sh.	Cloudy	SE	4	SE	2	16°0	15°5			P 30 D 1	Surf.	10
18	30Jin 08	410 p. m.		02014	19											DI	115	10
	111 00	442 b. m.	91-01	25°14	220	cl,	Rain	NW	4	NW	3				*	P 30	Surf.	ō
•		510 p. m.	1				Squally	:								DI	380	10
							,					n				Di	350	30

ion	Date	Hour	Posi		Depth	lature of bottom	Weather	Win	nd	Se		Temp	crature	Sur	face		Wire	Dur
Nr.	and the same		Lat. N.	Long. E.	Meters	Nature botton	weather	Direction	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force	Air	Sur-	Cl %	Salan	Gear	out Meters	tion haut mi uto
18	30/12 08	700 p. m.	37°51'	23°14′	220	cl,	S11		1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	,
10	"	830 p. m.	. "	IJ	tr .	n n	Squally Rain	N.M.	4	NW	3	16°0	15°5			Y 200	25	6
	* 1	959 p. m.	11			Tr.					-	14°5	1502	21.26	38.40	Hy	200-0	
		9 <sup>35</sup> p. m.	"				-		1							Y 200		- 6
	2		Peran	e Bay							"					P 100 P 30	Surf.	
19	31/12 ()8	800 a. m.	37°54	23°20	11	st,	Cloudy	Calm		SSE	1		1					
		900 a. m.	**	24	1				0	.501	1 .					DI	17	1 .
		930 a. m.		19	6-7	S.		SE	1	SE	i			"		H		:
	. "	10°0 a, m.		**	6-7	st.					1 .					D1 D1	15 11	1
	"	10 <sup>36</sup> a. m. 11 <sup>36</sup> a. m.		**	19	cl.						*	4			H		1
20	\$1,09	31º a. m.	37018			CI,	Cloudy	NNE		Dann.			*			D I	60	
	11,00				1000		1		4	ENE	4	11°0	15°1			Y 200 P 100	25	
**	"	320 a, m.	1	"	"											P30	Surf. Surf.	:
2]	21, 09	11 <sup>59</sup> p, m.	37°51′	15°21′	> 500	~	Clear	NNW	1	NE	2	11°6	15°4			Y 200		:
							Medite	гапеап	(Wes	tern Ba	sin).							
2	7/1 09	869 p. m.	38°50′	15°18	> 750		Cloudy	Calm		0	; 6	12°8	14°7			Y 200	25	1 3
		815 p. m.					1 .			1			-			Y 200		:
00					1	-	col .	197		W			1400		1	P30	Surf.	1 3
23	16/1 00	1160 p. m.	10*34	15°24	>1800		Cloudy	W	2	W	Swell	16°8	1400		"	Y 200 P 100	Surf.	
**	**					*			*	"						P 30	Surf.	1
24	16/1 09	7⁵ a. m.	40°14'	12°23	>3700		Cloudy	NW	2	WSW	Swell				49	Y200	65	1 3
*		900 a. m.	. "	**	. "											Y 200 C 130	3000 3000	1
#		11-" a. m.		"	"	**					:	"				Y 200	600	i
4		210 p. m. 550 p. m.	11				. "					13°3	14°15	21.00	37.94	Hy	2130 - 0	6
,,	"	910 p. m.			"		,	NNW	1	WSW	4					7 200	300	1 3
		1099 p. m.	1 "	,,												Y 200 Y 200	25	24
11	"	11115 p. m.	1 9										1 "	:	:	Y 200	1600 65	1:
Ŋ	17/1 09	450 a. m.		*						"				100		Y 200	300	12
		716 a. m.		"								"				P 30 Y 200	Surf. 65	3
25	17], 09	440 p. m.	40°34′	13°24	>1800		Clear	NNW	6	NW	5	14°3	1400		-	P 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	
4		450 p. m.		47					*			:			-	Y 200	300	6
tr		5" p. m.	**	To.				NE	5	NE	2					Y 200 Y 200	65	6
26	18/1 09	015 a. m.	40°40	13°59			Clear	AL				904	1403			Y 200	300	6
"	101 00	215 a. m.				,,		N	3	N	3	(00)	1102			Y 200	150 25	18
"	12/1 09	050 a. m.	, "						2		2	908	14°3			Y 200 Y 200	300	18
	1	420 a. m.														P30 Y 200	Surf	
**		640 a. m.		"			1	Е	2	E	2	8°6	13°3		υ	Y 200	200	3
27	10/1 09	045 p. m.	40°58	′ 13°49	90	cl.	Cloudy		1			- 4	и		-	Y 200 P 30	130 Surf.	3
*		300 p. m.					tr.		"		1.5				-	P 100	Surf.	
										NE	2	-				· Y 200	25	18
11	20/1 09	310 p. m. 230 a. m.			1 .			NE	3				*			Y 200 Y 200	1000	12
		tive a. Di.		*			01 . 7-	Ë	3	E	2	80.1	13°2			Y 200	100	3
28	11.00			13°43		m.	Cloudy				1:					Y 200 Y 200	25	6
		1540 D III				"				:	4					Y 200	200	3
"	"	1 430 D. ID.							4						-	Y 200 Y 200	100 65	12
		900 p. m. 1000 p. m.							1						"	P 30	Surf.	1-
		1180 p. m.									1.					Y 200	1650	G
29		1			1	cl.	Cloudy	NW	1	N.M.	2					P30 P100	Surf.	
	1,700	215 p. m.		12°55	1550		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								"	Y 200	200	ti
te	1 10	400 p- m.			*		"					9°6	1402			Y 200	65	3
"		1 720 p m.		W		11		Calm								Y 200 Y 200	600	(
N N	"			**				N.W.	3	N.M.	-1	906	1306	21.03	37.99	Y 200	300	6
30	21/1 09	930 p. m. 530 a. m.	11016	11955	>1800		Cloudy	1 1				100		1		Hy	1800 - 0	
		710 a. m.	41,10	11.00	"				1 .				*	01.00	20101	P30	Surf.	:
		800 a. m.							1	NNE	4	8°6	13°0	21,06	38.01	riy	1400-0	
		o~ a. m.		11		i	Cloudy	NE	4	21-12	1							,

Sta-	Date	Hour	Posit	ion	Depth	lature of bottom	Weather	Wir		Sea			erature	Sur	rface		Wire	Dur
Nr.	Bate		Lat. N.	Long.	Meters	Nature	reather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force	Air	Sur-	Cl º/on	S "In	Gear	out Meters	haul min ute
45 46	7/2 09 7/2 09	0°5 a.m. 4°° p.m.	37°28' 37°17'	8°18′ 6°00′	> 2150 > 1930	S.	Cloudy Cloudy	NW.	4 2	NW NNE	5	13°4	14°0	20.48	37.00	P 100	Surf.	5
		6 <sup>55</sup> p. m.	н	u	"		•				4	13°5	1402	20.44	36.92	Hy Y 200	1900 - 0	30
		646 p. m. 730 p. m.		**			*									P 30 P 100	Surf.	5
"	"	gen p. m.	37009	1001	,,			:	:			п				Y 200 Y 200	300 65	30
6 a   47	8/2 09	6 <sup>15</sup> p. m. 6 <sup>16</sup> p. m.		3°12	> 2000 > 2000		Cloudy	NE W by N	3	WNW	6	1408	14°5	20.35		Hy	-2000 - 0	
"	1ul= ()8	1020 p. m.						03 11	. *	11 24 11	1 "	14-0	14-5	20.55	36.76	Hy Y 200	2000~-0 65	30
48	11/2 09	11° p. m. p. m.	Algiers I	larbour	0-1	st.	Bain.	NNW	6	ō	ő			"	"	Y 200 H	300	30
19	16   2 09	140 p. m.	36°55′	2°16′	> 2000		Squally	N	2	NE	4	1209	1404		,	P 30	Surf.	
50	10/2 09	1100 p. m.	37°02	1°17′	> 2000		Clear	w	3	<i>M</i> .	3	1208	1304	20.70	37.39	P 100	Surf. 2000 - 0	1
	17/2 09	120 a. m.	u u	H			:					*				Y 200 Y 200	25	30
"	"	2" a. m.		tr.		"			:		1:			:		Y200	300	30
	"	3º5 a. 10.	"	"												Y 200 P 30	300 Surf.	30
*	"	310 n. m.		"	"	*		0	"					*		P 100	Surf.	1 8
	**	110 a.m. 520 a.m.						:		:						Y 200 Y 200	600 1600	30
"		1		w	-			1100		Hen	1	100-	1400	20.31	36.69	Ну	2000-0	
51	16/2 09	11° p. m. 0% a. m.	36°27'	0037	> 2000	"	Clear	ESE	3	ESE "	3	12°5	14°0	70.31	30.03	Y 200	300	31
	1200			"												P 100 P 30	Surf.	-
52	18/2 09	7º5 a, m.	35°55′		> 2000		Cloudy	sw	3	SW	3		, b	W 00	00.00	Y 200	300	: 10
	"	800 a. m.	"	"				*				17°5	14°35	20.30	36.67	P 100	2000 - 0 Surf.	1
*		1059 a. m.				u			*	22.01		1005	13°87	20.62	37.25	P30	Surf. 1500-0	
53	16/4 03	366 p. m.	36°13'		> 2000		Cloudy	NE	3	NE	3	15°5	19-91	20.02	81.20	C 200	2600	90
"	"	515 p. m.		"												P 100 P 30	Surf.	-
	"	550 p. m.	00000	1024	1450	cl.	Clear	NE	4	NE	4	13°5	13°5	20.75	37.48		1400 0 25	
54 55	16/2 09 19/2 09	166 a. m. 600 a. m.	36°30'		75	cl. s.	Misty	NE	6	NE	1	12°5	13°6	:	:	Y 200	65	60
h	**	710 a. m.														P 100 P 30	Surf.	3
	*	809 a. m.		**			"	E	1	E	1	14°8	13°5			D 1	16 hauls	
56 57	19/2 09	р. ш.	Almer	ia Bay	12 105	cl. st.	Cloudy	N	2	Е	2	13°2	13°8			Y 200 Y 200	25 200	30
"	CO e102	5 <sup>15</sup> a. m. 6 <sup>35</sup> a. m.	36°40′	3"30	100											P 100 P 30	Surf.	Ę
		645 a. m.		,,					2	s	2	16°5	13°65	20.37	36.80	Hy	Surf. 75—0	ā
58	2012 09	100 p. m.	36°36′	4°24′	85	ın.	Cloudy	SSW						4		Y 200 P 30	100 Surf.	30
ir	*	200 p. in.	#	**	, ,,											P 100 Y 200	Surf.	30
*	"	216 p. m.		"						211	5	14°0	1405	20.17	36.44	Hy.	65 12400	
59	20/2 09	300 p. m. 1000 p. m.	36°02"	4021	1260	т.	Clear	SE	5	SE	0	110				Y 200 P 30	25 Surf.	30
	21/2 09	010 p.m.	30 02											"		P 100	Surf.	5
	1203	115 a. m.						:					:		4	Y 200 Y 200	100 500	30
		. 100 a. m.	"							:						Y 200	1200 850-0	Œ
"		1 to a. m. 2 to a. m.	"	"			(1)}	ESE	6	ESE	6	1806	1405	20.18	36.15	Hy P 100	Surf.	ē
GO	21/2 09	1000 a.m.	36°02′	5016	900	s. cl.	Cloudy					*	11005	20.21	36.51	P 30 Hy	Surf. 700 -0	£
H	,	1120 a. m.					Claudy	ESE	6	ESE	4	18°0	1.1,69	20.21	W.01	Y 200	600	60
61	21/2 09	100 p. m.	35°57′	5°35′	7.10	st.	Cloudy									P 100 P 30	Surf. Surf.	5
		325 p. m. 330 p. m.		"	. "						1		1.					

Stn-						70 0		Win	d	Ser		Temp	ernture	Sur	face		Wire	Duro tion
ion Nr.	Date	Hour	Pos Lat. N.	ition Long. E,	Depth Meters	Nature o bollom	Weather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur-	C1 º100	Soleo	Gear	Meters	hauli min utes
31	22/1 00	1º0 a. m.	41°44'	10°52′	1420	el.	Cloudy	NE	4	NNE	1	8°6	13°0	21.06	38.04	Y 200 Y 200	1400 600	60 30
		300 a. m.													"	P 30	Surf.	5
		315 a. m.													**	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 200	30
		350 a.m.					•			"	:	"				¥ 200	65	30
32	22/109	4 <sup>50</sup> a. m. 2 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	12045	9°50'	640	cl.	Clear	NE	3	NE	3	12°5	13°7	20.99	37.92	Hy	600 -0	
	4	300 p. m.											*			P 100 T 25	Surf. Surf.	
33	22/109	4 <sup>∞</sup> p. m.	43°04'	9°35′	150	cl.	Cloudy	Е	3	E	1	9°1	13°0	21.08	38.08	Hy	140-0	-
		650 p. m.							•				"	*		Y 200 P 100	65 Surf.	3
															"	P 30	Surf.	
14	95/109	455 a.m.	43°27	8°16′	>2000		Cloudy	NE	5	NE	5	900	. 13°0			Y 200	25	3
	*	550 a.m. 685 a.m.	:	:			:	:	6		6		0			Y 200 Y 200	65 200	30
	**	700 a m			.,											P 100	Surf,	1
35	581 1 09	600 p. m. 910 p. in.	43°36	7°36′	>2000		Rain	ENE	6	E	6	1105	12°8		38.04	Hy Y 200	2000-0 300	12
	≈1, 09	1135 a.m.		*		:	Clear	wsw	4	sw	2			"	"	Y 200	1600	12
" ;					100			W								S 100	1000	12
								to to				tt				S 100 P 30	700 Surf.	12
*	*	1180 a.m.		*				**		*						P 100	Surf.	
	:	345 a. in, 640 a. m.	:	:		:	:	SW	3						tr	C 200 Y 200	2500	9
		765 a m								"						Y 200	200 100	G
		910 a. m.					b	*								Y 200	25	()
3G	<sup>20</sup> / <sub>1</sub> 09		42°49'	6°51'	>2000		Clear	WSW	4	WSW	4	10°6	12°4		"	Y 200 P 30	G5 Surf.	G
37	10 log	600 a.m. 500 p.m.	11°56	6°18	>2600		Misty	****	5		5					Y 200	300	c
38	81/1 (10)	650 p. m.	10°45	9°50	105		Cloudy	W by N W by N	7	NW W	7	10°5	12°4		38.24		2000-0	
		710 p. m.														Y 200 Y 200	65 2 <b>ō</b>	30
		720 p. m.									. 1					P 30	Surf.	1 4
		8 <sup>20</sup> p. m. 9 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	*									17	. P	-		P 100 Y 200	Surf. 150	3
39	1/2 09	5 a. m.	39941	10°02	1750	cl.	Cloudy	w.w.	4	Ň		10°0	12°8	21.15	38.21	Hy	100-0	
•		G <sup>ro</sup> a.m.						"	12	N	3				н	Y 200 Y 200	25	6
•		7 <sup>10</sup> a. 1n.												2	"	Y 200	65 300	G
"		750 a. m.			**								"	. "	tı	P 30	Surf.	1
:		960 a, m. 030 p. m.		:	:							1102	13°2	21 02	37.97	P 100	Surf. 1700—0	
10	1/1 09		39°10'	9°40′	235	m.	Squally	WNW	6	w	3	9°8		tr		Y 200	1000	12
		950 p. m.						"	"		. "	9-8	13°2	20.99	37.92	Hy	230-0	3
11	81.40	949 p. m.		rı											"	¥ 200 P 100	65 Surf.	3
	1 09	a. m. 215 p. m.	lins la 39°10′	, Sarlina 9°35	19	s.	Cloudy	NNW	8	NW	2		"			P 30	Surf.	
		20 p. m.			8-11	st.	"						n n		0	D1	8 hauls 25	3
:	:	3 <sup>10</sup> p. m. 4 <sup>10</sup> p. m.	:	*	0-1					"						Бi	25	3
12					0-1	*						7	10	#	"	H	*	3
	<sup>2</sup> / <sub>9</sub> 09	4 p. m.	38°55	9°37	1120	cl.	Clear	NE	4	NE	4	."			"	R		3
•		940 p. m.							,			11°0	13°3	20.94	37.83	Hy	1000 - 0	1
13	3/, 09	920 p. m. 615 a. m.	20014								11					Y 200 P 30	300 Surf.	3
	*	700 a. m.	38°14′	8°42	>2000	cL	Clear	NW	5	NW	5	tr				P 100	Surf.	
14	1/2 00	a.m.	Seath rea	at of Galila	25	ş.	Cloudy	WNW				1302	1308	20.69	37.38	Y 200	65	3
		p. m.	37°31′	8°57	8 - 25 0-1	4.			9	W	3			11	91.00	DI	1950-0 5 hauls	
	1, (19	a.m.		al of Galda	17	wd.	1 1	NW		**			1:			D1	7 hauls	
	61,09	p.m. a.m.		:	9-17 17			*	8	SW	Swell	"				H D1	8 hauls	
45	ale 09	1 899 n m	37°28	8°18	>2150	"	Cloudy	WW	7	**						D1	'12 hauls	
	71.00	11.5 p. tn.		te	tr .		Cloudy	NW.	4	NW	5	1304	14°0	20.49	37.00	Aa	8 hauls	
•	11:09	015 a. m.			*	b							"	20.40	31.00	Hy Y 200	12000—0 1 300	30
					1	1	1	1	. "					4		Y 200 P 30	65 Surf.	3

ta-					- 1	Jo .		Win	d	Sea		Temp	erature	Sur	face	Contr	Wire	Dur tion
on dr.	Date	Hour	Posi Lat. N.	tion Long. W.	Depth Meters	Nature hottom	Weather		Force 0 -12	Direction 0-12	Force 012	Air	Sur- face	Cl %/00	S "100	Gear	out Meters	hau ini ute
- Commo		in age to 1 ton			- makes to			Atla	antic.									
2 ;	21/2 (19	6∾ p. m.	33945	5°59′	1 58	st. sh.	Cloudy	ESE	6	ESE	3	14°2	14°9	20.11	36.33	Hy	500	19
-	12 (-1.	8 <sup>20</sup> p. m.			,						*	,	-		u	Y 200 P 30	100 Surf.	3
	,,	840 p. m.	,										tr		u	P 100	Surf.	
		Otto n m		40000			01 1	ESE	7	ESE	6	1400	14°95	20.08	36.27	Y 200 Hy	$\frac{25}{475-0}$	. 8
3	**1° 00	1150 p. m. 005 a. m.	35°50'	6.6K3.	490	st.	Cloudy	r.sr.	. 1	ESE.		"	"			Y 200	25	3
i	ly .	1 to a. m.	and the state of t	CO. W.	****	"		11010	5	ESE	4		.0	-		Y 200 Y 200	600 25	1
1	411° 00	818 a. m.	*	6°26	40	m.	Overeast	ESE		ESE						Y 200	80	i
		900 a. m.	. 17		"									, "		P 30 P 100	Surf.	
		9 <sup>16</sup> a. ni. 9 <sup>36</sup> p. in.										14°5	1400	20.05	36.22	Hy	Surf. 400	
5 1	21/2 00			7026	1300	m.	Squally	W	4	W	4		"		"	Hy Y 200	25	- 1
	:	650 a. m. 745 a. m.								:						Y 200 Y 200	65 300	12
1		10 <sup>22</sup> a. m.		P	"							"				Y 200	600	15
	~	()50 p. m. 4∞ p. m.			1	:						16°0	15°78	20.13	36.36	Y 200	1600 1250-0	32
		610 n m									"	10.0	19, 19	20.15	10.00	Y 200		
3	20/2 (19	1º5 a. m. 1º3 a. m.	36°16′	6°52	735	8.	Cloudy	N	3	N	4		*			Y 200	25	. :
		1 255 a. m.					:				4		"	"		Y 200 Y 200	65 300	1;
	*	5 <sup>15</sup> a m. 7 <sup>60</sup> a m.			•	:					,,		,,		Te.	Y 200	600	1
		850 n. m.	1 "								"	15°2	14°8	20.07	36.26	Hy Y 200	700-0 1200	1:
1	22/2 ()9	p. m.	Cadiz	Dood	"G		(1)			н	"				"	P 30	Surf.	1.
-	**		O. E. 1	lariser 7°21'	0-1	s. in.	Cloudy	ESE	8	0	"		*		*	D1	Shauls	
3	4117 (16)	5% p. m. 5% p. m.			550	m.	Clear	ENE	2	SE	2	14°2	1408	20.06	36.24	H	535-0	
		7™ p. m.					"									Y200	800	
9 1	aw)* 061	3° p. m.	36°13'	0011	>3500	. "									"	Y 200 P 30	65 Surf.	
	9	5 p. m.	00 10	3-11	>3500		Cloudy	NNW	4	NW	5		**			Ŷ 200	300	:
		633 p. m. 950 p. m.		"	~					,		15°0	14°79	20.07	36.26	Hy C 200	2000-0	
		1013 n. m				:	:								4	Y 200	3000 600	
	"	1149 p. m.							:		"	*	**		o	Y 200 Y 200	65	1 .
*	175 09	(3) a. m.													4	Y 200	200 25	
1	4 <sub>17</sub> 09 4 <sub>5</sub> 09	9 <sup>co</sup> a. m. 1 <sup>co</sup> p. m.	39°06′ 39°35′	9°47'		st.	Squally	NW	3	NNW	3	13°4	7.405		"	P 30	Surf.	
		100 p. m.	*	9°45′	>1300		Squally	NW.	3	NNW	3	9°G	14°5 12°76	19.81	35.84	Y 200 Hy	65 11150-0	1
٧		b. m.		tr	"								"		"	Y 200 Y 200	1600	L
		10% 5 10	, ,,								"				. 11	Y 200 Y 200	600	1
,	:12 (6)	0% a. m.	1 2 .			"	"		:		"				,,	Y 200	300 65	1
-	el= 08	350 p. m.	13°16	S°11'	180	s. sh.		NNW	8	NW	1	"				Y 200	25	[
1	*15 09	10% p. m. 10% p. m.	44°21′	7°55′	>3000	-	Hain Overcast	W.	3 2	NW	6	9°3	1108		4	D 1 Y 200	5 hauls 65	
,	₹ 09					4				NW	G	1004	1105	19.72	35.62	Hy	1150 0	
		150 a. m. 210 a. m.	*			"							"	"		Y 200 Y 200	300 600	
5	°/2 00	145 To 100	45°37	7003	>4000	v	. "					ы	fr		"	Y 200	65	
		3 10 m	. "		"	"	Cloudy	N.M.	1	NW	5	**			lt .	Y 200	25	
	- 2	639 p. in. 745 p. m.	"	4							*	10°00	1104	19.71	35.61	C 200 Hy	4300 11500	1:
		D'a to m	1 4				Squally	SE	1		**					Y 200	GUO	111
6	101,09	1015 p. m. 1150 a. m.	47°01'	5040	>1200	q	-			*		"			"	Y 200 Y 200	300 65	
		115 p. m.		n 20	>1200	lr D	Cloudy	NE	3	NW	5			"	'n	Y 200	25	١.
	:	4 <sup>60</sup> n. m		*		u			*							Y 200 Y 200	300	
,		605 p. m			:					:	:	0000	10	. 0		Y 200	1600	
7	115.09	715 p. m. 315 p. m.	48947	4045	100							9°00	10°78	19.66	35.52	Hv	1150 - 0	1
8	13/1 09	35 p. m.	21c01.	1°35′£	100 49		Cloudy	E	4	ENE	5			**	**	Y 200 Y 200	65 25	
					1		Cloudy	N	3	ENE	4	8°0	8°8 3°2			Y 200	65	

## b. Summer Expedition.

ta-	Date	Hour	Posi	tion	Depth	re of	Weather	Win	d	Sea		Temp	rature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura
on dr.	Tynte		Lat. N.	Long. W.	Meters	Nature o bottom	weather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force	Air	Sur-	CJ "m	S "lan	Gear	out Meters	haul min ute
								Atl	antic.	-	-	1 25mm	unroy s	-	-300	-	-	-
19	13 10	Sto a. m.	47°30'	6°43′	> 150		Cloudy	NNW	3	1 NW	7	17°5	12000	- 10.13	005	******		
80	13/6 10	8 <sup>15</sup> a. m. 7 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	46°17′	7031	>4000		Clare					11-0	13090	19.58	35.37	Y 200 P 100		1:
	# 1810	110% p. m.	**		1000		Clear	0		W	3	15°0	15°41	19.69	35.57	Hy	2000-C	18
	11	III D III	**	"	"		ь			:	:				:	Y 200 P 100	Surf.	3
		10 <sup>16</sup> p. m. 11 <sup>50</sup> p. m.		"	"	"										Y 200	300	3
1	15/a 10	4º6 p. m.	41°32	9°32	2140	s.m.	Clauda	0	*							Y 200 Y 200	25 300	3
1	[n I()		11 02	5 02	2110	S- III.	Cloudy	0		N	3					N 30	100	3
	"	4 <sup>105</sup> p. m. 4 <sup>10</sup> p. m.	**													P 100 N 30	Surf.	1
		450 p. m.	**	"	"											Y 200	500	3
2	10/0 10	6 <sup>(a)</sup> p. m. 4 <sup>(4)</sup> a. m.	40°47	9029	>1000		Overcast	Ö		Ň	3	19°0 20°5	17094	19.61	35.43	Hy T 25	2000-0	
3	10/a 10	0°0 p. m.	39°16'	9°26	> 100		Clear	Ö		N	2	20°5	15°85 17°68		35.39 35.46	T25	Surf.	
1	10/2 10	335 D. m.	39°22	9°23	30	st.	Clear	1.	2	M.	1					Y 200	55	3
		350 p. m. 420 p. m.				"		:	:	1 :	:	2200	17°0	19.74	35.66	P 100 Hy	Surf. 28-0	
n i	"	516 p. m.	1 "												"	Y 200	45	3
5	17/s 10	200 a. m.	38°22'	9°28	> 700		Clear	0		JI.	1	18°0	16°75	19.70	35,59	Y 200 N 30	65 Surf.	1
		205 a. m.		b	le le				u							: P 100	Surf.	1
6	17/a 10	11 to a. m.	37°22	9°15′			Misty	NE	1	WNW	1 3	20°5	17°98		35.90 35.84	P 30	Surf. 1500-0	10
7	m/a 10	130 p. m.	37°03	9°15′	1580	sL.	Clear	N by W	1	11 25 11		-00		10.1-1	00.04	Y 200	300	- 3
		400 p. m. 400 p. m.	"													N 30 Y 200	245 65	3
*	**	449 D III			*					"	:	:	:	"		P 100		i
8	17/3 10	4 <sup>45</sup> p. m. 9 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	36°46	8°48	> 300	"	Clear	N	4	N	3	19°5	18°62		36.38	P 30	Surf.	10
9	16/0 10	1" a. 111.	36°28			m.	Clear	NNE	2	N	3	18°0	18°98	20.14	36.38	Hy Y 200	1250—0 65	1
*		300 a. m.	"		*	"		1 :								Y 200	300	3
.,	-	3 <sup>25</sup> a.m. 3 <sup>50</sup> a.m.		"		"					. *	n				P 100 Y 200	Surf. 1000	3
		410 a. m.		**				ENE	4	ENE	3	2105	19°45		36.12	P 30	Surf.	
0	18/6 10	. S <sup>15</sup> a. m.	36°10	7°53 7°26	>1000 $1225$	n).	Clear	E by S	6	E by S	ß	2200	19°08	. 20.19	36.47	Hy Y 200	1200 - 0 $1600$	12 6
		3% p. m.	35°53		1220											N 30	Surf.	1
r		5º5 p. m.		**												P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	1
te te		5 <sup>36</sup> p. m. 6 <sup>55</sup> p. m.	"	"	7					EbyS	6	20°5	18°01	20.04	36.20	Y 200	65	3
2	10 10 10	30 a. m.	36°16	6°50	> 500		Clear	E by S	6	r. D) G						P 100	Surf. 750-0	1
**		3 n. in.	**		COE									10.05	DC AL	Y 200	50	3
3		4 <sup>45</sup> a m.	"		775		Clear	0		W by S	2	19°0	19°14	19.96	36.04	N 30 P 100	Surf.	1
	24/a 10	920 p. m.	36°17	6°17		1	1							10.07	00.00	V 200	65	3
*		925 p. m.		**			Clear	SW.	2	NW	3	1800	18°48	19.97	36.08	N 30	Surf.	1
4	23/6 10		36,06	6°02	65		Clear					19°0	18°48	19.97	36.08	P 100	60-0	1
*	n	00 a. m.					:		*	SW	3	1800	17°80		36.20	Hy	265-0	6
)5	20 Ja 10	: 129 a m	35°57	6000	275	m.	Clear	SW	3	*				:	-	Y 200 P 100	300 Surf.	3
		510 a. m.	n 01			. "		1 :			:					Y 200	1 65	. 3
*	10	310 a. m.				7				:					:	Y 200 Y 200	25 65	1
19	Tr.	550 a. m. 625 a. m.		"			Clear	We	3	SW	3	:				P 100	Surf.	1
1G	25/a 10	950 a. m.	35°48			m.	Clear			:			15050	20.05	38 00	D I Hy	300 180-0	
	**	910 a. m. 1000 a. m.	10	"	1:	"						17°0	17°58		36.15	Hy	575-0	8
41		11% a. m.	**	,,				Е	1	M.	3	19°0	18°36	20.01	190.10	T 25	Surf.	
7	23/010	100 p. m.	35°50	5°59	598	m.	Clear		1 .	1								
	1	- Permi	1 3"	- /	1		ne - 434 or	-гапеап	(Wes	tern Ba	sın).		1740-1	19.95	136.04	Hs	700 - 0	8
								ENE	4	E	3	20-0	17-50	10.30		Y 200 N 30	65	10
18	23/s 10	500 p. m.	135957	5°35	700	st.	Clear	617.0			lr .					N 30 P 100	Surf.	1
,,				,,	775			1								1 .50	04.77	
		6 <sup>46</sup> p. m.	р						1	l.								

Sta-					D. 41	è E		Win	d	Sen		Tempe	rature	Sur	rface	Gear	Wire	fion of
lon Nr.	Date	Hour	Posi Lat. N.	tion Long.	Depth Meters	Nature o	Weather		Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl %un	Som	Gear	Meters	min
99	27 in 10	900 p.m.	36°02′	w 5°16′	1150 700	m.	Foggy	E	1	E	1	19°0	16°80	20.07	36.26		1000 -0	
		11°5 p. m.			750					*					b	Y 200 P 100		30 10
	100	11 <sup>55</sup> p. m.											**			N 30	Surf.	10
	***					u						*			**	Y 200	65	15
100	24/a 10 24/a 10	010 a.m. 425 a.m.	36°10	4012	> 1100		Overcast	E	3	Ē	3	20°0	19°88		36.35	P 30	Surf.	
101	24/6 10	S15 a. m.	36°19'	4°06′	> 1000	P	Overcast	E by S	2	E	2 2	21°5 26°5	18°49 20°60		37.52 36.27	P 30 P 30	Surf.	
102	24 la 10	012 p. m.	36°26′	$3 \circ 33$ .	> 600	*	Misty	SE	1 2	E	1	29°3	21°29	20.08	36.45	P 30	Surf.	
103	#10 10	465 p. m.	36°34′ 36°37′	2°55'	> 800 $250$	m.	Clear	ESE ESE	i	Ë	î	24°0	22°10		#	Y 200	65	30
10-1	* (6.10	6° p. m. 6° p. m.	90.91	_ UX	*		cheat					#		**		P 100	Surf.	10
105	24/6 10	745 tr m.	36°43'	2008	20	st.	Clear	0	0	0	0	21°0	20°40	20.27	36.62	Y 200 N 30	40	12
ir i				-		*							-			D 2	Surf.	10
106	94/c 10	8 <sup>15</sup> p. m. 11 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	36033	2000	ca. 1100	m.	Clear	ō	ō	ō	0	20°5	20°92	20.24	36.56	Hy	1000-0	
ь	*4a 10	U1 a. m.											*	**		Y 200	1200	60
*		025 a. m.		,	10	n					*		*		tr.	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	10
*		1 a. m. 200 a. m.		*	"			:			:	:		"		Y 200	65	30
107	20/6 10	Too n. m.	36°18	1°14'	ca. 2250	,	Clear	0	0	Ö	0	*				Y 200	2000	60
.14		740 n. m.								to .				"		P 100	Surf.	10
		9 <sup>95</sup> a. m. 9 <sup>96</sup> a. m.		ь									"			Y 200 Y 200	300	34
	-	1059 a. m.	1 :			:						21°06	21°26	20.41	36.92	Hy	20000	270
108	#5/a 10	850 p. m.	36003	(1027	> 2400		Misty	W	1	E	I	20°5	21°00	20,22	36.53	. Hy	1500 0	90
		10°° p. m.									4	**		,,	. "	Υ 200	300	31
		10 <sup>10</sup> p. m.														P 100 N 30		10
		1115 p. m.											te			Y 200	Surf.	30
	M 10	11 to p. m.			. * .	*						"			D	Y 200	25	16
**	24/e 10	040 a. m.		P		*							11	. 11		Y 200	2000	G
109	20/o 10	690 a.m.	36°19	0010	> 175		Clear	W	1	W	1	23°5	20°61	20.23	36.55	P 30	Surf.	
110		1050 a.m.	36°27	0°54'	>25		Clear	W	1	W	1	26°5	20°79	20.25	36.58	P 30	Surf.	,
$\frac{111}{112}$	% io 10	3 <sup>∞</sup> p, m 9 <sup>∞</sup> p. m	36°56	2015	> 300 ca. 2600		Clear Clear	N.	3	M. M.	3 2	26°0 22°4	21°15 21°96	20.59	00	P 30	Surf.	
	11/s 10	018 a. m.	00 00		2700		Circui	24				23-4	21-96	20.59	37.19	Hy Y 200	2000-0 300	180
Ū	10 10	0 n. m.		-	1 :	m.						"			"	N 30	Surf.	ĩ
:	1	102 0 103		*			:		:				A	н	N	P 100	Surf.	10
		155 a. m.											0	"	"	Y 200 Y 200	65	1/
113	28/0 10	200 a. m.	36°53	3.00	815	m,	Clear	NE	1	NE	4	18°5	20°96	20.27	36.62	Hr	25 400—0	70
		325 a. m.	b	**												Y 200	300	30
114		120 p. m.	37°45	3°48′	> 2600		Clear	E	2	E	2	24°0	22029		37.21	N 30	Surf.	10
115	26/a 10	8 <sup>60</sup> p. m. 11 <sup>20</sup> p. m.	38017	4011	2800	m.	Clear	SE	1	SE	1	2300	21°92	20.65	37.30	P 30	Surf. 2500-0	180
				*								"		47	7	Y 200	300	30
•		11 <sup>30</sup> p. m.	1		*											P 100	Surf.	10
	29/e 10	050 a, m. 1 № a. m.		b												N 30 Y 200	Surf. 2000	10
		140 a. m.		20 27		:	:	:								Y 200	65	16
116	19/a 10	463 p. 10.	39°27	5°26'	2860	m.										Y 200	25	16
		420 p. m		0 20	2000	til.	Clear	ESE	1	E	1			*		Y 200 N 30	300	30
		700 p m			:										**	P 100	Surf.	10
		10 ° p, m.		*								2000	01000			D1	3600	120
	39 le 10	140 a.m.						SE	1	SE	"	20°9	21°90	20.81	37.59	Hy	24000	200
		140 a m						.,,,,			1			**		Y 200 N 30	300 Surf.	30 10
		200 a.m.						:		:		b	*	**		P 100	Surf.	10
117	30 lo 10	3°° a. m.	100	6°12	- nivon											Y 200	65	30
118							Clear	E	1	E	1	25°0	20098	20.82	37,61	Y 200 P 30	25	10
110	19 10	555 p. m.	41,00	G°43	> 2700		Clear	NW	3	N	2					Y 200	Surf. 300	30
-	:	6°5 p. m. 7°° p. m.	1	*									"		D	N 30	Surf.	10
				•			*				h	2100	20°73	20.85	37.66	P 100	Surf.	10
•		10 <sup>85</sup> p. m.	Ħ	*							.,			20.00		V 200	2500-0 300	220
-	:	11°5 p. m. 11°5 p. m.		*											"	N 30	Surf.	10
		p. m.	•								1 1	20°5	**	**		P 100 Y 200	Surf.	10

ta-	Date		Position		Depth	o of		Wind		Sen		Temperature		Surface			Wire	Dura
lon Vr.		Hour	Lat Lo N. I	Long. E.	Meters	Nature of bottom	Weather		Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0—12	Air	Sur- face	Cl ºleo	S "ieo	Gear	out Meters	hauli min- utes
18	4 <sub>7</sub> 10	020 a. m.		6°43'	> 2700	m.	Clear	NW	3	NN	2	20°5	20°77	20.85	37.66	Y 200	25	15
	4; 10   4; 10	010 p. m. 445 p. m.	42°02 42°31′	7°41′	> 2500 ca. 2700		Clear Clear	WNW Wby S	6	W	6	19°5 18°7	19°20 18°36	21.15 21.19	38.21 38.28	P30 Hv	Surf.	1 1
"		S60 n ni.	"				19					10	10 00	21.15	30.20	Y 200	25000 300	198
21	2/7 10	8 <sup>55</sup> p. m. 3 <sup>65</sup> a. m.	430U8.	8005	> 2500	"	Cloudy	sw	5	wsw		1005	10001	01.10	20.00	P 100	Surf.	10
			43°50′	8°34'	1285		Cloudy	W	3	sw	5	18º5	18°21	21.19	38.28	Y 200 Y 200	25 600	3
		10 <sup>16</sup> a. m.	10 00		1200	100	1		9	aw	3					N 30	Surf.	1
H .	"	1130 a. m.						"				19°4	19046	21.20	38.30	P 100 Hv	Surf. 1300-0	27
	н	530 a. m.	11	0055			"	2000	1 11	2.			**			Y 200	1200	3
23	Pl, 10	11 <sup>69</sup> p. m. 0 <sup>05</sup> a. m.	14°14	8°55'	ca. 700		Cloudy	SSE	3	S	3	19°5	20°26	20.98	37.90	Hy Y 200	300-0	6 3
	11 10	O55 a. m.	U			"										Y 200	65	3
u	N	1ºº a. m. 1ºº a. m.					"			**	"			a a		P 100 Y 200	Surf.	10
	,	250 a. m.			tr tr	"	"				"					Y 200	10	1 1
24	s/- 10	359 a. m.	41°20′	9°05′	86		Cloudy	SE	4	SW	3 2	20°0 19°0	19°06	21.23	38.35	Y 200 Hy	65 1050-0	9
25	97, 10	8 <sup>co</sup> p. m. 9 <sup>co</sup> p. m.	43°54	9°13	1082	m.	Cloudy	SW	1	"	2	19.0	19-00	21.20	00,00	Y 200	300	3
b		10 <sup>36</sup> p. m.											1 -		0	Y 200	25	3
u		10 <sup>10</sup> p. m.					-				1.		,			N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	1
26	10/, 10	12co a. m.	12013	9°50	588	cl.	Cloudy	S by W	2	SW	2				" "	L		36
	*	120 p. m.	P.			"					:	20°4	21°66	21.01	37.95	Hv N 50	5800 800	12
11	"	460 p. m.				"										N 50	206-100	
"	"	,,		n		"						"				X 200	500-200 300	3
ь	11	950 p.m.				*					*			"		N 30	275	30
,		1010 p. m.														Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	30
	,,	10 <sup>20</sup> p. m.		"												P 100	Surf.	10
27		700 a. m.	41°47'	10°22'	> 1000		Misty	WSW	2	SW	4	20°5	18°88	21.21	1	P 30 D 1	Surf. 1800	240
28	11/7 10	260 p m.	41°01′	10°53	1630	cl.	Cloudy	WSW	1	SIL	3				*	N 30	1000	
,	n	250 p. m.				"						2008	20°27	21.15	38.21	TY 200	15000	10,
129	12]; 10	300 a. m.	40°05'	11°31′	3420	cl.	Clear	SE	1	S	1					N 30	Surf.	10
,,	,,	310 a. m.		н									*			P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	31
**	"	319 a. m.			*		:		:		"					Y 200	1000	60
11	,,	4º0 a.m. 6º0 a.m.		"	"						2	21°6	21°76	21.06	37.95	1(v N 50	3200-0 80-0	30
		1100 a. m.				"	*	E	1	E	1 .	:				N 50	20090	1
				"	7 11	"	:									X 50 C 200	1100-0 3500	12
b		360 p. m.														N 30	Surf.	le
."	,,	315 p. m.	1												"	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 600	10
Bi .	17	800 p. m.	"	"			01 1	ESE	3	SE	3	1700	21°53	20.98	37.90	Y 200	25	31
130	131- 10	1 050 a. m.	39°35	11°20'	> 3000	:	Cloudy	ESE								P 100 Y 200	Surf. 25	10
101	174 70	100 a. m.		11000	915	m.	Misty	S	1	S	2			*	u	V 30	Surf.	10
131	"17 10	950 a. m.	36-30	11-00	315							:		:	:	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	10
	FI II	10% a. in. 10% a. m.		ir						:	:					Y 200	1000	GU
		1010 a m		"	921							2500	21°48	21.02	37.97	Hy Y 200	900-0 1500	180
		200 p. m.		00.47	12:27	cl.	Clear	0	0	0	0				b	N 30	Surf.	10
		055 a. m.		9°47′		CI.	Ciem							,		P 100 Y 200	Surf.	3
	"	110 a. m. 305 a. m.				"					:		:			$\Sigma 200$	300	134
"	"	215 a m				*								01.01	38.01	Y 200 Hy	600 1500 - 0	13
*		4 <sup>20</sup> a. m. 6 <sup>00</sup> a. m.	**	"	1650						:	1900	20°46	21,01	96.01	N 60	200-95	9
	, ,,	∮ 900 a. m.	20													N 50 N 50	600-200 1100-600	
n		10° a. m.		*		11	:					:	:	7	1	N 50	950	
*	"	1100 a. m. 1200 a. m.		"				ő	. "	ō	ő			0.01	te	D 1	800 590-0	18
100	111 10	600 p. m.	38918	9°59	602	cl.	Clear	. 0				5505	21082	21.04	38,01	Hy	350-0	1.20

The Danish Oceanographical Expedition,

ita-	Date				Depth Meters	Nature of bottom	Weather	Win	ıd	Sea	1	Temperature		Surface		Gear	Wire	Dura- tion of
ion Nr.		Hour		ltion Long. E.				Direction 0-12	Force 0—12	Direction 012	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl ºloo	S ºloo		Meters	min- utes
133	141, 10	9° p. m.		9°59′	602	cl.	Clear		0	0	0	2202	21°82	21.04	38.01	Y 200 N 30	600 Surf.	30 10
100	h	9 <sup>50</sup> p. m.									,	п				P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	10 30
	tr	1015 p. m.								:	:					Y 200	25	30
7	-	11∞ pm.		*				77			1					Y 200	25	30 10
34	15/1 10	450 a. m.	37°37′	10°17′	350	m.	Clear	SSE	1	S	1		1	-		N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10
		500 a. m.			W							"	:			Y 200	300	30
*		540 a. m. 645 a. m.		-	400 410	:								rr ·		DI	500	30
	:	825 a. 10.			405			"			-	2500	22060	20.55	37.12	H <sub>V</sub>	385—0	9
		9∾ a.m.		-	395				1:		"	25*0	22-00	20.00		N 50	75-0	)
*		020 p. m. 045 p. m.		:	:	:			1:	"			b	1 11	-	N 50	125-75	
		100 p. m.				-		,				"	*	0	"	N 50	200-125 $350-185$	
	14. 70	120 p. m.	**	10000	174		Clear	ő	Ö	ō	0	2200	22092	20.55	37.12	Hy	. 170-0	6
35		1155 p. m.		10 20			Gieas					,	b	9		Y 200	25	3
	16J: 10		"		200	m.			-							N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	1
4		1º5 a. m.		*				"				-	22°90	20.62	37.07	Y 200	25	3
36	19/: 10		37°01	10°31.	80	m.	Cloudy	NNE	3	NE	2	21°0	22*90	1		N 30	Surf.	1 1
*	*	3r' a. m.		19		"		*							#	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 100	30
*		350 a.m.				. "		*		on	"	**				Y 200	25	3
37	19Jr 10	813 a.m.		10°56′	190	cì.	Cloudy	NW	3	SE	2	87				N 30	Surf.	1
٠	-	825 a. m.		**	175			*					"			P 100 Y 200	Surf. 250	3
	100	9% a.m. 10% a.m.		:	195	:		:				2200	22°76	20.63	37.27	Hy	180-0	C
11		1155 a. m.		to .				*							Tr .	DI	250	1.
38	10/7 10	440 p. m.	37°37	11°25'	820 788	cl.	Cloudy	NW	1 1	SE	1	2300	23°50	20.80	37.57	DI	1000 775—0	12
	:	445 p. m. 740 p. m.			100				1:			23 0	25-00	20.60	31.31	Hy Y 200	1000	6
		910 p. m.													,,	Y 200	300	G
		950 p. m.									-			,	N	N 30 P 100	Surf.	10
n		950 p. m.	1 *		-					*						Y 200	25	30
39	™j₁ 10			11°54′	680	m.	Overcast	NW	1 1	W	1	22°3	21096	20.70	37.39	Y 200	25	30
	1 -	200 a. m.	U											,,		N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10
۳	-	225 a. m.			530		Cloudy	WNW	2	W	1				"	Y 200	300	30
		3 <sup>10</sup> a. m. 5 <sup>50</sup> a. m.	1 .		580 610										"	Y 200	800	60
		Geo a. m.	н		ca. 700					,,					<i>3</i> 2	D1 Hy	800 700—0	120 120
							Medit	erraneai	n (Fa	stern Ba	acin)					313	100 0	12
40	101; 10	208 p. m.	37°29	12°34	112	cl.	Clear	NW	4	NW	4	23°3	22°70	20.82	37.61	D1	250	2
		213 p. m.	A				, ,,					"		203.2	31.01	N 30	Surf.	10
41	10 m	10 <sup>55</sup> p. m.		′ 1 <b>3°</b> 34′		m.	Clear	NW	G	NW	5				"	P 100 Y 200	Surf.	1
*					ca. 500						1:	2100	00000	1 11		P 100	Surf.	1
142				15°07	98	f. s.	Clear	N	1	N	3	21-0	23°80	20.79	37.56	Hy	475-0	G
:		360 a. m.									- 4				10	Y 200 P 100	25 Surf.	3
		440 a. m	. 1 .		98					"				*		Y 200	150	3
	1	440 a.m									"	22°5	24°05	20.78	37.54	D1	200 95—0	6
143	m; 10	515 p. m	. '35°18	16025	1842	"	Clear	NE				"	"	20.10	20,16	Hy M	250	1 3
A		520 n m		N 20	1012		Clear "	NE	1	0	0	2502	25026	07.0		D 1	2000	18
n e	25/2 10			þ							1	20-2	20-26	21.04	38.01	Hy Y 200	1800-0 300	19
		040 a. m 120 a. m		:	1:		:	NNE	2	3711	"		"			P 100	Surf.	1
	41.30	200 a. m						*	2	NE	3	"	41			Y 200	25	3
144	23/2 1C	720 p.m	. 34°31	18°40	3310		Clear	NNE	1	NE	3					Y 200 D 2	1000	30
H	941: 10			u			:					25°5	26°05	21.31	38.49	Hy	3200-0	30
													49	*	n	Y 200	25	3
		245 a. m 345 a. m		:				,			1:		"	:		P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	3
		10	-			10			-						. "	¥ 200		1 0

Sta- tion	Date	Hour	Position		Depth	on of	W. 0	Win	d	Sea	1	Temp	erature	Surface		1	Wire	Dura
Nr.			Lat. N.			Nature o bottom	Weather	Direction Force		Direction Force 0-12 0-12		Alr	Sur- face	Cl "loo S "loo		Gear	out Meters	haul i min- utes
14	24/7 10	620 a. m. 900 a. m.	34°31′	18°40′	3340	f. s.	Clear	NNE	1	NE	3	25°5	26°05	21.31	38.49	C 200	4000	60
	. "	1010 a. m.		.,						tr.						Y 200 D 1	25 4000	120
15	25/2 10	350 a. m.	32°38	19°02'			Cloudy	NW	3	NW	4					Y 200	25	3
"	**	∣34°a.m.		19.	1007	fr	.11									P 100	Surf.	1
"	"	110 a.m. 545 a.m.	"		1925	s. cl.		Ň	5	N	"				•	Y 200	300	30
. 1	и	600 a.m.		"		"				15	5	2502	25°36	21 32	38.51	I) I Hy	2500 1800-0	18
6	26/7 10	400 p. m.		19°02'	> 1000	u	Cloudy	N	5	N	5	31°5	25°2		*	P 30	Surf.	
7	25/7 10	745 p. m. 800 p. m.	131.39.	19°02	900	cl.	Cloudy	N	5	N	5	2500	25°20	21.15	20.01	D1 Hv	1200 950-0	18
"	"		-	**						*	~	20-0	20*20	21.10	35.21	Y 200	25	3
*		11 <sup>25</sup> p. m.				0			"	**		ir	. 17		я	N 30	Surf.	† 1
n	****	1140 p. m.				"	"	M	· m	37.777			"			P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	1 3
"	261- 10	020 a. m. 110 a. m.	"				*	N	4	NW	4			:		Y 200	1000	6
8	20/7 10	966 a.m.	30°45'	19°02	290	cl.	Cloudy	N	3	NW	3					D1	400	12
		9º0 a. m.										25°0	24°70	21,25	38.39	Hy	275-0	9
		1							-					,		N 36 P 100	Surf. Surf.	1
9	20/7 10	10 <sup>25</sup> a. m. 0 <sup>20</sup> p. m.	300:30.	19°02'	80, 75		Cloudy	N	3	NW	3	2800	25°80	-		D1	200	3
0	21: 10	210 n ni	30°23'		35	sh. s.	Cloudy	N	3	NW	3			21.01		Di	90	1
*	*	930 m m				"		"				25°1	25°57	21.21	38.31	Hv M	32-0 200	3
	"	315 p. m.		h			"		1 :							M	200	ĩ
1	27/7 10	400 p. m. 100 p. m.	32-31	20°18	>40	"	Clear	N	3	NW	4	$26^{\circ}5$	2309	21.27	38.42	P 30	Surf.	
		105^ p. m.		21°44′	> 2200		Cloudy	NNW	4	N	4		**			Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	1
2	37/7 10	10° p. m.	99-11		-		Choncy									P 100	Surf.	i
*	"	1100 p. m.	"		"	17										Y 200	300	3
*	"	11 <sup>25</sup> p. m.  11 <sup>25</sup> p. m		"		"		AF	P -		-					N 30 Y 200	250 1000	6
,	28/ <sub>7</sub> 10	OSO n m				n	*				:					N 30	950	G
	"	039 a. in.			ca. 2100		-		"	"		2308	24°34	21.38	38.62	Hy	20000	24
3	27/7 10	300 a. m. 130 p. m.	32045	22041	13	s.	Cloudy	NNW	3	N	4	24°0	24°35			D I N 30	25 Surf.	1
	17 10	1 <sup>30</sup> p. m.	"		"	a					*	11			"	Y 200	25	3
4	120 J₁ 10	330 a. m.	32010	24°46'	36ő	cl.	Clear	NNW	4	NW	5					N 30	Surf.	1
		340 a. m.									-					P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	1 3
		430 a. m.								*		2400	24060	91.41	38.68	Hy	2800	9
*	"	1 500 a. m.	24	**	300		Cloudy	NNW	3	NW	4	25°5	25°1	21.55	38.93	P 30	Surf.	1
5	20/7 10	300 p. m.		26°03'	> 2000 ca. 3200		Clear	NW	4	NW	4	$25^{\circ}0$	25°49	21.61	39.04	11v Y 200	3000 0	21
iG	20/- 10 50/- 10	800 p. in. 010 a. in.			La. 5200		*					"		-		N 30	950	6
		014 a. 1tt.			u					"			- 3			Y 200	25	3
		218 a. in.									"					N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	1
,,		2º5 a. m.	1 -				*				:		:	:		Y200	600	3
"		3ºn a. m.		**		**										Y 200 N 30	300 250	3
		350 a.m.		u		**			"	31317	6	2800	25°4	21.64	39.09	P 30	Surf.	ا ا
7	anj, 10	360 p. m.	33010	27°18	> 2700		Clear	NW	5	NW	i				39.18	Hy	2000-0	13
				27°57′			Clear	NNW	7	NNW	7	24°4	24°08	21.03	30.10	N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	1
8	31/- 10	510 a. m.	34. 23		-							**		-	-	Y 200	300	3
		700 a. m. 730 a. m.		u u				NNW	5	NNW	5	24°0	24°72	21.72	39.23	P 30	Surf.	
59	a1/7 10	800 p. m.	35°31	27°55	> 1000		Clear	NNW	-	NW	1					Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	3
50	1/s 10	200 a. m.	35°59				Clear	0			1					P 100	Surf.	1 1
~								**							77	Y 200	300	3
"		210 a. m. 215 a. m.	"			"		sw	2	sw	2				h	Y 200	1000 3700	49
10		1 330 a. m.			11	al al		W	2	N	3	2602	26028	21.71	39.22	Hy	2975 - 0	
*	*	1 690 a. m.		n	3200 2980	cl.					:	20-2	10 10		*	X 50	30 - 0	1
	"	630 a. m. 1030 a. m.		11	2500			:						•	•	N 50 N 50	100 - 30 $200 - 100$	1
ti Di		1015 a. m.				**	:						ly .	:		N 50	1000-200	
b		1120 a. m.		*		:										Y 200	25	3
7		015 n m		"	:			0		:				*	17	C 200 Y 200	4000 25	6
	1 "	2ºº p. m. 3ºº p. m.		41				*	5	NW	ō	2402	23°76	21.67	39.13	N 30	Surf.	1
31	2/s 10	2 P. III.		07916	> 1000		Clear	NW	1 0 1	24 11	1 -					5*		_

Sta-					Danii.	7 E	-	Win	d .	Sen	•	Temp	erature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura
ion Nr.	Date	Hour	1	Long. E.	Depth Meters	Nature of hottom	Weather	Direction 0—12	Force 0—12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Alr	Sur- face	Cl ºlno	S ºloo	Gear	out Meters	haul min utes
61 62 63	2/s 10 3/s 10 2/s 10	310 a. m. 460 p. m. 915 p. m.	37024	26°19	>80	cl.	Glear Glear Glear	NW NNW NW	5 4 1	NW NNW NW	5 2 2	24°2 22°0	23°76 26°0	21.67 21.66	39.13 39.13	P 100 P 30 D 1	Surf. Surf. 1300	120
		9™ p.m.	-	,,					•			23°7	26°6	21.66	39.13	Hy N 30	1140-0 80-0	105
	#in 10	0% a. m. 1% a. m.			:			:	: 1			"			:	Y 200 Y 200	1000	30 18
		140 a. m.													7	Y 200	25	1:
n		145 a. m.														N 30 P 100	Surf, Surf,	10
61 65	*/s 10	10° a.m. 7° n.m.	39°46'	26°31'	>75	s.	Clear Clear	ENE	1	ENE ENE	1	27°0 26°5	24°5	21.61 19.67	39.04 35.53	P 30 D 1	Surf. 50	20
66	el. 10	743 a. m. 915 a. m.	30047	occ05.	11. 15	* S.	Clear	ENE	ĭ	ENE	i	27°0	24°5		**	P 30	Surf.	10
67	le 10	1020 a. m.	39.43.	26°06	15-19	S.	Clear	ENE	î	ENE	i	2705	24°5	:	**	D1 D1	30	20
		1115 a. m.	•	*	,	"	*	•	. 1	"		11			. "	N 30	Surf.	10
					Dard	anell	es, Sea	of Marr	пога,	Bospho	rus,	Biack	Sea.					
35 39	% 10   % 10	750 p. m. 140 a. m.	10°16	26°34′	>80 >800		Clear	NNE NE	3 1	NE NE	2 2	28°0 25°0	25°02 24°61	12.43	22.47	P 30	Surf.	,
0	ola 10	O23 n. m.	40°46	28°57	1235	m.	Clear	0		0		26°0	24°8	11.83 11.90	$\frac{21.38}{21.51}$	P 30	Surf. 1200-0	13
		250 p.m. 300 p.m.		:						:	:	-	"			N 50 N 50	20-0 80-20	
		3 <sup>20</sup> p. m. 4 <sup>00</sup> p. m.			:			. **		"			:	"	,,	N 50	20085	
	. :	420 p.m.			"		:	N N								N 50 N 30	1000-195 Surf.	10
1 '	10/10	3 <sup>25</sup> p. m. 3 <sup>25</sup> p. m.	11°07′	29°05″	CO	m.	Clear	SW	2	SW	1	*				Y 200	50	1:
2 1	10 10	315 p. m. 1020 p. m.	41000	*****		19			*		"	260	2302	9.95	17.99	P 100 Hy	Surf. 58-0	10 48
	Pr 1	1010 p.m.	41"32	29021	1090	cl.	Clear	SE	1	SE	1	23°ő	2·1°1	9.73	17.59	Ву	1000 - 0	90
	1/8 10	0 <sup>∞</sup> a. m. 0 <sup>∞</sup> a. m.	-									"				D 1 N 50	1300 17—0	210
		100 a. m.				: 1			**				"			N 50 N 50	50-17 200-50	,
		210 a. m.				,						,,				¥ 200	600	20
	:	216 a. m.   250 a. m.												,		N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10
- 1		323 a. m.				:						b	"			Y 200 Y 200	100	1;
3	1 10 i	3 <sup>∞</sup> a.m. 6 <sup>∞</sup> a.m.	11017	29011	65	st.	Clear	sw	ï	sw			.,		,	Y 200	50 10	10
	. !	630 a. m.					Glean	311	1	511	1	29°0	24°25	9.78	17.68	Hy Y 200	60 – 0 65	14 24 15
		688 a. m.											**	"		N 30	Surf.	10
11		11 <sup>20</sup> a.m.	40°54′	$28^{\rm o}53^{\rm c}$	120	cl.	Clear	sw	1	sw	1				**	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 65	30
:		12 <sup>60</sup> a. m. 1 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	*				"			"			-		•	N 30 P 100	Surf.	10
75	11 10	150 D m	"	,,	"		:	*				3100	23°8	12.0	21.7	Hy	Surf. 50-0	30
. 1	* 16 TO	7 <sup>30</sup> p. m. 7 <sup>50</sup> p. m.	40°48'	27°59′	1103	cl.	Clear	WNW	3	WNW	3	,,			**	DI DI	250 1200	120 120
	*	945 p.m.							"			26°0	24°9	12.01	21.71	Hv	10500	90
		980 p. m.										**	"	*		Y 200 N 30	10 Surf.	15
*		1015 p.m.									. 19		"	"		P 100 Y 200	Surf.	10
		1015 p. m.										"			*	N 30	35 30	15 15
- 1		1120 p.m.	1 "											"		Y 200 Y 200	100 400	15 30
- !	11/8 10	015 a. m.	,													N 30	350	30
76	19/8 10	400 a. m.	40°45	27°43	>500		Clear	WNW	3	WNW	3	1005	0400	"		Y 200 N 30	1200 1150	30 30
*		410 a. m.	•	•	"					WAW	3	28°5	24°2	12.04	21.76	Y 200 N 30	65	30
77		855 a. m.			55	cl.	Clear	NE	5	NE	4	27°0	25°0	10.05		P 100	Surf. Surf.	10 10
78	13/9 10	025 p. m.	40°16′	26°32	ca. 70		Clear	NE	5	NE	4	21.0	2540	12.25	22.14	Пу Y 200	50-0 65	30 15
		0 <sup>25</sup> p. m. 0 <sup>49</sup> p. m.	:			:									"	N 30	Surf.	10
		110 p. m.					:					2700	25°2	7		P 100 Y 200	Surf.	10 15

ion	Date	Hour	Pos	ition	Depth	re of	Man.	Wine	d	Sea		Temp	erature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura
Nr.	Dute	i ioui	Lat. N.	Long. E.	Meters	Nature of bottom	Wenther		Force 0 – 12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl %on	S 6140	Gear	out Meters	min utes
							Medite	erranean	(Eas	stern Ba	sin).	,			-			-
79	13/8 10	215 a. m.	·10°02′	25°55′	85	cì.	Cloudy	NNE	4	NNE	2	24°0	2309	15.70	28.37	Y 200	65	30
*	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	225 a. m.	20004	0=0011										,		N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	11
80		1100 a. m.					Cloudy	NNE	ŏ	NNE	-1	29°5	24°3	21.39	38.64	P 30	Surf. 300	2
81	13/4 10	125 p.m.	38°49′		255	cl.	Cloudy	NE	6	NE	5					N 50	Surf.	
11	"	150 p.m. 150 p.m.				"			:	:	. "	2407	24°55	91.05	38.03	P 100 Hy	Surf. 240—0	1
32	14/8 10	255 p. m. 800 p. m.	39012	21°48′	500		Claude							"	17	Y 200	65	1
11	" "	815 p. m.	90 10	JI 90	100	m.	Cloudy	N	6	N	4	24°8	25°5	20.28	36.61	D1 Hy	650 490-0	1:
		1030 p.m.														Y 200 N 30	65	li
,,		1035 p. m.														P 100	Surf.	1
11	"	1100 p.m.		"												Y 200 Y 200	G00	3
*	"	1140 p.m.	te	*		"					. "	D			*	N 30	515	. :
33	18/8 10	345 p. in. 445 p. m.	37052	23°09	233	m.	Clear	SSE	3	SSE	1	26°0	25°8	21.11	38.13	Hv Y 200	225-0 300	1
		510 p. m.		,							b					Y 200	65	1
,,		515 p. m		T)								"				N 30 P 100	Surf.	1
31	10/1/10	.1010 p. m.	38°10	22°33	842	m.	Clear	NE	1	SE	2	2502	2309	91 19	38.15	D I Hy	1050 825-0	12
	17/8 10	10 <sup>20</sup> p. m. 0 <sup>15</sup> a. m.			1:	. "				:		"	23 3	#	JQ.10	. D1	1100	1
*	"	160 a. m.		*												Y 200 Y 200	10 65	1
*	"	215 a. m.					*							"		N 30	Surf.	1
**		2º0 a. m. 2º5 a. m.										"	:			P 100 Y 200	Surf. 1000	1 :
	"	2" a. m.	"			h				"						N 30 Y 200	945 25	i
35	17/s 10	1105 a. m.		21017	> 50		Clear	W	1	W	1	27°0	23°95	21.19	38.28	N 30	Surf.	1
"		1110 a. m.	1 0	n			."	NW	2	NW	2	B		:		P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	1
3G	17/8 10	815 p. m. 815 p. m.	37057	19°51′	> 3000		Clear	74.14								N 30	215 1500-0	16
"		845 p. m.	*	u						"		21°3	2100	1	38.21	Hy Y 200	10	1
*		11º0 p. m.				q										N 30 P 100	Surf.	1
n		1135 p. m.								:		ir ir				Y 200	65	3
"	# 10	1200 p. m.	"									h			*	Y 200 X 30	1200 1145	5
n	18/e 10	045 a. m.	1		1	1		N	2	N	2					Y 200 N 30	300 Surf.	1
7	18/s 10	055 p. m.		18°02′	> 2500		Clear	N N	1						11	P 100	Surf.	. 1
*		100 p.m. 200 p.m.		"		11						26°0	25°05	21.26	38.40	Hy N 50	1000-0 $25-0$	
"	"	a des D. In.	**				:		"					"		N 50	100 - 25	
"		445 p. m. 515 p. m.	M				:									X 50 Y 200	125-100 1000	:
		640 p. m.											•			N 30 Y 200	915 25	1
		1										"	•			N 30	Surf.	1
u		745 p. m. 750 p. m.				1 .					2	2405	25027	91.96	38.40	P 100 P 30	Surf.	1
38	10/8 10	400 a. m.	37°51	16°44	ca, 2000		Clear	N	1	N O	. 2	24-0	-0 -1	11.20		Y 200 X 30	300 Surf.	1
39	19/8 10	865 a. m.		15°58	< 2000		Clear	0								P 100	Surf.	1
		960 a. m.	**				:	:					2509		38.30	Y 200 Hy	2000-0	2
**		9 <sup>30</sup> a. m. 10 <sup>15</sup> a. m.	Tr.		:				"	:	:	26°1	2509	21.20		Y 200		1
*		210 a. m.	**	1 1 2 0 1 0	360		Clear	NNE	2	NNE	2	H			*	Y 200	25	120
90	19/s 10	800 p. m.		15°19			, olem					24°0	21°93		38.01	N 30	Surf.	1
		815 p. m.	"							WYE	i	"	:		,	P 100 H	Surf.	1
91	20/6 10	820 p. m.	Taorn	ma Baj				NNE	6	NNE		2800	21°1	21.08	38.08	D1 D1		
		#	37°50	15°18	21	S.	Clear			:				7		βi		10
"				er er	6								I		1	1		1.

ita-			I			5 6		Win	d	Sea		Temp	crature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura tion o
lon Nr.	Date	Hour	Pos Lat. N.	ition Long. E.	Depth Meters	Nature o bottom	Weather	Direction 0—12	Force 0-12	Direction 012	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl º/m	S "100	Gear	out Meters	hauli min- utes
00	20/a 10	815 p. m.	38907	15°35'	652	m.	Clear	NNE	4	NNE	2	23°9	23°5	21.20	38.30	Ну	625-0	75
	# TO	go p. m.	35 01			n							, p			Y 200 Y 200	25 300	15
		10 <sup>10</sup> p. m. 10 <sup>18</sup> p. m.	1:	:		:	:	:		:		,,		,,		P 100	Surf.	10
	"	10° p. m.	1		1 0											Y 200 N 30	600 545	30
			1		,		M - 114 -	1	(1)/	Anna Do	nles)			,				
			000.51	1 ***	- ***					tern Ba	5111).	23°0	2500	21.01	38.01	Y 200	10	30
- 1		059 а. пп.					Clear	N	1	1	0	23.0	23-0	21.01	00.01	Y 200	10	15
34	21/a 10	430 a.m.	38°33	10°23	1140	cl.	Cloudy	0	0	0		"	1			N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10 10
:		425 a. m. 500 a. m.	:	:	:	:		:	:	:					0	Y 200	25	15
		600 a.m.														Y 200 N 30	1200 1145	30
		700 a. m.										24°1	25°4	20.99	37.92	Hy	1000 - 0	105
)5	21/e 10	2 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	39°02'	14°55′	ca. 3160		Clear	0	0	0	0	27°0	26°0	21.05	38.03	lly	2000-0 300	240 30
1	17	610 p. m.	•	•								"			H	Y 200 N 30	Surf	10
:	:	615 p. m. 610 p. m.				:		"			:			*	n n	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 65	10 15
16	27/s 10	240 a. m.	39°59′	14°31′	> 600		Cloudy	0	0	0	0	23°5	25°25	21.07	38.06	Y 200	25	30
		243 a. m.	-													N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10 10
71	74/s 10	7∞ p. m.	40°34'	13°36′	> 1000	. 1	Cloudy	NW	3	W	4					Y 200	300	30
		710 n.m.			0									"		N 30 P 100	Surf.	10
	-	7*3 D ID		PT					4			**				Y 200	25	15
6	25/ 10	8 <sup>20</sup> p. m. 1 7 <sup>60</sup> a. m.	10005	12026	>3600	:	Cloudy	NNW	5	NNW	5	23°4 23°5	23°9 24°2	21.01 21.07	37.95 38.06	By P 30	1000-0 Surf.	105
9	13/. 10	620 D m	39°32	10° 49'	ca. 2700		Clear	W	2	NW	2	2400	2409	21.17	38.24	Hy	1000-0	105
*		8 <sup>10</sup> p. m. 8 <sup>20</sup> p. m.		:	1	:		:				"	"				200 - 80 80 - 30	*
*														"	"	N 50 N 50	<b>3</b> 0-0	
	:	9.00 p. m. 9.25 p. m.						:			:		:	**		Y 200 Y 200	25 300	15
•		э- р. m.													"	P 100	Surf.	20 10
•		1010 p. m.												,,		Y 200 N 30	1000	30
K)	™: <sub>*</sub> 10	345 a.m.	39°18′	10°11′	> 2000		Misty	0	0	sw	1	24°0	24°05	21.15	38.21	Y 200	945 25	30 30
1	10/2 10	350 a. m.	# D.	P. P.	10 0											N 30 P 100	Surf.	10 10
H		855 a.m. 960 a.m.	39°10	9°35	16-9 2-0	st.	Clear	S	1	0	0	**				D1	17	240
	90 la 10	319 p. m.	38°59′	9°25	760	m.	Clear	SSW	2	SSW	2	24°4	2405	21.15	38.21	H	750-0	180 90
* [	•	5 <sup>65</sup> p. m.		"					"					"		Y 200	300	15
03	*7is 10	510 p. m. 215 a. m.	38059	8911	>400		Clear									N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10 10
04	** ls 10	4° a. m.	38°52	7°43	> 1000	:	Clear	E 0	0	0	0	23°0	23°6	21.14	38.19	P 30 Y 200	Surf.	
	٠	450 a. m.	-							"				"		Y 200	25 65	15 15
:	:	1 <sup>35</sup> a. m. 5 <sup>60</sup> a. m.														N 30 P 100	Surf.	10
		545 a. m.				*	. "			4		"				Y 200	Surf. 300	10 30
		645 a. m.							n			"				Y 200 N 30	1000 945	30
05	**/* 10	785 p. m.		5959	ca. 2860				U			23°6	23°5	21.14	38.19	Hy	1000-0	105
		749 p. m.			ca. 2860	*	Clear	NNE	1	NNE	1	23°0	24°39			Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	15 10
206	28/8 10	U <sup>30</sup> a. m.		5°15	ca. 2860		Clear	0	ő	NE	2				*	P 100	Surf.	10
		105 a. m. 110 a. m.														Y 200 Y 200	300	15
		1 140 2 10	-													N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10 10
	:	140 a. m.					:	:	, ,	:	:	B	"		AP.	Y 200	1000	45
		305 2 10		:	1:	:	:									N 30 Y 200	945 2000	45
*	:	46 a. m. 950 a. m.							1:			23°4	9400		4	N 30	1915	45
-	-	a. ili.	1 "		. "		tr .		1 41		-	20.4	2409	20.70	37.39	Hy N 50	2500 - 0	286

Sta-			Posi	Hon	Depth	e of		Win	d	Sen		Temp	erature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura
lon Nr.	Date	Hour	Lat	Long.	Depth Meters	Nature	Weather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 012	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl º/m	Salm	Gear	out Meters	haul min utes
06	28/e 10	10% a. m. 11% a. m.	39°32′	E. 5°15′	сн.2860	m.	Clear	0		NE	2	23°4	24°9	20.70	37.39	N 50 N 50	200-80 1000-200	
07	28/s IO	860 p.m.	39°58′	3°41′	64	sh.	Cloudy	S	3	s	3					Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	15
	*	855 p.m.					*					ir.				P 100	Surf.	10
	"	9°° p. m. 9°° p. m.				"						fr				Y 200 D 1	100	15 30
"		955 p. m.			51				"	"		24%	24°95	20.91	37.77	Hy	50-0	30
08	29/s 10	I40 a. m.	40°18'	3°20′	>1600		Clear	S	3	S	3	24°3	21°0	21.12	38.15	Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	$\frac{15}{10}$
*	*	146 a. m.	D		**										~	P 100	Surf.	10
(19	29/ <sub>R</sub> 10	455 a.m.	40°34′	3°03′	>2000	n	Clear	NE	2	NE	1					Y 200 N 30	Surf.	10 10
	11	500 a. m.									*	0			•	P 100	Surf.	10
**		5% a. m. 6% a. m.	*			"	:		tr Nr		:			:		Y 200 Y 200	300 1000	15 45
"		660 a. m.						-								N 30	945	45
		1 72a a. m.	**			tr			*		· u				:	Y 200 N 30	2000 1945	16 1.
*		7º5 a. m. 9º0 a. m.	"		"	# P	Cloudy	tr tr				:	:			Di	2800	180
		939 a. m					m					2502	24°5	21.09	38.10	Hy	1500-0	1.70
		120 p m					"							"	"	N 50 N 50	30-0 80-33	
**	No.	145 p. m. 200 p. m.	-				:									N 50	20085	
		300 n.m.								4						X 50 Y 200	1000-200 100	20
"		345 n m	*					"	"	:	"				:	C 200	150	20
"	"	4 <sup>25</sup> p. m. õ <sup>10</sup> p. m.			"				"							C200	75-35	
		: 550 D. m.		**					**			25°5	2400	20,98	37.90	C 200 Hy	35-0 750-0	150
10	30/s 10	U10 a. m.	41°10	2023	780	m.	Cloudy	E	4	E	4	25-6	24 0	20,56		Y 200	25	30
rr	"	248 a.m.							. "							N 30 P 100	Surf.	10 10
*		250 a. m.		*			*					:				Y 200	600	30
**	707.10	3ºs a. m. 5ºs a. m.	41917	2013	150	m.	Cloudy	E	4	E	4	23°0	24°0			Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	60 10
11	20/410	550 a m	41 31	2-10	130		and any						0.107	00.00	37.86	P 100 P 30	Surf. Surf.	10
212	50/e 10	1165 p. m.	40°33	1°18′	> 150		Cloudy	ESE	1 1	ESE	3	23°5 23°0	24°7 27°6	20.9h	34.80	Y 200	25	15
213	31/8 10	3º0 a. m.	40°14	0°54	75	m.	Cloudy	N.M.	3	NW	3		21-0			N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10
		350 a.m.									:	:	:	:		Y 200	95	lő
*		360 a. m.							1:							D1	200 250	15 30
		4º5 a.m. 5º0 a.m.			"						4				:	M D1	350	60
14	31/8 10	1145 a. m.	39°39	0.39.	165	s. sh.	Clear	E	3	E		24°50	24°55	20.92	37.79	Hy	150-0	30
*		000 a.m.	. 11		540 500	m.						23°4	25°02	20.79	37.56	Hy	1500 1000-0	20 135
15	31, 10	200 p. m. 1700 p. m.	39°14	0°52′			Clear	E	1	NE	3			20.15	J1.JG	Y 200	25	30
"		9º0 p. m.														N 30 P 100	Surf.	10
		930 p. m.		,,				*			H		*	100	37.32	Y 200	25	30
216	10 10	510 a m.			> 85		Clear	0		E	3	23°0	25°0	20,66	31.32	N 30   P 100	Surf.	10
,10	-10 10	520 a. m.	í							SE.	2	2304	2108	20.42	36.89	Hv	2000-0!	165
217	10 10			1°48′	>2000	m.	Cloudy	0		36						X 200 X 30	300 Surf.	15 10
		140 p.m.		"					1							P 100	Surf.	10
		148 p. m.								ENE	4					Y 200 i	Surf.	30 10
218	21p 10			2°57′	ca.2000		Clear	ENE	3							P 100	Surf.	10
		210 a. m.							:					00.21	90.71	Y 200	300 950—0	30 135
"		1 245 a. m.										22°0 23°5	23°5 23°7	20.34 20.35	36.74 36.76	Hy P 30	Surf.	
	1 10	1 3th a. m.		1049	> 280	. "	Clear	E	G	ENE	6	2002	18°8	20.24		Y 2001	25	30
219	3/0 10	745 p. m.	1	0.42	> 350		Clear	E	5	Е	5		19.0		30.00	N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10
220	1/0 10	215 a. m.			7500											1	J	
		210 a. m.		w.	1			ENE	3	NE	-1				-	D 2 Y 200	25	15
221	4/0 10	400 p. m.	35°44	0°53	37-15	st.	Clear	FIRE				23°5	23°1	20.26	36.60	N 30	Surf.	10
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	606 p. m.		11	30													

Sta-					D	Jo E		Win	ıd	Sea		Temp	erature	Sur	face		Wire	Du
lon Nr.	Date	,Hour	Posit Lat. N.		Depth Meters	Nature o	Weather	Direction 0-12		Direction 0—12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl "leo	Soloo	Gear	Meters	hau mi ut
21	46 10	640 p.m.	35°44′	0°53′	30	sl.	Clear	ENE	3	NE	4	23°5	23°1	20.26	36.60	P 100	Surf.	1
22	10 10	812 p. m. 1020 p. m.	35053	ñ°57′	ca, 2000		Clear	NNE	2	NE	4	22°8	22083	20.28	36.64	Hy Y 200	800-0 25	15
p		1120 p.m.												"		Y 200 N 30	300 Surf.	3
		1128 p.m.														P 100	Surf.	1
3	b/e 10	455 a, m.	36°13′	1°28′	>2000		Cloudy	NNE	2	NE	4				*	Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	1
	n.	440 a. m										*				P 100 Y 200	Surf. 300	1
	15	468 a. m. 550 a. m.	:					:		. :		"	"			Y 200	2000	1 3
	h	715 a. m. 1035 a. m.									:	22°8	22°9	20.24	36.56	Hy Y 200	2000-0 2000	16
4	6/e 40	500 p. m.	36°33'	2000	> 950		Overcast	Ē	1	Ē	3	24°0	23°7	20.28	36.64	Нy	9500	12
		720 p. m.														Y 200 N 30	300 Surf.	1
		745 p. m.				**						"			"	P 100 Y 200	Surf.	]
5	* lo 10	750 p.m. 350 a.m.	36°35'	2000	200	:	Cloudy	0		0		2200	22°6		"	Y 200	25 25	1
-	-1910	385 a. m.	30-30	3-00	200		Cloudy					22-0	25 0			N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	]
6	6/0 10	3≈ p. m.	Malaga	Roads	23	m.	Cloudy	sw	2	sw	1	26°0	24°0		"	D1		
7	% 10	5 <sup>85</sup> p. m.	36°33'	4°25'	99	cl, sh.	Cloudy	SW	2	sw	1	25°0	23°6		"	Y 200 N 30	25 Surf.	3
		540 p. m.		"												P 100	Surf.	1
8	10 10	Osu a. 111.	36°02'	5°06′	> 800		Cloudy	W	2	W	2					Y 200 N 30	1200 1145	
		185 a. m.											"			Y 200	300	
-		200 a.m.										"		,,	п	N 30 P 100	Surf.	1
:	:	240 p. m. 345 a. m.		:	:						:	"				Y 200	25 1600	18
		400 a. m.			720	cl.						19°4	18°42	20.18	36.45	D I Hy	700-0	15
							A	tlantic :	and C	hannel.								
9	*/* 10	4rs a. m.	35°51'	5°58°			Overcast	SSW	2	sw	2			,,		Y 200	25	. 3
:		500 a. m. 500 a. m.			343	el.	, p							. "		P 100	Surf.	]
*	•	816 a. m.			485		Cloudy	SW	3			20°2	21°45	20.16	36.42	Y 200 Hy	300 4750	10
•	lr .	1008 a. m.		*	la .		"		*							N 50 N 50	Surf.	1
0	% 10	1116 a. m. 915 p. m.	35°57'	6°00′ 7°16′	> 950	st.	Cloudy	WSW	3 2	WSW	3	21°0	21°0	20.09	36.29	Hy	Surf. 275-0	(
*		10% p. m.					"	*		14.11	3	20°04	21930	20.16	36.42	Dì Hy	1600 9500	15
+	*I <sub>9</sub> 10	015 a. m.													"	Y 200	25	3
	:	0to a. m. 1ta a. m.					:			*						N 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	]
	Ţ	215 a. m.									*	"	u	"	**	Y 200	300	1
		319 a. m.													*	Y 200 N 30	1200 1145	9
32	9/, 10	4°5 a. in. 700 p. in.	36°28	9°06	ea. 3500					"			"	"	"	Y 200 Y 200	25 25	3
	10 10	850 p. m.	30 20		ca. 3000		Cloudy	NNW	2	NNW	3	20°7	22°5	20.25	36.58	Hy	950-0	10
		que n m					1			"	"			"	11	Y 200 N 60	25 Surf.	1
		1 923 p. m.								:				**	*	P 100	Surf.	1
:	:	1035 p. m. 1146 p. m.	:	,	:					11			"		:	Y 200 Y 200	300 1000	3
33	10 עומי	500 a. m.	36°49'	9°15′	658		Cloudy	NNW	2	NNW	3	1000	1001			Y 200 Y 200	2000	:
34	101 10	519 a. m.	20010	00000						11411		19°5	1901	19.91		N 50	25 Surf.	1
5·1	10/9 10	5 <sup>14</sup> p. m. 5 <sup>20</sup> p. m.		9020	910	cl.	Cloudy	N	2	NNW	2	:			*	P 100 D 1	Surf. 1200	24 24
"	:	r. p. m.				**		:	1:			20°0	19°3	19.88	35.91	Hy	875-0	ç
"		830 p. m	-					:	:	:				0		N 50 N 50	25-0 100-25	10
		9.0 p. m. 9.6 p. m.					Clear	Ň			:					N 50 N 50	200—95 700-200	
									1	N	2							

Sta-	Date	Hour	Posi	tion	Depth	re of		Wir	d	Sec		Temp	crature	Su	face		Wire	Dura-
Nr.	Date	11001	Lat. N.	Long.	Meters	Nature of bottom	Weather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur-	Cl º100	S 9199	Genr	out Meters	baulin min- utes
234	10 fo 10	950 p. m.	38°10.	9°20'	910	cl.	Cloudy	N	1	N	2	20°0	19°30	19.88	35.91	P 100	Surf.	10
u	н	10 <sup>20</sup> p. m. 11 <sup>20</sup> p. m.	*			-			111	"			ø	10	4	N 50 Y 200	Surf. 300	10 30
17	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		200001		*			19							-	Y 200	1000	30
235	11/0 10	500 a. m.	38038	9°25′	110	m.	Clear	ENE	1	N	3	19°5	18°02	19.90	35.95	Y 200 N 50	25 Surf.	30
		5º5 a. m.		**	b		*									P 100	Surf.	10
236	13/9 10	1100 p. m.	39°56′	9°26′	> 100		Misty	0	0	N	3	18°5	19°04	19.72	35.62	Y 200 N 50	25	30
		1100 p. m.	"		**											P 100	Surf.	10
237	14/0 10	750 a. m	10°51′	9°28′	> 1300		Misty	N	2	Ň.	4	1800	19°12	19.77	35.71	P 30	Surf.	
238	14/0 10	540 p. m.	41°56′	9°30′		.0	Clear	NNE	7	NNE	7	20°5	19°38	19.80	35.77	P 30	Surf.	
239	16/0 10	510 a. m.	13°02	9°25′	> 100		Clear	NNE	3	NNE	4	17°5	1404	19.74	35.66	Y 200 N 50	25 Surf.	30
	"	515 a. m.		4												P 100	Surf.	10
240	10/0 10	880 p. m.	44°34′	8°16′	>4000		Cloudy	ENE	4	N	5	16°5	17°34	19.69	35.57	Y 200	25	15
		960 p. m.			"											Y 200 N 50	300 Surf.	15 10
	.,	905 p. m.		H												P 100	Surf.	10
	-	910 p. m.														Y 200	1000	30
241	10/0 10	719 a. m.		7°33'	>4000		Cloudy	E	5	N	5	17°0		19.68	35.57 35.57	P 30	Surf. 950-0	90
242	10/9 10	410 p. m.	46019	6°48′	>4000		Cloudy	E	4	N W	4	16°8	17°34	19.09	30.01	C 200	1350	60
9	"	766 p. m. 1020 p. m.	"											fr.		Y 200	65	15
		10 <sup>25</sup> p. m.														P 100 P 30	Surf.	10 10
		1 .														Y 200	65	30
		,1055 p. m.		"		. "				N	5	16°5	17°2	19.60	35.41	Y 200	65	30
243	17/20	460 a. m.	46°43	6°28′	> 4270		Cloudy	Е	4	N	1	10.0	11 -	15.00	50.11	P 30 P 100	Surf. Surf.	10
,,	. 4	-100 a. m.	P		11			in in	5	NW, SE	4.5	170	16081	19.65	35.50	Hv	940-0	40
244	17/8 10	920 a. m.	17°08	6°08′	> 900		Overcast	E	1			1.0	10 01		-	Y 200	1000	30
*	"	986 a. m.	. 0	tr	"					"					-	P 30	Surf. Surf.	10
	.,	1030 a. m.								.00	. #				•	P 100	250	30
245	17/0 10	420 p. m.	47914	6°02′	182, 330	crl.,sh.	Misty	E	3	N	5	17°5	16°52			P 30	Surf.	10
		426 p. m.														P 100 Y 200	Surf. 400	10 120
		515 p. m.		,	330, >460	st.									:	Y 200	65	30
	**	750 p. m.		17	> 460		. 0	ENE	2	SE	4			:		Y 200	65	30
		815 p. m.			> 460			BNE								Y 200	150 65	15 15
		855 p. m.			100										"	Y 200 Y 200	100	15
040		955 p. m		5°23	90	st.	Misty	Е	3	NE	3	16°5	14°6	19.52	35.26	P 30	Surf.	10
246	18jo 10			-			Busey							p		P 100	Surf.	10 15
	n	820 a. m		a	"			N	3	N	2	14°5	1208	19.51	35.25	Y 200 P 30	65 Surf.	10
247	10/0 10	836 p. m	. 48°43	4°45	>100	**	Misty	1	1							P 100	Surf.	10
		810 p. m			*			.,		N.E.	5	12°5	15°12	19 33	34.92	Y 200	65 Surf	15 10
218	20/0 10	1		2020	> 100		Cloudy	NE	5	NE		12 0	13 32			P 30 P 100	Surf.	10
	19.10	930 p. m												1		Y 200	65	15
W	"	1	1	E	- 50		Squally	NE	3	NE	3	1205	16°30			P 30	Surf.	10
249	21/0 10	1150 p. in		1°15		1	; Squany									B 100	Surf.	10
		11 as p. m							1	1								

## 2. Stations of the "Thor" in the Atlantic S. of Ireland 1905 and 1906.

	Z. Stations of	1905.			Y 200 G5 30	
80.05	" 20° p. m. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	sty E 1	N 2	14°5 13°36 19.56 35.31 17°5 14°11 19.66 35.52 16°0 13°8 19.66 35.62	P 100 Surf. 5 V 200 25 30 V 200 65 30 P 100 Surf. 5 V 200 25 30	

The Danish Occurographical Expedition.

Sta-			1		D -11	50 g		Win	d	Sea		Temp	erature	Sur	face	0	Wire	tion
ion Nr.	Date	Hour	Lat.	Long. W.	Depth Meters	Nature	Weather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0 -12	Air	Sur- face	Cl %	Sºloo	Gear	out Meters	hau mi ut
1.05	14/0 ()5	220 a.m.	51°32	12°03′	1090, 1330	[ [. s,	Cloudy	ssw	4	sw	5	16°3	13°8	19.66		Y 330 Y 330	200 300	12 12
# 1	"	500 n m	"	н	1330,960			S	4		:		"			Y 330	300	1:
,	•	795 a. m. 1015 a. m.	h		960, 1420 1420, 1290	1		Š								Y 330	300	1 1:
# I	'n	100 p.m.		ts	1290, 1060			S	6	* "		1505	13°79	19,63	35.46	Y 330 Y 330	300 300	1:
	HJ <sub>0</sub> 05	1100 p. m.	21,00		1340	m.s.	Squally	SE by E	4	SE by E	6	15°5	13-19	10,00	55,40	Y 330	300	1:
• [	12/002	155 a.m. 415 a.m.	"	:	1020, 1370 1370, 1220	oz.	Cloudy	S Dy E		#		"	. "		11	Y 330	300	2
	,	S20 a. m.			1210							μ	:			Y 330 Y 330	600 1200	1:
		045 p. m. 345 p. m.			1350, 840 840, 1400				:							Y 330	800	1:
	11	640 p. m.			1400	,	Rain	SE	6			13°5	13°98	19.63	35.46	Y 330	200	1
33.05	16/005	320 a m.		10°30'	146	f. s.	Cloudy	SSW	1 6	SSW	7				"	Y 200 P 100	65 Surf.	1 :
H	*	3º5 a. m. 3º0 a. m.			:	:	:		:	**					-	Y 200	25	1
24.05	18] 05	S10 p m	51°24'	8018	95	s, sh.	Cloudy	S by E	5	S by E	5	14°4	14°25	19.50		Y 200 P 100	65	
•	**	815 n.m.	fr .			:				P				"		Y 200	Surf. 25	1
5.00	19/005	845 p. m. 745 a. m.	50°19	8°30	120	cl, s,	Squally	S by W	7	S by W	7	14º7	14°22	19.58	35.37	Y 200	65	1
		800 a. m.		*								**	. "			P 100	Surf. 25	1
8G.00	19/6 05	S <sup>20</sup> a. m. 7 <sup>40</sup> p. m.	19014	8°45	95	f. s.	Rain	ssw	8	sw	8	14°0	14005	19.59	35.39	Y 200 Y 200	65	1
	1602	700 D. DL	*	. 10		p			"				**	*		P 100	Surf.	
		8 <sup>55</sup> p.m. 9 <sup>10</sup> p.m.												**		Y 200 Y 200	150 65	
	*		420074	00001	0000		. "	ssw		ssw						Υ 200	300	( 1)
01.05 04.05	10 la 05 10 la 05	315 p. m. 845 p. m.	48°05′ 48°09′	8°29'	2000	f. y. s.	Squally Squally	SSW	7 7	SW	8				",	Y 200	300	111
		III n. m.		**	595, 608		Rain			SW.	9		11			Y 200	300	2
9.05	11/005	0 <sup>15</sup> p. m. 3 <sup>25</sup> p. m.	17033	7°40' 8°00	500, 300 885, 1012	f. s. m. s.	Clear	SSW Calın	2	SW SW	5	20°0 16°5	14°40	19.67	35.53	Y 330 Y 330	300 300	1:
P (6.	-	730 p. m.	41.41	8 00	1012, 830	III. E.	arear		. :			10.0	11 10	15.01	00,00	Y 330	500	i
		11 to p. m. 215 a. m.		•	1800, 1600;	oz.	Foggy	ENE	3	SW	4					Y 330	300	1
11.05	116 05	455 n. m.	179138	6019	1000, 740 1500, 903	m. s.	Clear	ENE	3	ENE	2	1600	14°07	19.71	35.61	Y 330 Y 330	300 500	1
		7° p. m.			903			**				Te .			₩	Y 330	300	
2,00	24/a ()5	5 <sup>65</sup> a. m. 5 <sup>63</sup> a. m.	18°55'	12°20	1150, 1360	cl. s.	Clear	E	1	W	4 "	1905	15°04	*	**	Y 330	300	1
		750 a m			1360, 1432										**	P 100 Y 330	Surf, 500	
12 0	10/605	930 a. m.	10005	10000	1432, 1310		· ·	11010							n	Y 330	200	. (
#	7600	310 h. m.	18-20	12-201	1280, 1310	cl. s.	Clear	ESE	4	W	4	ti 17	,			Y 330 P 100	300 Surf.	, ,
		500 p. m.			1310, 1350							n				Y 330	300	1:
	:	745 p. m. 1050 p. m.			1350, 1230 1230, 1270	"	:	ESE	5	*	"	16°2	14°61	19.63	35.47	Y 330	300	1
•	25/c O5	115 a. m.		b	1270, 1310			ESE	6				"			Y 330 Y 330	300 200	111
		4º0 a. m. 745 a. m.		-	1310, 1330 1330, 1440			e a			pr .		, n			Y 330	250	i
		1290 a. m.			1410, 1530	"		SE SE	6 2	SE	6			**		R.T R.T	2700	1
	1005 est	415 n m			1275, 1180			SE	3	SE	3	15°1	15°10	19.66	35.52	0	3000 2700	1
94.cc	27/a05	160 a. m. 545 a. m.	50°02	6020	1180, 1280 86	s. g.	Clear	Calm		ő	**	1704	14074	P P	. 11	Y 330	100	1 1
		560 a.m.		-		3. 6.						1704	14°74		35.26	Y 330	65	1
95.65	17/6 05	615 a. m. 163 p. m.	490=~	5°08	74	"	Misty	Д.	1	W	1			.,	" "	P 100 Y 330	Surf. 25	1
	.,00	200 n.m		9.00		st.	Cloudy	NW	1 "	NW	1	19°0	15°90			Y 330	65	1
		200 p. m.													#	P 100 Y 200	Surf. 90	
96.03	27/6 05	315 p.m. 745 p.m.		4°19	50	f. s.	Cloudy	NW	4	NW.	1	1000	1 . 0		. "	Y 200	25	
*		760 p.m.	10			#	#		,	N W		16°0	15°10	19.49	35.21	Y 200	65	1
97.03	19 605	3 <sup>3</sup> a m	50°12	3°14′	60	f. s.	Over-	CILA					19			P 100 Y 200	Surf. 25	1
		349 a. m.		0 19		n. S.	Overcast	SE	ā	SE	4	1400	14°82	"		Y 200	75	
*		410 a. m.		•					"							P 100 Y 200	Surf. 25	
								19	06.									
2706	116 06	360 a. m.	50°00	2°25′	69	st,	Cloudy	NNW	4	NW	1 4	, 7°5	1 0045	10.4-	05.5			
:	:	310 a. m. 405 a. m.		:	:				**		-1	. 1"0	8 45	19.45	35.14	Y 200 P 100	10 Surf,	1 (
		510 a. m.					:			**					"	Y 200	30	l e
			101			-	1 5		10		1 12	44	1 "			Y 200	75	1

Sta-	ъ.		Posi	llon	Depth	e of		Win	d	Sea		Temp	erature	Su	rface	1	Wire	Dura
ion Nr.	Date	Hour		Long. W.	Meters	Nature o	Weather	Direction		Direction 0 -12			Sur- face	CI 1/00	S 4100	Gear	out Meters	min- utes
7.04 8.18	1/5 0G	6 <sup>20</sup> a. ni. 1 <sup>40</sup> p. m.	50°08'		69 58	st. g.s.	Cloudy	NNW W	4 5	NW W	4 3	7°5 9°2	8°45 8°70	19.45 19.45	35.14 35.14	G Y200	69 10	1 hav 30
	"	1 <sup>15</sup> p. m. 2 <sup>15</sup> p. m.	"	n n	*	h						"			*	P 100	Surf.	5
9.00	1/6 06	.1° D. m.	50°15′		30	g.	Cloudy	WNW	6	w	2	902	8070	19.45	35.14	Y 260 P 100	Surf.	30 5
0.06	715 06	δ <sup>15</sup> a.m. δ <sup>11</sup> a.m.	20°11.	4°18′	õ1	st.	Misty	ssw	4	SW	4	9°8	9°13	19.45	35.14	Y 200	10	30
	**	615 a. m.	, "				"		:			*				P 100 Y 200	Surf.	5 30
1.00	75.06	I to p. m. 145 p. m.	49°45′	4012	98	S.	Misty	SE	2	w	5	14°6	9°90	19.53	35.28	Y 200	10	30
		215 p. m.		N									"			P 100 Y 200	Surf. 50	5 30
	7/5 06	250 p. in. 1015 p. m.	48°40	590.1	113		Rain	ENE	2	w		1001	9091	19.59	35.39	Y 200 Y 200	120	30 30
2.491	13 00	10°0 n. m.	10 10	9 04	13.7	S.	nain.	ENE	2	"	5	10-1	9-51	19.55	30.33	P 100	120 Surf.	5
	ir	10 <sup>50</sup> p. m. 11 <sup>25</sup> p. m.		N		*	*									Y 200	50 10	30
C) thi	15 06	109a a. m.	18,000	4°52′	35	st.	Misty	NNE	3	w.	5	160	10°30	19.11	35.07	Y 200	15	30
	**	10% a. m.	а	*		*				"					u	P 100 T 210	Surf.	30
17 15 to:	al 5 06	10 <sup>25</sup> a. m. 0 <sup>65</sup> p. m.	47°55′	4°52′	50	st.	Misty	NNE	9	<i>M</i> .	ŏ	160	10°30	19.11	35.07	Y 200	15 60	30
5 00			47°05′	4°26′	146	sh.	Clear	NNE	2	11.	4	12°5	12°20	19.51	35.25	Y 200	10	30 5
P .	"	7 <sup>10</sup> p. m. 8 <sup>10</sup> p. m.				"	:							"	:	Y 100 Y 200	Surf.	30
			u	u									"			Y 200	175 25	30
	rel2 06	210 a. m. 220 a. m.	44021	2°37′	1140	m.	Misty	M.	3	W	3		:		:	Y 330 P 100	Surf.	30 5
"	"	255 a. m.	",		1125	"						н	19			Y 330	300	120
		565 a. 10.		*	1125		*	W by N	3	WNW	4					Y 330 Y 330	1250 800	120 120
"	"	9°5 a. m. 0°5 p. m.	"		1050, 1035 1035, 1095	m.	-				u	14°5				Y 330 Y 330	300	120
7.06	10/5 06	. 705 n m	44001		1400	ın.	Cloudy	N	3	NW	4	1206	13°13	19.70	35.59	Y 330 P 100	Surl.	120
"	*	7 <sup>15</sup> p. m. 9 <sup>25</sup> p. m.		**				"								Y 330	200	120
	11/5 06	300 a. m.	43°52	2°27′	1290	m.	Cloudy	NNW	2	NW	4	:	:		7	¥ 330 P 100	250 Surf.	120
	11/2 06	310 a.m. 900 a.m.	12039	9.07	1420		Overcast	Ë	1	E	1				. 1	Y 300	300	120
		965 a. m.		r,					i	Ē	ĩ	tt R		:		P 100 Y 330	Surf. 100	5 30
0.06	11/6 (16	115 n m	43°23′	2002	110		Overcast							u		P 100	Surf.	5
1,06	14/5 06	1º0 p. m. 6º0 p. m.	43°23'	2001	102	f. s.	Cloudy	WNW	4	W	3	15°3	15°0	19.22	31.72	Y 330 P 100	J20 Surf.	120 š
	•		. "	"		:										Y 330	(20	120
**	"	S <sup>45</sup> p. m. 11 <sup>00</sup> p. m.		PP.	-					WXW.	7		:			Y 330 Y 200	15 (X)	120
2.06	15/5 OG	grada. In	43°31′		348	m.	Rain	WNW	7	11.77.11		,				P 100	Surf. 1	5 60
"	17	925 a. m. 1026 a. m										4	"			Y 200 Y 200	70 15	60
"		1133 a. m.			1128		Cloudy	NW	3	NW	4	14°2		19.37	34.99	Y 330	100	120
3.06	1012 06	215 p. m. 220 p. m.	43°37′	2008	1500	m.	didday			,		:	:		11	L 100	Surf.   1500	120
"	**				1500, 180			N	3	:						Y 330	250	120 120
"	101° 09	245 a. m. 510 a. m.		"	1650, 1030 1030, 1290					"		u	, ,,	:		Y 330 Y 330	600 1500	120
11		810 a. m.			1290, 980		Olan la	NW	4	NW	4	15°5	15°70	17.00	30.72	Y 330	50	30
	16/5 00	400 p. m	43°58°	1°27′	40	g.	Cloudy					*		:		P 100   Y 330	Surf.	30
"		316 p. m. 316 p. m.		n		**	01 lu	NNW	4	NNW	5	1202	14°88	18.92	31.18	Y 330;	60	
5.00	10/n 06	730 p. m.	44-19	1001	125	f. s.	Cloudy				*					Y 330	Surf.	120
6 06	171, 06	740 p. m. 146 u. m.	11	2017	1360	m.	Squally	NNW	6	NZM.	6					P 100	Surf.	5
#	* 15 00	185 a. m.		n	1380, 1530	14						805	13°01	19.61	35.43	Y 330 Y 330	300	120 120
17 oc	17/6 06	4 <sup>35</sup> a. m. 2 <sup>26</sup> p. m.	45°00°	2007	1015		Squally	NNW	6	NNW.	6	1205		10.00		P 100	Surf.	õ
		2 2 D. m.		. 44			Squally	NNW	6	NNW	6	800	12°36	-	:	Y 330 P 100	300 : Surf.	120
8.06	181º OE	100 n. m.	40 40	3047					1	NNW	5	9°8	12°03	19.69	35.67	Y 330	300	120
19,00	18/5 06	200 a. m. 1015 a. m.	46°13′	1024	1560, 590	m.	Squally	NN.M.		WIN III				*		P 100 Y 330	Surf. :	5 120
*	. 0	1050 a. m.			590, 1140					NXW	5	9°0	11054	19.71	35.61	Y330	300	120
50.00	10/2 06	1 to p. m. 220 a. m.	46°50	5°22'	740, >1500	m.	Cloudy	NNW	4				-			P 100 Y 330	Surf. 300	5 120
	100	2 <sup>30</sup> a. m. 3 <sup>00</sup> a. m.					Cloudy	NNE	3	7.41.	3	12°5	11°36	(9.10	35.00	1 3-10	343	120



sta-					Meters	° €		Win	d	Sea	-	Temp	erature	Sur	face	Gear	Wire	tlone
ion Nr.	Date	Hour	Posi Lat. N.	Long. W.	Depth	Nature o bottom	Weather	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Air	Sur- face	Cl %	S 6100	Gear	Meters	hauli min- utes
1.06	2015 OG	315 a. m.	48°07′	9°03	860, 1920	m. s.	Cloudy	NNE	3 2	NW NW	3 2	12°5 10°2	11°36 11°71	19.70 19.66	35.60 35.52	P 100 Y 330	Surf. 300	5 120
2.00	21/5 06	025 a.m.	48 13	1200	1860, 1910	ın,	Misty	N.H.	"			η	R	P	n	P 100	Surf.	5
19		315 a. m.		"	1910, 1945	40						:		#1	" "	Y 330 Y 330	300	120 120
3.08	21/2 OG	610 a. m. 005 p. m.	48°55'	12003	1945 1174, 1080	m. s.	Cloudy	SSE	4	Ň	5	14°5		19.67	35.53	Y 330	300	120
1.06	21/s 06	4 55 n.m.	19013	11°58′	940, 975 1220, 1330	m.	Cloudy	SSE	6	NE NE	5 - 0	12°5 9°7	11°70 11°34	19.64	35.48	Y 330 Y 330	300 300	120 120
	22/2 OG	955 p. m. 105 a. m.			1330	.00	Cloudy			SE	7			- 11	"	Y 330	200	120
5.00	*215 06	9∞ p. m.	51°24'	10°20	130	f. s.	Squally	NE	6	S	6	8°0	10°20	19.00	35.34	Y 330 Y 330	150 25	60 G0
	13/s OG	115 a. m.	51°58	10°25′	75	el.	Cloudy	ENE	3	S	õ	8°5	9°70	19.48		Y 330 P 100	80	GC
		4º0 n. m. 5º0 a. m.		*										. "	"	Y 330	Surf. 25	60
9.06	30 alec	925 a.m.	51°58	10°25	81	st.	Squally	SW	5	SW.	5	10°47	10071		"	Y 330	100	60
"	:	9 <sup>10</sup> a. m. 10 <sup>10</sup> a. m.		*			:								"	P 100 Y 330	Surf, 25	60
	ы	1116 a. m.														Y 330	60	60
-	11	0°5 p. m. 1°5 p. m.		:	80		Foggy							"	**	Y 330 Y 330	80 40	60
	,,	250 p. m.				"								p		Y 330	10	60
" 0.00	**/s 06	10% p. m. 10% p. m.	51°27	11010	84 202	s, sh.	Rain	wsw.	4	w	5	1100	10090	19.51	35 30	Y 330 Y 330	120 250	45 60
"	"	1025 p. m.				"						*		*	"	P 100	Surf.	5
	31/s 06	1155 p. m. 00 a. m.			198		Overcast Clear	N.M.	5	NW	4			"		Y 330 Y 330	70 50	60
1.00		745 a. m.		11°39	1320, 1020	m.	Squally	NW	5	NW	5	*				Y 330	300	120
:	:	8 <sup>65</sup> a. m. 10 <sup>76</sup> a. m.	:		1020, 1420								"	"		P 100 Y 330	Surf. 400	120
'n		1 03 n. m.			1420, 1300			N	U							Y 330	500	120
~		350 p. m. 680 p. m.	:		1300, 1450 1450		Misty	WXW	6	NW.	6	1100	11°55	"		Y 330 Y 330	600 800	120
	41.00	9" p. m.	"	12044	2180	19	**		7				**		,	Y 330	300	120
2.06	41c 06 51c 06	955 p. m. 015 a. m.	90-26	13-44			Cloudy	SE.	4	S	ő	15°0	12000	*		Y 330 Y 330	300 200	120 120
3.00	5/a ()6	2 <sup>15</sup> n. m. 5 <sup>50</sup> p. m.	19027	120001	2775 2140							n				Y 330	1500	120
1.00	^/∘ 0G	110 <sup>25</sup> n. m.	19°17'	14°03			Cloudy	Calm Calm		S	3	14°8 12°5	13°15 13°01	19.65 19.69	35.50	Y 330 Y 330	300 300	120
 5.06	% 06	250 a. m. 760 a. m.		14052	6020		Misty				2			25		Y 330	200	120
i.06	06 ala	1315 p. m.	18°13'	15°17′		,	Misty	F 0	1	S	2	15°5 22°5	13°35 18°25	19.65		Y 330 Y 330	300	120
7		350 p. m. 500 p. m.	:									N	10 20	,,		Y 330	400	i GC
		555 p. m.	"	**		b	- 4				:	1309	13°70	19.71	25.61	G Y 330	1000 200	40 60
7.06	*ta 06	103 a. m. 350 a. m.	48°237	14°16′	>1000	,,	Cloudy Misty	SE	2	SE	3		"	W	30.01	Y 330	200	120
		500 a. tn.	**	100.00	* 1000				"	"		13°5	13°30	19.68	35.55	Y 330 An. T	10 1700	120
8.00 9.00	7/e OG	350 p. m. 1050 p. m.		12°40' 12°41'		"	Glear Glear	E	3	E	4	13°0	13°30	19.66	35.52	Y 330	400	60
0.00	*/e 06	30 a. m.	47°20′	12°23	>4000	*	Misty	E	3	Ē	1 4	12°3 12°0	13°37 13°27	19.69 19.68	35.57 35.55	Y 330 Y 330	200 200	60
1.00	1/4 06	5% a. in. 2% p. m.	48°05'	11°50	>4000		Clear	NE	ľ	NE				"	"	Y 330	300	60
		315 p. m.								" NE	1	19°8	14°59	19.69	35.58	Y 330 Y 330	400 300	60
2.06	8/0 06	320 p. m. 900 p. m.	48011	11°30	2600	n n	Clear	NE	1	NE	2				"	P 100	Surf.	10
3 06	010 OG	1015 p. in. 320 a. m.	20	12°05	1340							13°4	13°75	19.69	35.58	Y 330 Y 330	300 200	60
		: 450 a. m.		*		"	Clear	NE	2	NE	2	12°7	13°25	19.69	35.57	Y 330	200	60
4.00	9la 06	10 <sup>50</sup> a. m. 1 <sup>50</sup> p. m.	49°23		1170	"	Clear	NE	1	w	2				U	Aa. T	400	60
		325 p. m.			1250		:								"	Y 330 An 2	100 2000	60
27		650 p. m. 950 p. m.			1250 1215	. AT					. "			"		An 2	2400	60
	10/6 06	010 a. m.		:	1216			:	"			D				An 2	2400 2500	60 60
		310 a. m. 605 a. m.	:		1245 1245, 1298	"		"			:				17	Y 330	100	120
,,		1125 a. m.	**	*	1298	1/ B		"	"						- 11	Y 330 Y 330	200 2000	120
5.00	10/006	4 <sup>30</sup> p. m. 8 <sup>15</sup> p. m.	49020			, ,,	Clear	NE	3	NE	2	1807	14°78		35.59	D 2	1400	30
		1120 D. m.		:		0	Foggy				*	15°5	14041	ti N	 	An 2 An 2	2800 2800	90
	14/9/06	100 a. m.			11		"-00.		1:							Aa2	400	120

ita-			Posi	tlon	Depth	Jo a		Win	d	Sea		Temp	erature	Su	rface	1	Wire	Dur
ion Nr.	Date	Hour	Lat. N.		Meters	Nature o	Wenther		Force 0—12	Direction 0-12		Air	Sur- face	CI º100	Solon	Gear	out Meters	haul mir ute
	11/0 06	4 <sup>30</sup> a. m.	49°20	12°39′	1520		Foggy	NE	3	NE	2	15°5	14°41	19.70	35.59	An 2	1500	13
0.06	11/4 06	300 p. m. 615 p. m.	49"2(	13033	> 2600			NE	3	NE	2	13°5	11º5			Y 200 Y 200	2800 800	120
		915 n m		**		,		NE	5	NE	4					D2	2800	30
"	12/006	020 a m. 240 a.m.				4	Cloudy	NE	4		*	*				Y 330	100	120
		' o" a. m.	"	**							:	"				Y 330 Y 330	200	120
"		uu am.			2100	y. s.				**		1397	13°61			D2	2700	60
7.06	13/6 06	115 a. m. 640 p. m.	50°15	11°53′	>2000		Overcast	NE	6	NЕ	6	12°3	13°06			Y 330	200	G
8.06	1800	900 p. m.		lir .	475		Cloudy	NNE	6	NE	6	1205	12084	:		Y 330 Y 330	300 200	120 60
9.06	16/a 06	1 130 a. tn.	51°37′		210	f. y. s.	Squally	NE	4	NE	6	1306	13047	19.58	35 38	Y 330	200	G
"	. "	250 a. m. 400 a. m.	1 4	*		"					N					Y 330 Y 330	300 100	60
Ü.ngi	16/6 06	930 a. m.	61034		1040	y. s.	Cloudy	ESE	3	NE	3	14°5	13004	19.66	35,52	Y 330	100	120
"	"	046 p. m.	,,,	"	960											Aa2	1900	90
10		345 p. m. 636 p. m.		:	1140 1140		Clear	ENE	3		22	:				Aa 2 Y 200	1900 1200	120
		905 n m	"	7	1140		Clear									Y 330	250	120
	" 05			IT		"	Cloudy	NNE	3	NNE	3	tr				Y 330	200	120
	17/a 06 18/a 06	200 a.m. 201 a.m.	51908	12005	1200	cl.	Cloudy	NNW	2	Ň	3	12°5	13058	19.66	35.52	Y 330 Y 330	900	120
3.00	20 la O6	1020 a. m.	51°58	10°25′	81	st.	Misty	S by W	ō	W	5	14°7	12°62		11	Y 330	100	e (
	.,	il125 a. m.		11		10		10				ir				Y 330 Y 330	60 25	60
*		036 p. m. 140 p. m.	0	"				:	"	"			13035	19.47	35.17	Y 330	120	GU
1.00	31/0 OG	1 2º a. Di.	52°54'	9°36	60	f. y. s.	Misty	sw	3	SW	3					Y 330	60 100	GC
	19	250 a. m.		**	70	"	:			"	n nr	"				Y 330 Y 330	120	60
	*	315 a. m. 456 a. m.		"	*											Y 330	25	GO
	"	700 a. m.					Rain	SSW	3	W	4	14020	13064	19.08	34.47	Y 330 Y 200	25 25	30
		1105 p. m.	50°14'	4°24	60	f.s.	Rain	SW	2	SW	2	14°5	15°70	19.47	35.11	P 100	Surf.	5
	"	1110 p. m 1145 p. m.		"						-						Y 200	150	30
5.06	24/× 06	1140 a. m.	49°49	6°20	72	st.	Cloudy	W	5	W	G	18°5	13°87	19.19	35.21	Y 200 P	25 Surf.	30
	*	1150 a. m.				"										Y 200	140	GO
n G.ne	23/8 06	015 p. m. 200 p. m.	50°40	9°32	125	s.	Overcast	SW by S	3	SW	5	1703	15°74	19.18	35.20	Y 200 P 100	200 Surf.	60
		210 p. m.	**	*	1000 1000			W by S	5	w	4	1704	15961	19.55	35.32	Y 200	300	120
	26/s OG	810 a.m.	51°28	11°50′	1220, 1300	y. s.	Cloudy	W by S				11.4	10 01			P 100	Surf.	5
"		1000 a. m.			1300, 1160								:			Y 330 Y 350	200 350	$\frac{120}{60}$
		105 p. m.			1100, 1350 1350, 1280	"										Y 330	500	- 90
17	. "	245 p. m 455 p. m.			1280, 1160								. 4			Y 330 Y 330	300	60
# B.oc	2016 06	1050 p. m.	51°30	11°37′	390	y. s.	Overcast		3	11.	4		16°59		1 :	1 100	Surt.	60 5
tr		10 m p m.							:	:						Y 330	300	300
" "	== J# 06	1155 p. m. 420 p. m.	51957	10027	470, 450 77	f. s.	Clear	S	4	SW	3	17°8	15°41	19.53	35.28	Y 330 P 100	65 Surf.	60
*	#	420 p. m.	4	11					1:			:				Y 330	150	30
	Hr or a	530 p. m.	. w	11000	S0 178	f. s.	Clear	s	7	S	-G	16°0	15°35	19.58	35.37	Y 330 P 100	250	60
1.00	201-06	1015 p. m. 1025 p. m.	DI 40	11-00	170	"				Š	6	15°0	15°80			Y 330	Surf. 260	120
 2 od	50/H 06	1 115 a. m.	51934	11°24′	230, 260	f. s.	Cloudy	SSE	5			*			*	P 100:	Surf.	5
		200 a. m. 540 a. m.	50021	11037	540, 390	y. s.	Cloudy	S	5	_	6	16°0	15°94	1		L 100	Surf.	120
3.00	38/m OG	515 a. m.	**	n							:		2			J. 330	200	60
*		816 a. m.	1 .	"	390, 450 400, 370	f. s.	Cloudy	Sby E	4	S	5	18°3	14°:10	19.58		Y 330 P 100	Surf.	60
1.06	aul. 06	0°5 p. m. 0°5 p. m.	51°16	11,231	**	1. 3.			Ar .	200	1	18°3	16°38	*		Y 330	300	60
5.00	30/8 06	215 p. m.	51011		930, 970	y. s.	Cloudy	SSE	5	SSE		10-3	10 30			P 100	Surf.	5
4		250 p. m.	1 0	U	970, 1010				-					-		Y 330 Y 330 Y 330	1500 25	48
		4 <sup>20</sup> p. m. 5 <sup>20</sup> p. m.		**	1010		. "			"	*	:		:	:	¥ 330	1050	60
		700 p. m.		17	1050											Y 330	300	G(
		, 815 p. m.		N .	1050, 770 770, 575									*	"	Y 330 Y 330	300	黄椒
ti m	te H	1050 p. m. 1155 p. m.	"		. 880			0011	5	"S	4	:				Y 330	200	90
	31/8 06	135 a. m.	- 4		880, 1030	n		SSW				н	17000	10.00	95.10	Y 330 Y 330	300	90 120
				11051	1030 1125, 1075	oz.	Misty	SSW	5	SW	5	1800	17022	19.03	50.10	1 100	557	4-0

B

Sta-			i		Donath	o g		Win	d	Sen		Temp	erature	Sur	face		Wire	Dura- tion o
Nr.	Date	Hour		ition Long. W.	Depth Meters	Nature of Bottom	Weather		Force 0-12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	Āir	Sur- face	Cl ºleo	S º/eo	Gear	out Meters	haul in min- utes
76.00	21/+ 06	935 p. m.	49°31'	11°51'		,,	Misty	ssw		sw		18°0	17022		35 46	P 100	Surf.	5
77.06	1/0 06	150 a. m. 140 a. m.	10030,	11°38′	550	oz.	Misty	S by W	5	SW	5	16°9			"	Y 330 P 100	300 Surf.	120
		4" a. m.		,	640	"										L 330	250	120
"		. 8 <sup>10</sup> a. m.	H		1020											Y 330 Y 330	600 250	60 60
78.0c	2/006	10 <sup>35</sup> a.m. 3 <sup>15</sup> a.m.	48004	12°40'	4000		Squally	w	3	W	5	16°8	-		"	Y 330 Y 330	300	120
		329 a m					*		"	u			*			P 100 Y 330	Surf. 600	60
	»	540 a.m. 705 a.m.	1		:			WK	4							Y 330	1000	60
		915 a. m.			* **				3			18°5	18°40	19.68	35.55	Y 330	1800	120
79.00	2/a 06	9 <sup>30</sup> p. m. 9 <sup>10</sup> p. m.	17020	15053	> 1000	:	Cloudy	NNW	3 "	NW	4	18°5	19°38	"	<i>11</i>	Y 330 P 100	300 Surf.	120
	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>9</sub> 06	090 a. m.														Y 330	600	120
80.00	3/9 Ori	340 a. m. 6°3 p. in.		13953	> 4000		Clear	ZZW.	ı"	NW	2	18°5 17°0	19°38 17°52	19.71 19.66	35.61 35.52	Y 330 Y 330	1800 1800	120 60
	*	510 m m	1 4		,		m.					11.0	"	#	00.02	P 100	Surf.	5
											"			"	"	Y 330	25 300	30
81.00	4/0 (16	900 p. m. 750 a. m.	49°22'	12°52'	1350		Cloudy	w	2	NW.	4	2805	17.83	:		Y 330 Y 330	300	60 60
	•	800 a. m.		-				*					**			P 100	Surf.	ñ
-	:	910 a. m. 1035 a. m.		*	:	:	b 11				:				*	Y 330 Y 330	1800	60
82 o	47₀ 06	645 p. m.			> 2200		Cloudy	WSW	2	M.	3	17°0	17062	19.66	35.52	Y 330	600	120
		6 <sup>to</sup> p. m. S <sup>∞</sup> p. m.			:		:				"	*	*	"	"	P 100 Y 330	Surf. 300	60
83.co	510 OG	445 a. m.	51°02′		630, 300	f. s	Squally	W	5	<i>M</i> .	5	16°7	16067	19.61	35.43	Y 330	300	120
	:	4 <sup>10</sup> a. m. 7 <sup>65</sup> a. m.		"	300, 500		7	"	*						*	P 100	Surf.	5
84.00	10 06	410 a. m.	52°02'	11°37′	325, 300	f. s.	Clear	w	6	W	6	14°5	15°51	**		Y 330 Y 330	300 300	150 120
85.00	7/006	4 <sup>20</sup> a. m. 8 <sup>33</sup> a. m.	5195C	11055	620, 630	f. s.	Cloudy	w	44	**		Pr .	**			P 100	Sur f.	ō
		10 <sup>90</sup> a. m.	n 100	11 00	630, 550	I. S.	Gloudy	"	G	W	6	18°2	16°14		**	Y 330 Y 330	300 600	60 60
-	:	10 <sup>10</sup> a. m. 11 <sup>25</sup> a. m.			550				10			"		,		F 100	Surf.	5
		145 n m			600	: !	. 1			*	0	"			"	Y 330	900 900	60
:	:	410 p. m. 645 p. m.			610,560							"	"		"	Y 330 Y 330	900	60 120
					560, 500	:	. 1	"				"		*		Y 330	COO	60
•	N 00	11 <sup>co</sup> p. m. 1 <sup>co</sup> a. m.			500, 420		Squally	NNW	5	"			#		**	Y 330 Y 330	300 250	120 120
	*ie 06	350 a. m.	:		420, 350 350, 400	: 1	. 1			*						Y 330	300	120
86.0	80 ei	825 p. in.	50°06'		600, 570		Cloudy	NNE	4	NW	5	1500	17022	19.64	25.40	Y 330 Y 330	400 300	90 60
	: 1	8 <sup>10</sup> p. m. 9 <sup>10</sup> p. m.		*	570, 170	*				"				#	W 10	P 100	Surf.	5
*					470							"	n 1			Y 330	300	60
:	°/0 06	11 <sup>65</sup> p. m. O <sup>10</sup> a. m.	n N	0	650	:			n			,,			**	Y 330 Y 330	65 65	30 30
40		155 a. m.			650	,	"		* 1				"		ts	Y 330	65	30
187.oc	"/a 0€	215 a. m. 700 p. m.	48025	9°08'	163, 181	*	Clauda	*						11		Y 330 Y 330	25 100	30 30
		7- p. m.	7		# #	s. st.	Cloudy	NE	4	NE	4	16°2	17°30	19.64	35.48	Y 330	100	60
188.00	% OG	1119 p. 10.	48019	8°52"	490							"		At	*	P 100 Y 330	Surf. 65	5 30
	77	III n. m.			130	8. st.	Cloudy	NE	1	NE	4	16°7	17072	19.71	35.61	Y 330	65	30
	101,06	1155 p. m. 110 a. m.			490					,,					n	Y 330 P 100	65	30
189.06	10/006	11045 a. m.	47922	7°55	3500	:	Clear	ENE	*						"	Y 330	Surf. 300	5 30
:		10 <sup>20</sup> a. m. 0 <sup>20</sup> p. m.	1.				in .	"	4	E	4	20°5	19°30	19.79	35.75	Y 330	600	GO
		2** p. m.			:	:				*		'n	"	"		P 100 Y 330	Surf. 1800	5 60
190.66	11/6-06	043 a.m.	46°30		> 4000	*	Clear	E	4	Ě	4	20°5	10000		**	Y 330	300	60
	N	300 a. m.				:	"					20-5	18°82	19.73	35.64	Y 330 P 100	65	120
*	•	825 a. m. 015 p. m.						1:	:	*						Y 330	Surf. 300	120
		129 p. m.	1:									9				Y 330	2700	150
191.06	11 to 06			6°17′	> 3000		Misty	Š	2	**			.,	",	"	Y 330 Y 330	25 300	60 15
199 ne	11,06	8 <sup>10</sup> p. m 10 <sup>25</sup> p. m	47914	6°05			Clear		2	SE	2	19°5	20°33		35.69	Y 330 P 100	65	60
		1109 p. m						S									Surf.	

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Sta- tion	Date	Hour	Posi	tion	Depth	e of		Win	d	Sca		Temperature		Surface		i i	Wire	Dura-
Nr.			Lat. N.	Long.	Meters	Nature of bottom	Weather			Direction 0 12			Sur-	Cl %	S ºloo	Air	Meters	haul in min- utes
93.00	12/n O6	145 a. m.	47°13′	W. 6°01'	950, 210	ın.	Misty	SSW		^			Many eres	Res Villa			-	-
"	11	150 a. m.		0 01	200, 210	ш,	Diisty	2211	3	S	3	19°5	18°5	19.69	35.57	Y 330		60
94.00	19/2 06	715 a. m.	47042	5°30'	130	m.	Misty	Š	:	"			1		**	P 100		. 5
#		7º0 a. m.		" "	100		Misty	8	4	S	3	1805	17°50	19.57	35.35			60
	1310 06	1030 p. m.	480201	5°42'	170	sL.	Clear	NNW				te				P 100		ō
		1050 p. m.		0 12	110		Glear	NNW	1	NW	4	15°2	14°61	19.60	35.41	P 100	Surf.	5
-		1140 p. m.				"					**			*		Y 330	65	GO
2.1	14/0 OG	050 a. m.			"				10	"				"		Y 330		60
96.00	14/006	100 p.m.	49024	3°21′	76		· "	****				AT .				Y 330	25	30
- 1		110 p. m.	45 24	0-21	10	st.	Cloudy	W by S	6 1	w	7 ,	18°5	16072	19.47	35.17	Y 330	65	60
"	"	010 p. III.									"				н	P 100	Surf.	5
		210 p. m.		"								24				Y 200	65	30
	п	24 p. m.	tr	*												Y 200 i	120	30 30
*	"	325 p. m.	10													Y 200	25	30

## 3. Supplementary stations of various other vessels.

## a. Mediterranean.

					Straits o	f Me	ssina. —	Capt. (	3. Han	sen of	the "I	Chor'	·.						
278	$^{22}l_{2}$ 11	100 p. m.	38°11.5′	16°37.5	(230)	g.		S	4	s	2	-	14°0			\$ 100	15	120	
279	25/2 11	700 p. m.	38011.5	15°36.6	(350)	ly .	"	N	4	N	2		13°75	b		S 100	30 15	120 120	
280	<sup>116</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 11	5º0 p. m.	38°11'	15°36.5				NIL	5	NW	3	0	1308		. "	S 100 S 100			
281	1/2 11	3" p m.		15°37.5		5.		NNW	3	NNW	0 .		13°8 13°8			\$ 100	30 10	120	
19.	re	455 p. m.		15°36.5		g.				"	2	*	13°7		. "	\$ 100	40	120	
11		610 p. m.		n									13°7	Ħ		S 100	40	120	
1120		750 p. m.	200101	15°37'	(000)			ssw	3	SSW	2		1308			S 100	40	90	
282	F/3 11	5º0 p. m-			(200)	"		30 W			1 1		13°6	,		\$ 100	40	90	
	**	715 p. m. 900 p. m.	re .					:	2	"	ı"		13°5			S 100	40	90	
	"		"						ī	- 2	2		13°5			S 100	40	180	
"	01 11	10 <sup>12</sup> p. m. 200 a. m.		"					2.1		ti I (i	-	13°5	Ü		S 100	-10	90	
002	9/3 11		"	•		,		W	3	w	2		1307			S 100	40	180	
283	12/5 11	630 p. m.	38°12'	15°37.5		S.		w	2	W	1		1307	u		S 100	40	180	
004	141 11	915 p. m.	00-12					S	3	S	3	*	13%	to		S 100	40	180	
284	14/3 11	600 p. m.		"					4		4		13°5			S 100	40	180	
**	156 33	915 p. m.	00010 5	15024 5		m.		S	5	0	0 i		13°3	*		S 100	40	90	
"	15/3 11		38°10.5′	15030					1 1	3711			13°6		1	S 100	40	120	
285	16/3/11	600 p. m.	38°15.5	15°39.5	(20—150)	r.	"	NE	2-3	NE	2	•	15-6	*		S 100	40	150	
		900 p. m.				**			*	4.				,		1	_		
			38°15.5	15°39.5	(20-200)	S.		0	0	0	0			11		S 100	30	180	
"	"	010 a. m.	20 11.0	15°35.5	(20 200)	g.		STATES		NNE	2	-	· 13°8			S 100	40	180	
286	18/011	6s p. m.	38°12'	15°35.5		r.		NNE	3	-	- 1	- 1	1306	n		S 100	40	180	
		1000 p. m.	38°12.5′	15°34.5	2060	s.		ö	Ö	ő	Ü		13°6			S 100	30	90	
	12/3 11	lon p. in-	38°10.5	15°34.5	10-60	m.	*	U	0	-				**		S 100	30	90	
		230 a. m.		ie.		**		SSW	2	SSW	1		. 13°8	-		S 100	40	90	
287	26/211	746 p. m.	38°12′	15°34.5		s, r.		11 50	ī	0	Ô		13°8			S 100	20	90	
*	*	930 p. m.	*	W		r.		ő	0	o o	ŏ	r	1307	10		S 100	40	90	
*	"	1145 p. m.				m.	:	ő	0	0	0		13°7			S 100	20	90	
	26/5 11	150 a. m.		*							4		13°9			S 100	40	90	
288	30/8 11	700 p. m	38°10.1	15°34'		S.		SW.	3	SW	2								
2.0	18 7.1	, 4 ·· p. m.	38°11.5	15°31.5	7	r.			2		1		13°9	-		S 100	40	120	
*		845 p. m.	38°12.6	. "		m.			1		1		13°9	•		S 100	25	(0)	
	*	1100 p. in.	38°10.6	" "				0	0	0	0		13°9			S 100	10 40	90 90	
	31/3 11	130 a. m.	000751	15°39.5		r.		N	2	N	1		1400	n		S 100 S 100	25	90	
289	4/4 11	725 p. m.	38°15'						1 1		1	Tr.	14°0	"					
		910 p. m.	DODAE E	15020 5		s.							1400			\$100	10	150	
		165 n. m.	35015.5	15°39.5	tr.	r.				-									
		. p	36-14.0	10 00															
							S "Paug	an" Ca	nt J	F. Gahe									
						3	S "Paug	ан, са	pr. 0.						0.00	0.000	0.1	30	
			4		- 1000		Cloudy	W.	1 7	11.	6		14°5	*	36.00	\$ 200	91 94	30	
274	3/4 11	445 p. m.		14°20'	> 1000	H	Gloudy	W	8	11.	. 8	*	140	TP.		S 200	132	36	
275		850 p. m.	39005	14°50'	>1000		Clear	SSE	2	wsw	3		14°6	H		S 200 S 200	132	35	
276		1120 p. m.	36°30'	19020	> 3000		, calcula	0	0	0	0	*	15°5	•		\$ 200	28	30	
277		1100 p. m.		27°30′	> 3000 > 2000		Overcast	NW	3	NW	3		2297	M	28 (1)	\$ 200	28	30	
296	25/a 11			29°50"	> 2000		Clear	NNW	2	NNW	2		22°4	•	ac.01	3 -00			
297	**	1130 p. m.	33°10	25°03′	- 2000		1	t .											

298 339 340 341 384 385 410	Date  20/6 11 20/8 11 20/8 11 20/8 11	Hour 1150 p. m. 300 a. m.	Position Lat. Long.	Depth Meters	Weather		Wind		Sea ·		Surface	Gear	out	hauli
339 340 341 384 385	20/s 11 20/s 11	1150 p. m. 300 a. m.	E,			Direction Force 0-12 0-12				Surface	S ºloo		Meters	min- utes
341 384 386	*		34°20′ 21°10′ 40°30′ 3°10′	> 2000	:	N ENE	2 3	N ENE	3	22°5 26°7	38.82	\$200 \$200 \$150	38 28 90	30 30 30
384 385	27/8 11	900 p. m.	35°50' 21°30'	> 2000	:	Ö	0	ő	0	27°5	38.80	\$200 \$150	28 108	30 30
386		1100 p. m.	34°00' 26°20'	> 2000		w	2	w	2	26°3	39.29	\$200 \$150	28 108	30
410	7h: 11 9h: 11	8 <sup>30</sup> p. m. 8 <sup>50</sup> p m.	32°50′ 27°10′ 35°10′ 18°10′	>3000	Squally Clear	0 //.	2 0	W 0	0	18°5 16°7	39.00 38.91	S150 S150	130 130	30 30
	11 e11	700 p. m.	37912 1918	> 1000		0	0	0	0		37.30	S150	112	30
411 412	6/1 12 7/1 12	418 a.m. 680 p.m	40°00' 13°12' 34°33' 24°15'	$> 2000 \\ > 2000$	:	· WE	1 7	NNE W	7	:	37,97 38,84	\$150 \$150	112 112	30 30
				E.	of 30° Lo			)° Lat. N.						
				Н. М	4. S. "In	zolf". Ca	ınt. C	arstense	n.					
264	19/5 11	700 p. m.	38°14′ 24°35′	> 3200		NXW	5	NNW	5	15°6	36.18	S 150	25	30
265	20/211	7∞ p. m.	39°22′ 22°49′	> 5400	19	Ň	5	, N	5	1407	36.09	S100 S150	47 25	30
266	23/a 11	700 p. m.	40°47' 21°10'	> 4300		N.W.	3	NW	3	1402	35 95	S100 S150	17 25	30 30
267	**/s 11	700 p. m.	42°37' 18°06'	> 4500		sw	3	sir.	3	1205	35.68	S100 S150	47 25	30 30
268	14 Ja 11	430 a. m.	45°44' 13°20'	> 1500		WNW	3	WNW	3	1106	35.64	S100 S150	47 25	30 30
269	24/3 11	700 p. ni.	46°44′ 11°20′	> 4700	:	ř.	1	Ë	1	11°5	35.61	\$100 \$150	47 25	30 30
				"		"	4		1	*	"	S100	47	30
				S	S "St. C	roix". C	ant. F	E. Kall						
270	19/2 11	10°5 p. m.	47°01′ 19°03′	> 4200	Rain		-	817	6	12°1	35.69	S 150	116	33
			Seh	ooner "	Agent P	etersen''	, Cap	t. J. Fre	derik	sen.				
305 :	24/a 11	200 p. m.   000 a. m.	145954' 96949'	~ 2.100		NE NE	1	NE	1 3		35.51	S100	44	150
307	24/e 11	600 a.m.	45°50' 26°30' 45°32' 25°50'	> 2400		X	1	NE NE	2 2	,	35.88	S100 S100	48 57	60 360
			Sc	hooner '	'Caroline	Kock"	Cant	H Pon						
309	612 11	550 p. m.	38°06′ 18°24′	> 4700		S	1	i. II. Itas	Inrge		1			
310 311	7/2 11 9/2 11	7 <sup>50</sup> p. m. 4 <sup>60</sup> p. m.	37°50' 18°50' 37°08' 15°50'	> 2100		SSE	1		swell	"	36.11 36.09	S100 S100	38 38	GO
317 318	6 11 6 11	1:0 p. m.	48°10′ 26°20′ 48°15′ 25°30′	> 1500	:	W.	2 2	w	swell		36.11 35.57	S100	38	60
319 320	5/o 11	200 a m	48°15' 25°15'	> 3500 > 3500	"	S	1	W	swell	N	35.46	S100 S100	48 48	30 45
321	% 11 % 11	5° p. m. 5° p. m.	47°10' 23°00' 47°20' 22°30'	> 3500		SSW	2 2	E	3		35.59	S100 S100	38 48	90 60
322 323	11/c 11 11/c 11	2 <sup>55</sup> p. m. 3 <sup>65</sup> a. m.	47°30' 16°49'	> 1200 > 4200		N.M.	1 3	NW NW	swell 3		35.66 35.57	S100 S100	48 48	30 50
324	11/6 11	800 a. m.	47°35′ 16°35′	> 1200		W	2 2	NW	swell	:	35.55 35.66	S100 S100	48 38	150 120
F				SiS	"St. Jan	", Capt.	K. Jr	geniann						
325 326	7/0 11 6/4 11	2 <sup>60</sup> p. m. 3 <sup>50</sup> a. m.	37°48' 25°25' 36°36' 29°00'	> 350 > 3000		1 N	1 5	NE	5	19°5		S 200	6-	,
331	201, 11	800 p. in.	11 11	> 3500		N	2	N "	2	20°5	36.35	S200	35 35	35 40
•			* *	3000	"	ENE	2	ENE	3	22°6	36.33	\$200 \$200 \$200	17 35 17	30 30

Sta-	D. I.		Position	Depth	Win	d	Sen		Temper-	Surface	Gear	Wire	Dura- tion o
Nr.	Date	Hour	Lat. Long. N. W.	Meters	Direction 0—12	Force 0—12	Direction 0-12	Force 0-12	ature Surface	Solno		out Meters	haul Ir min- utes
			Si	S "St. T	homas",	Capt.	Berg.	-			-	10100	-
332	۳۱, 11	1120 n. m.	45°35′ 24°40′	> 2500	wsw	2	wsw	2	1800	35.68	S200	21	20
333	₽f7 11	9 <sup>90</sup> p. m.	44°50′ 26°45′	> 2100	sw	4	SWbyW	5	17°5	35.86	S100 S200	28 16	20 30
338	18/e 11	815 p. m.	45°40' 21°45'	>3500	Ë	3	M			,,	S100	30	30
*		p. m.	10 10 21 13	) 330K)	E a		NE by E	3	18°5	35.11	S200 S100	16 30	25 25
			S	Schooner	"Anne"	, Cap	t. P. Mik	kelser	١.				
358	1/4 11	130 a, m.	32°50′ 10°40′	> 3300	SW	1	NW.	3	16°0	36.38	8100	38	90
359 360	1/4 11 2/4 11	12° p. m. 6° a. m.	33°10′ 10°50′ 33°00′ 10°34′	> 3500	SW	1	NW W	3	16°5 16°5	36.40 36.44	S100 S100	48	210 60
$\frac{361}{362}$	5/4 11 5/4 11	3°0 a.m. 4°0 p.m.	31°05′ 16°40′ 31°03′ 16°43′	> 4500 > 4500	N	1	NNW	3	17°5		S100	38	90 120
363	5/4 11	650 p.m.	31°02′ 16°45′	> 1500	NW	1 2	NNW	3		36.74	S100 S100	?	30
361	°/4 11	600 a. m.	30°25′ 17°00′	> 4000	N	1	N	1	18°5	36.65	S100	48	60
				S/S "F	'lorida'',	Capt.	H. Ander	rsen.					
375	21/7 11	340 a. m.	40°11' 12°11'	> 3500	NW	1	Z.M.	l	19°5	:15.97	S200 S100	15 30	30
376	22/7 11	810 a.m.	34°41' 16°14'	> 3500	NE	2	, X	2	22°3	36.33	S200	15	30
377	23]: 11	805 p. m.	31°23' 18°08'	> 4300	Ö	Ö	Ň	2	2100	36.74	S 100 S 200	30 15	30 30
11						**	N.M.	3	2100	36.33	S100 S100	30	30 30
382 383	22/10 11 22/10 11	6º5 p. m. 6º5 p. m.	34°21′ 16°24′ 37°16′ 14°09′	>1100 >3500	NE	2 2	NNW	3	19°0	36.27	\$ 100	30	30
				H. M. S	. "Ingolf	", Caj	pt. H. Ro	rbye.					
398	25/19 11	1240 a. m.	36°48′ 14°22′		NW by W	1 2	NW by W	2	19°3	36.29	\$200	Surf. 56	30 30
**	re	010	34°23′ 15°31′	> 2600	Ö				20°6	36.45	S 150 S 200	Surf.	30
399	20/10 11	910 p.m.					Ĕ	3	21°3	36.76	S150 S200	50 Surf.	30 30
400	30/10 11	925 p. 1n.	32°10′ 17°20′	> 4500	ENE	3					S150	56	30
401	7/11/11	1230 a.m.	30°20' 19°05'	>4700	ENE	3	ENE	3	22°1	37.03	S 200 S 150	Surf. 56	30
*	. Tr			. "		. "							1
			S/S	"St. Jai	ı", Capt.	K. In	gemann.						
113	23/11 11	1 715 p.m.	38°06′ 25°37′	1 > 2500	WSW	4	W	1:	1800	36.08	S200 S200	17 35	30
6		1 1	ė2 II	) "	"	1 0	[ "					6.2	

## I. Foreword.

The present volume contains the first report on the results of the Danish oceanographical Expeditions to the Mediterranean in the years 1908—1910. These Expeditions were not independent and isolated undertakings, they grew out of and were in every respect a direct continuation of the oceanographical investigations, which my colleagues and I had been carrying out in the North Atlantic Ocean since the year 1903 and the results of which are mainly to be found in the publications of "Kommissionen for Havundersogelser" of Copenhagen. During this work we paid equal attention to the biological and hydrographical conditions in the sea and year by year it became impressed on me, how the former were dependent on and determined by the latter. For one single group of animals we had endeavoured to ascertain the precise relation of dependence and our investigations over a wide area, which even then reached from the Polar Circle north of Iceland to Spain, had shown to how great an extent the hydrographical factors of temperature and salinity have a determinative influence on the distribution and spawning regions of the different species.

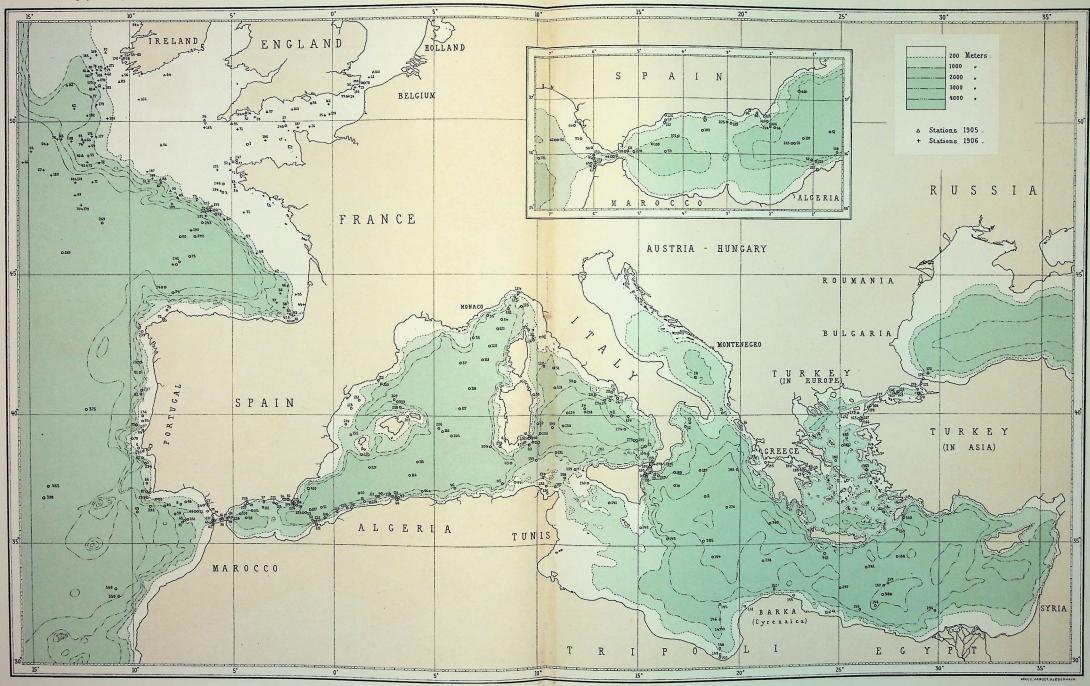
Our work on these problems in the North Atlantic during the years 1903—1907 led naturally to the desire, to find an occasion for widening and testing our results in waters which were essentially different from those we had previously investigated. For this purpose no sea near at hand seemed more suited or more inviting than the Mediterranean. Up to that time also the Mediterranean had scarcely been subjected to any thorough investigation of the kind projected and there was, further, the special desire on my part to make an investigation there in the winter time, in order to extend the investigation on the biology of the freshwater cel which I had made in the summers of 1905—1906 in the Atlantic Ocean west of Europe<sup>2</sup>. For such a winter investigation the Mediterranean seemed to me peculiarly well suited, partly because we could rely upon having hetter weather conditions there than in the open Atlantic and more especially, because we find there in the Straits of Messina the places, made classic by the Italian investigations of Professor Grassi, for the occurrence of the larvae of the eel and its supposed spawning grounds<sup>3</sup>.

With these aims in view I applied to the Directors of the Carlsberg Fund in the winter of 1907 and obtained the promise of pecuniary support for such a winter expedition in the Mediterranean. I first of all communicated with various companies in the Mediterranean towns with the object of hiring a steamer, but very soon gave up this plan, as I found a much better way than to use a hired vessel which was not built or arranged for such work. A vessel suited in every respect to the purpose lay already to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Johs. Schmidt: The Distribution of the Pelagic Fry and the Spawning Regions of the Gadolds in the North Atlantic from Iceland to Spain. (Rapports et Proces-Verbaux du Conseil International pour l'Exploration de la mer, Vol. X, No. 4, Copenhague 1909).

JOHS, SCHMIDT: Contribution to the Life-History of the Eel (Anguilla vulgaris Turt.). Rapports et Proces-Verbaux du Conseil International, Vol. V, No. 4, Copenhague 1906 and id: Remarks on the Metamorphosis and Distribution of the Larvae of the Eel (Anguilla vulgaris Turt.). (Meddelelser fra Kommissionen for Havundersogelser, Serie Fisheri. Bind III, No. 3, Copenhagen 1909).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Grassi e Calandruccio: Riproduzione e metamorfosi delle Anguille, (Giornale Italiano di Pesca ed Acquicoltora, No. 7-8, Rome 1897).



STATIONS OF THE "THOR" IN 1908—1910 and supplementary stations.